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Joint Defence Council Meets To-day

Mountbatten And Baldev Singh To Fly To Lahore

LAHORE, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): A meeting of the Joint Defence Council will be held at Lahore on Saturday at 10 a.m.

His Excellency Lord Louis Mountbatten, independent chairman of the Joint Defence Council, is expected to arrive in Lahore at 9-30 in the morning. The Supreme Commander Field-Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck will arrive at about the same time.

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Mr. Mohd. Ali, Secretary General and Lt.-Col. Sikandar Mirza, Defence Secretary will represent Pakistan.

DELHI REPORT

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31, (API): At the meeting of the Joint Defence Council to be held in Lahore tomorrow, it is authoritatively learnt here that the Government of India will be represented by the Defence Minister Sardar Baldev Singh and the Minister Without Portfolio Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar. The Prime Minister will not be going to Lahore.

Governor-General Lord Mountbatten will preside over the meeting.

AZAD KASHMIR GOVT. TROOPS IN SRINAGAR?

PALUNDARI, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): The Azad Kashmir troops are in the suburbs of Srinagar and are consolidating their positions and digging in for the main battle of the capital, says a Communique issued by the Azad Kashmir Government here tonight.

More Strafing By R.I.A.F. Planes

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

Fighter aircraft of the R.I.A.F. made a second attack "with very good results" strafing a number of motor transports of the raiders in the Baramul-Srinagar road yesterday, according to information received here.

Otherwise there has been no change in the military situation and Indian troops have dug in shortly on the Pattan Ridge. The situation is reported to be "under control" and the largest weight of any one day's airlift of personnel and equipment was flown yesterday from Delhi to Srinagar.

Aerial reconnaissance continued to be made and a number of patrol parties went out yesterday.

25 P. C. CUT IN PETROL RATION

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

The Government of India is cutting down petrol ration say by 25 percent. The cut is to universal in application and has been necessitated by the Kashmir incident.

The cut will come into operation fith immediate effect. Side by side Government of India have under examination the question of extending the storage capacity of petrol in this country. Another examination now being undertaken relates to petrol substitutes.

SHEIKH ABDULLAH SWORN IN

SRINAGAR, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): Sheikh Abdullah was sworn in this evening here as Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir.

BHUTTO LEAVES FOR KARACHI

Junagadh Provisional Govt. Captures Three More Villages

RAJKOT, Oct. 31 (UPI): Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, the Dewan of Junagadh, left for Karachi, according to an unconfirmed report from Junagadh.

The report states that the Dewan handed over charge of his office to Mr. Naqui, Commissioner of Police of the State. The Jamiat, the report adds the communal organisation of the State Muslims, has proclaimed Prince Himayat Khan as the Nawab following the departure of the Nawab from Junagadh to Karachi.

Latest reports from Junagadh indicate that three more villages have been captured by the advancing army of the Provisional Government of Junagadh. The Havildars of the villages were also arrested during the campaign.

"We had to resort to the sword not because our faith in the efficacy of non-violence has been shaken in the least but because that is the only way to reply to Mr. Jinnah".

Thus observed Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, Head of the Provisional Government of Junagadh, addressing a mass meeting here last night.

LEAGUER RESIGNS

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 31.

Sir Mehbub Kadri, prominent Leaguer and representative of Junagadh State it is learnt, has resigned his post owing to old age and some difference of opinion on the Junagadh issue. He is coming back to Ahmedabad where he was formerly a Municipal Councillor.

Kashmir Premier's Reply To Pakistan's Charges

NEW DELHI, October 31 (API):—Mr. Meharchand Mahajan, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir has issued the following statement:—

The Pakistan Government's press note issued from Karachi has contradicted certain statements contained in my statement issued to the press detailing the circumstances that led to the immediate accession of Jammu and Kashmir to the Indian Dominion.

I have no intention to enter into any controversy with that Government over the details and assertions contained in the press note as it would not lead to any useful purpose. It is, however necessary to correct certain glaring mis-statements contained in that note

NEVER DECLINED INTERVIEW

It is wholly wrong to say that I declined to interview the envoy of the Pakistan Government sent to Srinagar. Major Shah, who is closely related to Chief Justice Sir Abdul Rashid, was the envoy. He discussed the matter with my predecessor, Gen. Janak Singh and with the Deputy

(Continued on Page 7)

Baby Born In Air

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31, (U.P.I.): News has been received here of a baby being born to a refugee in an aeroplane flying at an altitude of 6,000 feet from Multan to Ambala yesterday. The crew placed rugs and pillows on the floor of the aircraft to make the mother more comfortable. The mother and the baby are well after landing.

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On Monday last, Lady Colville visited the Sewing Section of the Indian Red Cross Society in the city and saw members knitting and mending garments for refugees. With her are seen Lady Duggen, President of the Committee, Captain N. J. Vandar, (Secretary), Mrs. Gulestan R. Billimoria and others.

U.S. WANTS BRITAIN TO QUIT PALESTINE

Time Limit Of Six Months Suggested In Partition Sub-Committee

LAKE SUCCESS, New York, Oct. 31. (Reuter): The United States is understood to have asked Britain to leave Palestine within six months.

This was learned tonight from reliable sources during the sitting of the Partition Sub-Committee at which Mr. Herschel Johnson, the United States Representative, made the United States position clear.

SECURITY FORCES

The United States is also understood to have proposed that both Arab and Jewish States under the partition plan set up their own security forces immediately to keep law and order during the 6 months' transition period.

The top secret Sub-Committee meeting went on all morning with guards around the door.

Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, British Colonial Secretary, was present as an observer.

The Russians were understood to be pressing for the interim administration of Palestine to be under the jurisdiction of the United Nations Security Council, but the United States was said to be holding out for giving this authority to the General Assembly.

Britain has already announced her intention of leaving Palestine in the "near future".

Partition On July 1, 1948

LAKE SUCCESS, New York Oct. 31. (Reuter): The United States today proposed that partition in Palestine, with separate Jewish and Arab States, should come into existence on July 1, 1948.

This was revealed by Mr. Herschel Johnson, United States representative, at a Press Conference after a meeting behind closed doors of the United Nations Partition Sub-Committee.

Other points proposed by the United States, Mr. Johnson said, were:

(1) The General Assembly of the United Nations to appoint a three-man Commission to supervise the transition period between now and July;

(2) British forces in Palestine to be responsible for maintaining law and order in the interim;

(3) Both Jews and Arabs to be given the opportunity in the interim period to form "shadow Governments" with power to recruit and arm their own security forces,

(4) The original American proposal for a volunteer force to maintain order is abandoned;

(5) There is no indication at present whether the British Government is prepared to accept the United States proposal;

(6) The proposed United Nations Commission to be under the jurisdiction of the General Assembly.

Arabs' Protest

JERUSALEM, Oct. 31 (Reuter): Arabs throughout Palestine will stop work for two hours on Sunday as a protest to mark the thirtieth anniversary of the Balfour Declaration of British support for a Jewish national home in Palestine.

PAKISTAN'S "PEEPER"

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, (U.P.A.): Under the heading, "Pakistan Peeper', the "New York Post" reported from Lake Success that "Sir Zafrullah Khan of Pakistan is now a member of good standing of the newspapermen's corridor patrol. Yesterday, Sir Zafrullah tried to drop in on a closed meeting of the rival Partition Sub-Committee as he had done on Tuesday. Stopped by the guard armed with new orders, he sent in a note, then took his cue from reporters and gazed into forbidden territory through a peephole. After thirty minutes the reply came back. It was a polite 'No'. The bearded diplomat non-chalantly turned back and departed".

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

Previous Closing	32.74
Today's Opening	32.80
Difference	+6
Today's Closing	32.73
Difference	—1

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

Opening Prices:
Anaconda Copper Mining 33-3/4.
General Motors 58-3/4.
United States Steel Common 76-3/4.
Preference unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	460	12
Cotton Jarila March	464	0
Silver Bullion	157	0
Gold Forward	102	3
Sovereign	68	0

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE YOSHIDA FAILS

TOKIO, Oct. 31, (Reuter): Shigeru Yoshida, formerly Prime Minister of Japan and now leader of the Liberal Opposition Party, escaped an attempt to assassinate him on Wednesday, when an unknown assailant fired a pistol shot at his car.

The police authorities announced that Mr. Yoshida was not hurt, but his chauffeur received a head injury.

DISTRIBUTION OF MYSORE PORTFOLIOS

BANGALORE, October 31 (API):—The allocation of portfolios among the Ministers of Mysore has been announced.

The Dewan Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar will be in charge of PALACE, COURTS AND PLANNING.

The Chief Minister Mr. K. C. Reddy will hold the portfolios of FOOD, REVENUE and INFORMATION.

Mr. H. C. Dasappa, FINANCE, INDUSTRIES and COMMERCE.

Mr. K. T. Bhashyam, LAW and ORDER.

Mr. Siddiah, PUBLIC WORKS and AGRICULTURE.

Mr. T. Mariappa, HOME and COMMUNICATIONS.

Mr. R. Chennagiramiah, UPLIFT OF DEPRESSED CLASSES.

Mr. Mohd. Sheriff, HEALTH.

Mr. D. H. Chandrasekhariah, EDUCATION, and

Mr. Subbarama Sety, CAPITAL ISSUES and SERICULTURE.

The Food Minister, Mr. K. C. Reddy, will attend the Food Conference on Ministerial level to be held at Delhi on November 5.

Responsible Government Day will be celebrated throughout the Mysore State to-morrow, Saturday. The day has been declared a public holiday by the Government and an elaborate programme has been fixed.

KOLHAPUR PRAJA PARISHAD BATTLE PLAN

KOLHAPUR, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Kolhapur Praja Parishad met here last night to draft a resolution to be placed before the Central body of the Praja Parishad, which is meeting here on November 5.

The Working Committee, it is understood, have approved the resolution for starting a Satyagraha struggle.

The date for the commencement of the struggle, the form of Satyagraha and the appointment of dictators have also been decided upon, it is learnt.

The Working Committee, it is further learnt, have also given a directive that in case the central body is not able to meet consequent on the arrest of the leaders, the movement should start immediately.

Anglo-Irish Trade Pact

LONDON, Oct. 31, (Reuter): A new Anglo-Irish trade agreement will "almost certainly" be signed at No. 10 Downing Street on Monday, it was authoritatively learned here today.

India Govt. Will Take Firm Stand

Will Make No Further Concession To Hyderabad Delegation: Talks With New Envoys Will Begin Tomorrow

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

The Hyderabad Delegation is here today.

The Government of India, I am in a position to reveal, will take a firm stand with the delegation this time.

The Government of India will be prepared to sign the draft which the former Negotiation Committee took to Hyderabad from New Delhi before its dissolution. The Government of India, I am told, will make no further concession by agreeing to further amendments to his draft or by starting negotiation "de novo".

Indications are not wanting that with the militant attitude of Anjuman Ittead-ul-Mussalmen there is little hope of an agreed solution between the Government of India and the Nizam's Government.

NIZAM'S ENVOYS ARRIVE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (API): The Hyderabad Delegation led by Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung, Minister of Police and Information, and consisting of two other Ministers of Nizam's Government, Mr. Abdur Rahim and Mr. Pingale Venkatarama Reddi, arrived in New Delhi this afternoon to resume negotiations with the Indian Union.

The leader of the delegation, Moin Nawaz Jung met the Governor-General, Lord Mountbatten this evening.

The negotiations, it is understood, will begin on Sunday.

Several Injured in 'Lathi' Charge

HYDERABAD, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): Several persons were injured when police lathi-charged a procession of Hindu Sabha demonstrators today led by Mr. Viswanath Rao Joshi, President of the Hyderabad State Hindu Sabha in violation of the existing orders requiring previous permission of the authorities for taking out processions.

It is stated that the procession was taken out with the object of proceeding to Nizam's Palace in order to place before him the principal demands of the Hindu Sabha namely that Hyderabad should join the Indian Union and that Responsible Government should be granted immediately.

There was considerable communal tension and several cases of communal assaults and minor clashes were reported in the vicinity of Sundar Bhavan, Troop Bazar and Siddiambar Bazar.

A police motor cycle was reported to have been set fire to and partially burnt.

A students' hostel near Abide Road is reported to have been raided by members of one community and the students of the other community were reported to have assaulted, furniture damaged and window panes broken. Stone throwing was also reported in the affected areas.

Earlier Mr. Kasim Razvi, President of the Majlis Ittehad-Ul-Muslimin, is reported to have approached the Hindu Sabha authorities and appealed to them not take out the procession in view of the strained relations between the communities and the possibility of grave consequences. Mr. Razvi is reported to have told the Sabha leaders that they should meet together and put point demands before the Government. The Hindu Sabha President is understood to have declared his willingness to co-operate and pleaded that the procession could not be cancelled.

LATE NEWS

TSALDARIS IN LONDON

LONDON, Oct. 31, (UPA): Constantine Tsaldaris, Greece's travelling statesman, arrived here today from New York to hold discussions with the British Foreign Office. Diplomatic circles speculated that he came here to seek Italian cooperation in formulating a Mediterranean bloc.

KARACHI, Oct. 31, (API): The postmaster, Karachi, has been reverted to a lower grade for negligence resulting in serious delays in the delivery of mails in Karachi.

MIKOLAJCZYK IN LONDON

The Daily Worker claimed today that Mikolajczyk left Warsaw on Caturday aboard a British military plane and arrived in London Sunday noon. The information was attributed to "diplomatic sources".

TRIAL OF JULIU MANIU

BUCHAREST, Oct. 31, (UPA): Juliu Maniu, the Opposition leader on trial for treason, took the stand today to deny that he planned to overthrow the Rumanian Government by force.

"It was not my intention to overthrow the Groza Government by violence," the aged peasant leader declared in a calm voice. "I wanted to use only legal means," he added.

FILM BANNED ENTRY INTO CANADA

OTTAWA, Oct. 31, (UPA): A film based on Ben Hecht's play "A Flag is Born" depicting the current struggles in Palestine has been prohibited entry into Canada.

RUMANIAN EX-MINISTERS ESCAPE TO U. S.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31, (UPA): Grigori Nicolesu Duzesti and Constantin Visoianu, former Rumanian Cabinet Ministers who arrived aboard the Queen Elizabeth denied that the United States helped them to escape from Rumania.

DUTCH DEFENSE OF INDONESIAN POLICY

FLUSHING Oct. 31, (UPA): Netherland's van Kleffens rejecting the Soviet and Australian resolutions on the withdrawal of troops from Indonesia, supported today the American resolution repeating the "Cease-fire order" but suggested a series of changes that would in effect charge the motion to appeal to the Republicans to cease violence.

WRECKAGE OF MISSING PLANE

SEATTLE, Oct. 31, (UPA): Pan-American Airways officials reported today that the wreckage of a DC-4 plane missing since last Sunday with 18 persons aboard had been sighted 6-3/4 miles east of Annette Island, a field near Alaska.

LONDON, Oct. 31, (Reuter): An official statement issued here tonight on the talks between the British Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin and the Italian Foreign Minister Count Carlo Sforza announced that a new Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the two Governments should be negotiated.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31, (U. P. I.): The Government of India are considering proposals for the establishment of a strong second line defence army on the model of Home Guards in Britain learns the United Press of India representative.

U. N. BATTLE OVER S. W. AFRICA

FLUSHING MEADOWS, Oct. 31, (Reuter): With the full support of the United States, Denmark will reintroduce its Trusteeship Committee resolution on South-West Africa, India has prefered to to keep her own resolution intact.

It was not likely that the South-West African debate will begin again until tomorrow.

EARLY GEN. ELECTION FOR IRELAND

DUBLIN, Eire, Oct. 31, (Reuter): Prime Minister Eamon De Valera announced tonight that he would seek dissolution of the Dail (Parliament) and that a general election would be held early next year.

AMARNATH 228 UNBEATEN

See Page 2

AUTUMN Styles

Bata
THE MOST POPULAR FOOTWEAR

Amarnath Unbeaten With 228

INDIA ALL OUT FOR 403: GREAT STAND BY C. S.

Victoria Score 208 For 6 After Losing 3 For 11

BY DULEEPSINHJI, Reuter's Special Correspondent

MELBOURNE, October 31.—Amarnath's grand innings helped India to build up a good score and he played all round the wicket. Cover-strokes straight drives, hooks and strokes past short leg brought him the majority of his runs.

He is at home on the Australian wickets which are so much like those at Patiala, his home ground.

Nayudu today was steadier than yesterday and completed a valuable 58 to give Amarnath much needed support.

India's thanks are due to Amarnath but at present there are too many batting failures for the tourists to feel really comfortable.

Victoria's bowling was steady and their fielding good but they opened their innings almost as sensationally as had the tourists with three wickets down for eleven runs. The wicket was playing easy and it is impossible to understand these early failures in both innings.

The Play....

The weather was rather wintry but the sun peeped through the grey clouds as Amarnath and Nayudu resumed the Indians' first innings against Victoria here today on a hard and true wicket. There were prospects of a fine day later with clear skies.

Loxton, fast medium, and Ian Johnson, off spinner, opened the attack with six overs to bowl before the new ball could be claimed.

Amarnath continued where he left off yesterday by making two twos in Loxton's first over with a hook and an on drive.

Nayudu began with four singles with glances and late cuts, but in the next over from Ian Johnson he anticipated the turn and swept him to leg.

The heaviness of the outfield was indicated when Amarnath penetrated the covers off Ian Johnson but the ball failed to reach the fence. Ian Johnson's off spinners were aided by a fairly stiff cross-breeze but this did not appear to worry the batsmen.

Hasset requisitioned the third new ball of the innings at 296 for Johnston and Freer.

Amarnath square cut Johnston's second ball for three and Nayudu played the remainder of the over safely with a straight bat.

Amarnath hooked Freer for two to send up the 300 in five hours, and a similar stroke from Nayudu yielded three. He followed this with a late cut off Johnston to reach his 30.

The first four of the morning was a brilliant cover drive by Amarnath off Freer.

The pair added 30 without any trouble in the first half hour this morning and the partnership reached 100 in 80 minutes when Amarnath hooked a shoulder-high delivery from Johnston for four.

Another flashing cover-drive to the boundary off Freer brought Amarnath to 190. The crowd roared as Hassett stopped the Indian Captain's terrific off drive from Johnston partly on the shin which made him limp.

AMARNATH REACHES 200

At 329 Ring took over from Freer and at once Amarnath on-drove him for four which were all run.

Ian Johnson replaced Johnston and the Indians had survived another new ball period.

Nayudu's best stroke of the innings was a straight drive for four to which he stepped out to Ring and illustrated the batsmen's complete command of the game.

Forcing a single off Ian Johnson on the on side Amarnath reached a chanceless 200 which included ten fours in five and a quarter hours. The applause for his magnificent inning lasted for nearly a minute.

The 350 went up in the next over and Amarnath at this stage changed his bat.

Nayudu reached his 50 with a glorious six off Ian Johnson after having batted 110 minutes.

Nayudu's courageous innings ended at 372 when he stepped out to lift Rothergill to deep long off Neil Harvey held an easy catch.

Nayudu's 58 including three fours and one six, was scored in two hours and with Amarnath he helped to add 153 runs.

Rangachari then joined his captain and he was out leg-before from the second delivery he received from Ian Johnson.

Irani then came in and the third delivery he received from Ian Johnson he pulled for a four. Amarnath played the last over before lunch which was a maiden for Ian Johnson.

Lunch was taken with India 383 for nine, Amarnath being not out 216 and Irani not out 4.

END OF INDIA'S FIRST INNINGS

Amarnath tried to retain the strike after the interval but keen fielding compelled Irani to face a fair amount of the bowling of Fothergill and Ian Johnson.

The score crept slowly up mainly by singles. Ian Johnson posted a silly point and a silly mid-on to Irani who, however, was not tempted to make an error.

Amarnath straight drove Ian Johnson for two and sent up the 400 in 384 minutes.

The innings ended when Irani failed to make his ground when the pair run a quick single and Fothergill's throw in from cover hit the stumps. Irani batted half an hour during which time 27 runs were added.

Amarnath's 228 not out included ten fours and the innings of 403 lasted six and half hours.

Amarnath has made 466 runs in his last three innings being out only once. His innings is generally characterised as one of the greatest ever seen on the Melbourne ground.

Mervyn Harvey and Meuleman opened Victoria's innings against Rangachari and Amarnath and Harvey pulled Rangachari's second ball square for four.

Meuleman placed first delivery from Amarnath past the gully for three and it looked as if the rate of scoring was going to be fast.

Harvey however tried to cut Amarnath's seventh ball and was neatly caught by Hazare at first slip with the score at seven.

Hasett took a single on the last ball of the over but was soon out when he played at the second ball of Rangachari's next over and was beaten by an inswinger which took the middle and off stumps. Thus two wickets had fallen for eight runs.

GOOD CATCH BY IRANI

Over 10,000 people cheered the Indians' excellent start.

Amarnath's field included two slips and two on the leg side while Rangachari's field was somewhat similar but deeper and wider.

Rangachari made pace from the pitch and the first ball of his third over dismissed Meuleman who played forward and was splendidly caught high up on the right side of Irani.

The first three wickets fell for eleven runs in 20 minutes and India were certainly on top.

Rangachari who had the batsmen in trouble posted an additional slip when Neil Harvey, left hander, made his appearance.

In attempting to steal a single with a gentle stroke towards point, Neil Harvey very nearly ran out Loxton who responded to the call. Gul Mahomed's throw just missed the stumps giving the batsmen four overthrows.

Neil Harvey cautiously played a maiden over to Amarnath and the first 30 runs took 40 minutes.

Neil Harvey then straight drove Amarnath for four in his fifth over and hooked another four, two balls later.

Gul Mahomed was applauded for his sprightly fielding in the covers.

At 47 Amarnath made a double bowling change. Mankad and Amir Elahi coming on.

Loxton hooked Mankad for four to send up the 50 in 48 minutes and he then repeated the stroke off Elahi.

HARVEY AND LOXTON SETTLE DOWN

Neil Harvey pulled Amir Elahi for four and the pair added 50 in 35 minutes, Amir Elahi's first over cost him 14 runs.

At 72 Hazare replaced Mankad whose two overs had cost six runs.

Both batsmen appeared to be comfortable and inclined to be aggressive.

By the tea interval they had taken the score to 81, each having scored 36.

Mankad and Gul Mahomed took up the attack after tea.

Gul Mahomed's length was rather erratic and Neil Harvey hooked a short ball for three while Loxton pulled another short one for three and sent up the hundred in 83 minutes.

The batsmen continued to attack the bowling and Neil Harvey reached his 50 with a cover drive for two off Mankad's next over.

Gul Mahomed bowled only two overs before he was replaced at 106 by Sarwate whom Neil Harvey at once on drove for four.

Like India, Victoria started badly, losing three wickets for 11 runs. Thereafter the fourth wicket stand witnessed a rally, when Loxton and Neil Harvey took the score to 163, before they were separated. But half the Victoria side were out at 198, and another wicket fell four runs later. At close of play Victoria had scored 208 runs for six wickets.

INDIA (First Innings)

Mankad, c Baker, c Johnston	0
Sarwate, b Ian Johnson	32
Rangnekar, c Fothergill, b Johnston	0
Hazare, c Johnson, b Johnston	0
Amarnath, not out	228
Gul Mahomed, c Neil Harvey, b Ring	3
Kishenchand, c Baker, b Ian Johnson	17
Amir Elahi, c Neil Harvey, b Freer	46
Nayudu, c. Neil Harvey b. Fothergill	58
Rangachari l.b.w. b. Ian Johnson	0
Irani, run out	8
Extras	11
Total	403

FALL OF WICKETS:—1 for 0; 2 for 0; 3 for 0; 4 for 107; 5 for 120; 6 for 159; 7 for 219; 8 for 372; 9 for 376.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Johnston	22	2	56	3
Freer	20.7	2	89	1
Loxton	7	1	23	0
Ian Johnson	31	4	108	3
Ring	19	1	98	1
Fothergill	6	1	18	1

VICTORIA (First Innings)

Mervyn Harvey, c Hazare, B Amarnath	4
Meulman, c Irani, b Rangachari	4
Lindsay Hassett, b Ranchari	1
Loxton, c and b Mankad	77
Neil Harvey, c Amarnath, b Nayudu	87
Fothergill (not out)	33
Ian Johnson, b Mankad	0
Freer (not out)	1
Extras (leg-byes one)	1
Total (for 6 wickets)	208

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 7, 2 for 8, 3 for 11, 4 for 163, 5 for 198, 6 for 202.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Rangachari	8	0	42	2
Amarnath	5	1	17	1
Mankad	12	1	37	2
Amir Elahi	3	0	28	0
Gul Mahomed	2	0	13	0
Sarwate	4	0	25	0
Hazare	6	1	30	0
Nayudu	5	0	15	1

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Bombay's Unnamed Cricket Festival Next Month

BY J. C. MAITRA.

The Pentangular Cricket Committee have now selected four teams to play in the Festival which will be staged at the Brabourne Stadium from November 10. They have wisely dropped the names of the Presidents of the leading communal Gymkhanas for attachment to the respective teams as they did last year. Nobody would object to the teams being named after their Captains. In fact I had myself suggested it in these columns before. But my old friend, Mohanbhai Amersey, who is a die-hard Pentangularite, would like to give the sides a communal colour—where it does not exist at all—by foisting the skippers with a communal label on them. He is said to be trying still to persuade the Committee of which he happens to be the Chairman, to agree to his proposal.

ABSENCE OF ENTHUSIASM

I hope the Pentangular Committee would not change their mind. There is no sense in brushing the teams with communal tars. That is not likely to rouse any enthusiasm among the public, if the composition of the teams by themselves fail to do so. So far the Selections have fallen flat. I have not heard of any rush for the tickets anywhere. It may be that the present difficult situation in the country does not encourage people to witness such prolonged matches and festivals. Anyway those who love the game intensely will be there to see their favourites in action.

TERRITORIAL BASIS

It would have been far better if the Carnival was arranged on a territorial basis. My suggestion in these columns does not seem to have carried the weight with the authorities as it deserved. Now it is too late to mend. Still I repeat that a Quadrangular between Bombay, Maharashtra, Gujarat and Kathiawad would be exceedingly interesting. It is true that it is almost like the Inter-Provincial Tournament in parts. But if it is played through at one Centre, it has a greater chance of catching the imagination of the public. It may become popular by and by, if not at once. Therefore it is worth a trial.

ANOTHER SUGGESTION

I am sure it will attract many people if you put it in another way. Suppose you have a tournament between Maharashtrians, Gujaratis, Kathiawadis and Bombayites (which will include the rest). Some people may hold up their hands in horror at this. They may say it is another form of communalism. So it must be condemned and it must be nipped in the bud. I should, however, point out that it is not communal in the sense that it has no religious bias. It is provincialism which I do not consider as harmful and dangerous as religious fanaticism. The Pentangular Committee may well consider this aspect of the question carefully and decide.

RANGERS WIN SATIRANJAN SHIELD

The Soccer Season came to a close on Thursday evening when the final match in the Satiranjan Shield Tournament was staged at the St. Xavier's ground at Parel. In comparison with the previous years this competition did not attract the attention of the people of the North as it deserved. Various reasons were responsible for the delay in concluding the tournament. I hope that every effort will be made next year to hold it in good time.

The Rangers, who as the City Police had made a monopoly of this trophy during the three preceding years, followed it up with another success. The G. I. P. Railway who entered the final after beating the redoubtable Trades, failed to score, although they had plenty of opportunities to do so. They lost an even match by 2-0.

BRITAIN'S NO. 1 STAR SUSPENDED FROM COMPANY

LONDON, Oct. 30 (Reuter): J. Arthur Rank Organisation which has major control of the British motion picture industry to-day suspended the British star Miss Margaret Lockwood for refusing to play the leading role in the comedy "Roses For Her Pillow."

"Her decision breaks her contract which calls for two films a year so she has been suspended" an official spokesman of the Rank Organisation said this after a meeting of the Executive.

The production will go on with another star not yet chosen.

Sydney Box, the producer said "the role is a red-hot one specially designed to lift her out of routine of her recent films."

Miss Lockwood, twice voted as Britain's number one star commented "this is only the second time in my 11 years' career that I have refused to play a part. I did not think this part would do me any good as a star."

HE KEPT NO LIFE-JACKET FOR HIMSELF

Deck Serang Narrates How "Ramdas" Sank

BOMBAY, Friday.

Budhia Ditia, a deck serang on "Ramdas" and one of the survivors of the ill-fated ship giving evidence before the Marine Court of Inquiry today stated that though the ship was crowded and all the benches were occupied, there was sufficient room for him to walk along the main gate.

Witness said that on the day of the disaster he was on duty, supervising the crew. He was on the main deck when the ship passed the South Karanja buoy. It was here that the first swell struck the ship on the starboard side and flooded the deck. He immediately went over the bridge and informed the captain about it. The captain told the chief officer to go down and do the needful. Witness then came down on the deck with the chief officer. There were three sailors on the deck who all joined them. When the chief officer was taking them all round the main gate a second swell struck the ship. The passengers got panicky and began to shout and squeak. A little later the third swell struck the ship, which by now had begun to list. Soon it turned on to the port side.

In reply to a question witness stated that when the ship had capsized, the officer and the sailors, who were with him, had gone over to the saloon deck.

In reply to another question witness pointed out that at the end of the second swell he had pulled out the life jackets and thrown them out to the passengers. He had kept no life jacket for himself.

Witness further deposed that after the ship had capsized he had jumped into the sea and seized a raft on which two firemen, one Jamadar and four passengers were already clinging.

Cross-examined by Mr. I. S. Haji for the State of Janjira witness revealed that there was no passenger on the sheltered deck as it was closed then.

In answer to a further question he stated that before he went up the bridge to inform the captain about the first swell he had not seen the Chief Officer or any other officer on the main deck.

Mr. Naushir Patigara, counsel for the Dominion of India then tendered a table comprising of three enclosures, namely the wind data, rainfall and visibility as recorded at the Colaba Observatory between 1 a.m. on July 16 and 10 a.m. on July 17 last. This was admitted by the president.

This temporarily concluded the evidence on behalf of the Dominion of India. Mr. Vimadalal then led the evidence on behalf of the Indian Co-operative Steam Navigation and Trading Company Limited.

The first witness to be examined was Mr. Manharlal L. Sheth, the General Manager of the Company for the last seven years. He admitted that he had no practical knowledge of navigation or seamanship, and that his post was purely an administrative one. The company was an allied concern of and controlled by the Scindia Steam Navigation Company Limited. "Ramdas" was one of their ships which was purchased by the company as a new ship in 1936. Scindias had become the controlling agents of the company in 1937.

In reply to a question the witness stated that during fair season he would daily attend the ferry wharf at about 9 a.m. and during the monsoon occasionally at about 7 a.m. The company owned three ships and four launches. At Rewas the company had an agent and an assistant agent with ten hamals and thirteen khalasis.

The Manager further revealed that "Ramdas" had a carrying capacity of 696 passengers in the deep sea and of 1,052 passengers in the Bombay harbour.

Further hearing will be resumed on Saturday.

Death Of Mrs. Kusum Desai

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, October 31

Mrs. Kusum Desai, wife of Dr. D. M. Desai, the well-known dental surgeon and second daughter of Sir Chimanlal and Lady Setalvad died at her residence at Juhu yesterday evening following an operation for appendicitis. She was a prominent social worker and did excellent work for the propagation of Khadi for many years and as a member of the Gandhi Seva Sena was doing village work. Her funeral which took place last night was largely attended. She was 47 at the time of her death.

HINDUSTANI SHORTHAND

Mr. D. N. Agarwal, Principal, Shriram Oswasya College of Commerce, Wardha has issued the following appeal:—

"With the advent of political freedom the work of the Government of India and several provincial Governments is bound to be carried on in the national language instead of English. Mahatma Gandhi had recently warned us through the columns of the "Harijan" that if national language is not used by the Government of India immediately it will be very difficult to replace English later. The Government of the United Provinces has already declared Hindi as the State language. But the greatest difficulty in the way of wide use of the Indian languages is the want of efficient shorthand systems and suitable typewriters with standardised key-boards. To get over this difficulty we had convened a conference of stenographers in Indian languages at Wardha a few years back. Young and talented Sjt. Dabke's shorthand system was found to be by far the best. Unfortunately Sjt. Dabke died a very untimely death and his system was later on evolved and systematised by Sjt. Sabnis, who is at present in-charge of the Hindustani shorthand department of our college. Regular training classes in the Dabke-Sabnis system of Hindustani shorthand are being conducted in the College for the last two years.

"The College typewriting department has also prepared a key-board for Nagri typewriter of 44 keys. The advantage of having only 44 keys is that by merely changing the types, any English typewriter could be converted into a Nagri typewriter without incurring much expense. Of course, certain reforms in the Nagri script have to be introduced for curtailing the total number of letters. Attempts are being made to persuade a few Indian industrialists to manufacture Nagri typewriters as early as possible. But before this is actually done, it is essential to standardise the Nagri key-board once for all. The standard key-board must be based on the principle of frequency to ensure maximum speed and convenience.

"We are also preparing a standard key-board for Nagri linotype machines in order to bring Hindi printing in line with up-to-date English printing methods.

"A telegraphic Code in Hindustani is also under preparation. Without having such a Code, it will be impossible to replace journalism in English.

"All this work of Hindustani shorthand, typewriters, linotype machine and telegraphic code is being carried on by us in consultation with eminent scholars and constructive workers of Wardha like, Acharya Vinoba Bhave, Acharya Kaka Saheb Kalelkar and Sjt. Kishorelal Mashruwala. But before finalising our schemes we would like to consider all points of view. I, therefore, earnestly appeal to all those interested in this nation-building work to send their valuable suggestions to me at their earliest convenience. The final schemes will then be submitted to the Government of India for approval and patronage."

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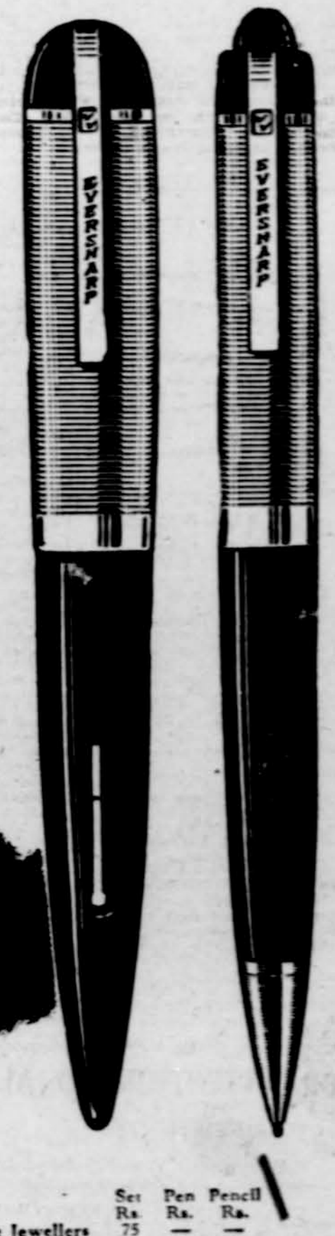

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U.N. Commission To Visit Korea

Russian Premier's Reply

bloc countries boycotting the vote, decided, provisionally, today to send a roving United Nations Commission into Korea to consult the Korean people on ways and means of assuring early Korean independence.

The Commission was proposed by the United States as a substitute for Russia's proposal to invite Korean spokesmen here to join in the United Nations General Assembly's debate of the Korean deadlock.

By a vote of 41 to zero, with seven abstentions, and Russia and its five supporters refusing to vote, the Assembly's Political Committee established the commission and authorized it to "travel, observe and consult throughout Korea," to get the views of Korean representatives on the best road to independence. Its membership was left open and the Committee's decision is subject to final approval by the full General Assembly.

The United States won a series of vital procedural victories in the United Nations fight over Korea today, virtually assuring approval of the American plan for a roving United Nations Commission to consult the Koreans on ways to speed their independence.

Immediately after the balloting, Russia and the other countries of the Soviet bloc, announced that they would boycott the vote on the American proposal for a Korean Commission.

The American victories were the forerunner of the vote in the Political Committee on the United States programme for ending the Soviet-American stalemate over Korea.

In three successive votes, the Committee turned aside the manoeuvres by the Soviet bloc to defer a decision on the American proposal for a United Nations Commission to visit Korea.

The Commission would be empowered to consult the Koreans, in the American and Russian zones, concerning their views on preparations for Korean independence.

The United States, after getting approval of the Commission hopes to give it additional powers to oversee an early election in Korea, and to help negotiate the withdrawal of American and Soviet occupation forces.

The United States next will ask the Assembly to recommend the election of a Government in Korea by March 31, and to empower the Commission to oversee the elections and stand by to help negotiate the withdrawal of Soviet and American occupation forces from the former Japanese-held territory.

Russia wants the Assembly to order the withdrawal of occupation troops at the beginning of next year without any Commission or any other United Nations intervention.

Gromyko, aided by the delegates of

"We had to resort to the sword not because our faith in the efficacy of 1948.

This was revealed by Mr. Herschel

nounced the American move and the Committee's procedure in adopting it as a violation of the Assembly's rules of procedure.

The Russian said the Committee's action amounted to a refusal by the United Nations to let the people of Korea play any part in the debate on their own future.

The American victory was assured in the three vital procedural votes which preceded adoption of the proposal for the Commission.

WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION

India Govt. Lends Services Of Kaul

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31. (API): The Government of India have agreed to loan the services of Major P. M. Kaul, of the office of the Director-General Health Services, who has been offered an appointment by the Interim Commission of the World Health Organisation.

Major Kaul has left for Geneva where he will receive a short period of training in the epidemiology division of the Interim Commission and will then be posted to Singapore as Director of Epidemiology Intelligence Station of the World Health Organisation.

U. S. SCIENTIFIC MISSION IN LONDON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 (Reuter): To facilitate the exchange of scientific and technological information between the United States and Britain, the United States is establishing the Scientific Mission in its London Embassy, a White House announcement said.

The Mission will be charged with acilitating the exchange of scientific personnel and information between the two countries and with developing and maintaining close personal contact with British Government agencies and other research institutions in the United Kingdom.

Drought Threatens U. S. Wheat Crop

MINNEAPOLIS, (Minnesota), Oct. 30. (UPA): Prospects for another bumper wheat crop next year were being threatened seriously today by a drought in the nation's six principal winter wheat-producing states, the Cargill Crop Bulletin said today.

The Bulletin prepared by the Cargill Grain Company, said that lack of rain had resulted in "a serious situation" in six mid-western and south-western states.

Elsewhere, the Bulletin said that winter wheat seeding conditions are normal.

Cargill said that lack of sufficient moisture had dimmed prospects for adequate winter wheat crop in parts of Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, and Colorado.

"Within this area, temperatures have been extremely high and precipitation is much below normal. Topsoil has been dry over vast stretches, in some cases to a depth of eight inches, and occasional dust storms have been reported. As a result seeding operations are far behind schedule, with only about half of the intended acreage in the ground at this time.

The recent rains helped somewhat in eastern Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas, it added, but good general rains are needed to overcome some of the deficiencies of the last three or four months.

DECEMBER FOOD ALLOCATION FROM U. S.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 (Reuter): The Department of Agriculture tonight announced a December allocation to India of 54,500 long tons of wheat, flour and other grains.

Former Rumanian Premier's Allegations Against Govt.

LISBON, Oct. 30 (Reuter): Allegations that Rumanian Government agents, under cover of a mob demonstrations, intend to assassinate Dr. Julius Maniu in the Bucharest court room where the former Rumanian Peasant Party leader is now on trial on charges of treason, were made today by General Nicolas Radescu, former Rumanian Premier, before he left for New York to-day.

"During the trial the Groza's Government will organise before the tribunal a huge workers' mass demonstration", General Radescu said.

"The mob will enter the precincts of the tribunal, and Government agents, taking advantage of ensuing disorders, will assassinate Maniu and the principal defendants."

HOLLYWOOD HAS HAND IN ATOM BOMB ESPIONAGE

'Mystery' Witness To Give Evidence

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 (Reuter): A "mystery" witness at the hearing of the un-American Activities Committee investigating communism in Hollywood will present "sensational evidence about atom bomb espionage", the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. J Parnell Thomas, said to-day.

An official of the House of Representatives Committee said this "mystery" witness would give evidence that certain film colony Communists were key figures in a plot to steal secrets of the bomb.

Schuschnigg Says Austrians Want U. S. Forces To Remain

ATLANTA, (Georgia) Oct. 29. (UP A): Ex-Australian Chancellor Kurt Von Schuschnigg said today that he does not favour military occupation of his homeland, but he added, "as long as a single Russian soldier eats on Austrian soid, Austria does not want American forces to leave."

Schuschnigg, who is here on a lecture tour, said that Australia will be unable to stabilize its currency until all occupying powers remove their forces from the country.

He predicted that Russia would never dominate central Europe, as long as the people are guaranteed a majority voice in their Government.

He reiterated his strong opposition to any proposal to unite Germany and Austria because of the differences between them, but opined that Europe cannot prosper again until Germany is re-established as a large economic market.

JOIN THE ARMY AND LEARN ENGLISH

Open air classes in Basic English are held for army recruits at Kadakvasala. On left, two recruits are at questions and answers, drilled into memory by repetition when the same set of questions and answers go round. On right, teacher explains what is what on the blackboard.

No Recognition For Brazil Military Mission In Germany

Russian Governor's Suggestion To Allied Control Council

BERLIN, Oct. 30 (Reuter).—Soviet Military Governor Marshal Vassili Sokolovsky, told his colleagues on the Allied Control Council today that as a result of breaking off diplomatic relations with Russia, Brazil had forfeited the right to have her Military Mission in Germany recognised by the Allied Council.

"As from October 20, we no longer recognise the Brazilian Mission and will no longer have relations with that Mission", he said.

He claimed that the breaking of relations with any one power meant automatic breaking of relations with the Council as a whole.

Marshal Sokolovsky referred to Brazil's action in severing relations with Russia as a "reactionary act which shows submission to Fascist domination."

The American Military Governor General Lucius D. Clay, said he was unable to accept the Marshal's statement. The Brazilians fought on the side of the Allies in Italy during the war and they were not in any way under Fascist domination as Marshal Sokolovsky charged.

General Clay said he did not wish to continue without further thought but he declared he would have more to say on the subject at the Council's next meeting.

Both the British Military Governor, Marshal of the Royal Air Force Sir Sholto Douglas, and the French Military Governor, General Joseph P. Koening, indicated they desired to think the matter over before saying anything.

EIRE TO HAVE GENERAL ELECTIONS

New Leftist Republican Movement Gaining Ground

DUBLIN, Oct. 31 (Reuter). A new Leftist Republican political movement was born in Eire last night.

The astonishing triumph of the new Republican Leader, Mr. Sean Macbride, with 28,197 votes in the county Dublin by-election has inflicted one of the most telling political defeats Mr Eamon de Valera, the Premier of Eire has ever sustained.

It is bound to have important reactions, the most probable and important being an early general election.

The Republicans have also done extraordinarily well in county Tipperary where another by-election was held, but where the count was adjourned until tomorrow.

Mr. De Valera, whose Fianna Fail Party retained one seat—Waterford—has made results of these by-elections a matter of confidence and announced repeatedly during the election campaign that if the Government was weakened there would be an immediate general election.

Labour Declares Open War On De Gaulle

PARIS, October 29. (U.P.A.): France's Communist-deminated Labour Unions tonight declared open war on General de Gaulle, on the eve of the crucial National Assembly confidence vote which almost certainly will give at least a brief lease of life to Premier Ramadier's middle-of-the-road coalition government.

As the main political parties decided their policy on the vote, which probably will stem, for a time, the rival de Gaulle and Communist Tides, the Communist-controlled General Confederation of Labour, in a belligerently-worded proclamation, summoned all French workers to "join forces for the defense of the Republic and the democratic liberties threatened by the reaction directed by General de Gaulle.

SWISS AIRLINE GRANTED N. Y. LANDING RIGHTS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30 (U.P.A.): The Civil Aeronautics Board to-day gave the Swiss airline, "Swisair" landing rights at New York.

The permit authorized the airline to fly to New York on the route from Geneva and Zurich, via Shanon, the Azores, and Gander.

U.P. GOVERNOR-DESIGNATE IN LONDON

LONDON, October 30, (Reuter): Dr. B. C. Roy arrived at London airport today from New York on his way to Delhi to take up his new post as Governor of the United Provinces.

He was one of India's delegates at the United Nations General Assembly.

POLICE ARREST "ROBBED" MAN

BOMBAY, Friday.

A man who reported to the Police that he had been waylaid and robbed of Rs. 58,900 is now himself in the clutches of the law.

Harkisandas Valjishah the 'complainant-cum-accused' was today placed before Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, on a charge of criminal breach of trust.

Valjisha went to the Esplanade Police Station yesterday and lodged a complaint alleging that while he was going in a 'victoria' along Bruce Street, some unknown persons waylaid him and relieved him of Rs. 58,900 which he was carrying on his person at the time.

The money was collected by Valjisha in his capacity as a bill collector of a city firm.

The Police who instituted vigorous investigations following Valjisha's complaint were unable to get any corroboration of the alleged incident from anyone in the vicinity.

They, therefore, suspected foul play and that it was a false complaint and arrested Valjisha himself.

The suspec, was enlarged on bail.

WHISKEY WORTH RS. 33,332 STOLEN

BOMBAY, Friday.—The arrest of three persons on Tuesday morning, while they were transporting a few cases of whisky in a taxi, is led to the discovery of a theft of 103 cases of Scotch whisky, valued at Rs. 33,332 from the godown of Messrs. S. S. Miranda & Co. Ltd. It is believed that the godown was burgled sometime ago by an organised gang. A police watch on the godown on Wednesday night resulted in the arrest of one man, who was trapped inside the godown while his mates escaped through the roof. Wali Mohommad Nabi and Abdul Nastar Hamid who were also arrested yesterday in the case, were remanded to police custody today at the Mazagaon Police Court by Mr. G. A. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate. Property worth Rs. 32,000 has yet to be recovered.

BHAIAJI KULKARNI RELEASED

Mr. Bhaiaji Kulkarni, President, Maharashtra Communist Party, who was under detention since August last for the alleged exhortation of workers of Amalner during a labour unrest there, was released today by the Bombay High Court.

The court, in releasing him, accepted his plea made in a 'habeas corpus' application that the detention order was illegal as it failed to state the name of the party to which he belonged and, therefore, was very vague.

Watchmen Arrested On Theft Charge

Digambhar Anant Tarpure, was arrested yesterday by Sub-Inspector Chagla of the Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. as he was found selling radio transmitters and spare parts to a bogus customer.

The accused, it is stated, is a watchman of a military depot at Worli and is alleged to be connected with theft of miscellaneous goods from the depot. He was remanded into custody at the Esplanade Court, to-day.

Accused In Stabbing Case Arrested

A person, who is reported to have stabbed a citizen in the DeLisle Road area was caught red-handed near the Byculla Railway Station yesterday.

He stabbed his victim, it is alleged, and bolted away in the direction of the Station. Here, he was overpowered by a crowd which chased him with the help of a Home Guard patrol.

A bloodstained dagger was found thrown on the platform.

He was to-day remanded into Police custody at the Esplanade Court.

DARING THEFT IN PRINCESS STREET GODOWN

Some unknown persons are said to have entered a godown in the Princess Street area last night by means of a duplicate key and removed from the premises iron and steel goods valued at Rs. 34,000.

The culprits are stated to have decamped with the booty in motor lorries.

The Princess Street police are on the hunt for the perpetrators of this daring theft.

POLICE SEIZE UNAUTHORISED RADIO SETS

BARODA, Oct. 30 (A.P.I.): A large stock of unauthorised radio transmitting and receiving equipment and accessories are reported to have been unearthed by the city police following a search made by them in the city yesterday.

GUNMEN'S BOOTY

BOSTON, Oct. 30 (Reuter): Six gunmen held up the office of B. F. Sturtevant Company here and escaped with the firm's pay roll of 110,000 dollars.

Leaguers Must Change Policy

Suhrawardy's Appeal To Party To Serve The Union

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31. (U.P.I.): A categorical statement that there was no question of any clash between the conference of Muslim leaders convened by him on November 9 in Calcutta and the other convened Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in Delhi, the purpose of the two conferences being quite different was made by Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy in an interview.

He said: "I feel that Muslim Leaguers of the Indian Union must now make up their minds as to what should be their future policy. In the last election it was proved that the League was the sole representative organisation of Muslims before the settlement. Now that conditions have changed, its representatives should consider their position afresh in the light of the present conditions and draw up a programme for future whereby they can render adequate service to the Indian Union and live as citizens with equal rights and liberty."

Mr. Suhrawardy who returned to Calcutta yesterday after a month's tour of Delhi, East and West Punjab and Karachi said that the situation had definitely improved now. He said that he met both in the East and West Punjab refugee convoys moving opposite directions and transmising with each other. "One hopes and prays that this wave of toleration will continue and increase and it will not be marred by untoward incidents brought about by lunatics," he concluded.

JOHANNESBURG CITY COUNCIL ELECTIONS

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 30 (Reuter). United Party candidates supporting General Jan Smuts, South African Prime Minister, have for the second successive year won by a substantial majority in Johannesburg City Council elections, which were contested on a party basis.

Nationalists held their own, their leader Dr. G. E. N. Ross inflicting the only United Party defeat.

Composition of the new Council is: United Party, 30; Labour, 6; Nationalists, 5; Independent, 1.

QUARANTINE RESTRICTIONS WITHDRAWN

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (A.P.I.): Information has been received by the Director-General of Health Services that the health authorities in Egypt have withdrawn quarantine restrictions on account of plague against passengers from Calcutta, says a Press Note.

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OUR MIDDLE EASTERN LETTER

Palestine's Right To Be Independent Arab State

All Arab States Including Transjordan Will Present Common Front

(From Our Correspondent.)

JERUSALEM, Oct. 26.

No relaxation is observed of the tense atmosphere prevailing in the Arab countries created by the deliberations of United Nations since the partition of Palestine into an Arab and a Jewish state was formally favoured by the United States and Soviet Russia. While the Arabs are battling against it on a diplomatic level, the Palestine Arab Higher Committee, still in the Lebanon, is busy working out plans to tackle the immense problems with which it would inevitably be faced in the near future.

Members of the special co-ordinating committee set up by the Arab League Council before it adjourned on the night of Oct. 15, who include Abdel Rahman Azzam Pasha, the Secretary-General of the League, have been in continuous contact with the relevant authorities in the various Arab states and with the Arab Higher Committee. Their activities, it is observed, are guided by the resolutions adopted at the League Council sessions at Aley and Beirut in the Lebanon between the 9th and 15th October.

MILITARY MEASURES ALONG PALESTINE BORDER

Thus, on Palestine, the resolutions stated:

1. "The Council regards that the secret resolutions of Bludan, whose execution was made contingent upon the adoption of the recommendations of the Anglo-American Committee of Inquiry, are operative and their implementation imperative in the event of the enforcement of any solution which impaired the right of Palestine to be an independent Arab state.

2. "In view of the recent British Government decision of its intention to surrender the mandate over Palestine and withdraw its military forces and administrative machinery; and in view of the existence of Zionist forces and their terrorist organisations which threaten the safety of Arabs in Palestine, the Council considers that the situation demands that the Arab Governments take the necessary military precautions along the Palestine boundaries.

"For this purpose, the Council suggests the recommendation to the Arab Governments to take these military precautions at once and that the states bounding on Palestine facilitate the participation and co-operation in this duty of those states which do not form common boundaries with Palestine.

3. "The Council recommends—in pursuance with the aforesaid resolutions for lending effective aid to Palestine Arabs—that member-states of the Arab League should promptly render material and moral assistance to Palestine Arabs and reinforce and support them to enable them to defend themselves and their existence. The member-states should thus allocate the required funds for that purpose, provided their expenditure is undertaken by a special committee set up for the purpose".

INTERVIEW WITH KING ABDULLAH

Delegates of the Arab League Council, sitting in Aley, Lebanon, then broke their session for a day in order to pay a flying visit to King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan in Amman on Oct. 13, and to express their appreciation of his undertaking to abide by the decisions of the League.

A tense atmosphere spread among the guests and the King's entourage in the reception hall at Raghdan Palace when he, scouring the faces of the 20-man delegation, greeted them with the words:

"I extend no welcome to those who slandered me". It was Azzam Pasha who soothed the offended spirit of some of the delegates by ignoring the remark and quickly advancing to embrace the sexagenarian monarch with whom he had concluded a "gentleman's agreement" two days earlier. Azzam Pasha was followed by the rest of the party, including Lutfi Bey Haffar deputising for Jamil Mardam Bey, who then sat in a circle round the King to chat and sip refreshments and coffee in an informal manner while waiting to be led to the dining room for lunch

After lunch, the King in a short speech, referred to Palestine stating that the Arabs had rejected the validity of the Balfour Declaration which had been the cause of all the present burdensome problem.

"Palestine has been an Arab country since the days of the first Caliphs, King Abdullah said, "it continued to be so throughout the years until the rule of the Ottomans. We do not seek to attack anyone; we prefer peace to war".

He expressed the assurance that Arabs were capable and decided on defending their homeland, and were prepared to take the consequences of their action, but "if the enemies resort to peaceful methods, we shall meet them likewise", he added. In concluding, he reiterated his desire for peace and for preserving the Arab character of Palestine intact.

SURPRISES FROM AMMAN

Riad Bey es Solh, the Prime Minister of Lebanon, then rose to say that he had been surprised when informed that the King was to speak since the Arabs had become accustomed to surprises from Amman, adding that that one was a pleasant surprise. He added that the delegates took his invitation to come to Amman that day as intended to proclaim to the world the unity of the Arabs in their support for Palestine.

Passing remarks, he said, did not, however, prevent the fulfilment of the sacred duty placed on the shoulders of Arabs. "We have no other worry from today except Palestine, and all our thoughts are concentrated upon her", Riad Bey concluded.

Sheikh Yusuf Yassin, Minister Extraordinary of King Ibn Saud, then stated that "our duty is to liberate Palestine and hand it over to its owners, the Arabs". The speeches of other delegates confirmed the determination of the Arab states to defend Palestine against Zionist aggression.

The Prime Minister of Trans-Jordan, Samir Pasha Rifa'i, told journalists later that whatever action was taken by the Arab League, it would not be executed while British forces and the mandatory regime remained in Palestine. It was damaging to the reputation of the Arab League, Samir Pasha declared, to circulate the sensational rumours about the massing of troops along the Palestine borders.

Satisfied with the renewed assurance of King Abdullah, the League Council then adopted the following resolutions on Libya and Egypt:

"Whereas the right to independence of Libya as a unit is a natural, incontestible and historically justified right in view of the sacrifices and the bloodshed in the defence of that unity and independence, and in view of the proximity of the discussions on the future of Italian colonies, the Arab League Council while anxiously observing the problem reiterates its previous resolution, namely.

"That it regards the attainment of independence and the unity of Libya (Trripolitania, Cyrenaica, and Fezzan) as the goal towards which Arab countries are striving by all possible practical means.

"The Council considers that every delay in the granting of these aims, or in depriving Libya of its independence, or partitioning it, or placing it under foreign trusteeship an act which stands in complete contradiction with right and justice. The Council thereamore commends that the Arab states should begin to prepare from to-date for the protection of Libya's unity and independence.

"They should do so by submitting memoranda to the four powers constituting the special committee entrusted with the disposal of former Italian colonies and by diplomatic representations with those powers requesting to participate in the current negotiations with those powers on the Libyan question.

"It is in order to defend the Arab point of view concerning this vital question, which arises out of the existence of the strong bonds of relationship, neighbourhood, culture, language historical and regional attachment and interests between Libya and the Arab countries that the request should be made.

"The Council appeals to all Arab people to be prepared from to-date to assist Libya and defend its rights by all practical effective means at their disposal thus making it possible for the Libyan people to protect their sacred rights and attain their full freedom and independence."

SUPPORT TO EGYPT

The resolution expressing sympathy and support for the Egyptian case stated:

"After reviewing the resolutions of the Political Committee and hearing the report of Mahmud Fahmi Nokrashi Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, and his expression of gratitude to the Arab League Council and the Arab League delegations at the Security Council at Lake Success for their solid stand on the side of Egypt, the Arab League Council approves the resolutions adopted by the Political Committee on September 17, and regrets the failure of the United Nations Security Council to arrive at a just solution of the Egyptian problem.

"The Arab League Council hereby reiterates its support of the Egyptian case and Egypt's attitude and national demands for the unity of the Nile Valley and the evacuation of foreign troops from its territory."

The resolution concerning the Egyptian case, adopted by the League's Political Committee, which met between the 16th and 19th September, 1947, stated.

"The Committee, in considering the Egptian case, which in fact constitutes the case of all Arab countries, expresses its deep regret at the failure of the Security Council to arrive at a just solution which would assure to Egypt the sovereignty and immunity desired for her by the Arab countries. The Committee reiterates of the Arab League Council of March 23, 1947 namely, that every delay in arriving at a just solution of the Egyptian case will inevitably threaten the peace and security in the Arab countries."

ANTI-ZIONIST BOYCOTT

Other resolutions adopted at the close of the meeting on October 15 related to recommendations for the tightening of the Arab boycott of Zionist products and goods and the transfer of capital to Egypt to the Arab Land Company.

"The League has shelved its Political Committee's month-old recommendation for a boycott of the Western World—Britain and the United States—by cancelling oil and air agreements but called for a general economic conference for February to deal with mutual interests in the field of industry and agriculture," Abdel Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League announced at the close of the session.

Forty Years Of Unique Service To Country

City Pays Tribute To Sardar Patel On 73rd Birthday

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's services to the nation, which won him the title of the "Iron Man" of India, were recalled at a public meeting here this afternoon, which was the main item in the city's programme in connection with the Sardar's 73rd birthday.

The meeting which was held at the Jinnah Hall was presided over by Mr. S. K. Patil President of the B. P. C. C.

Speakers who addressed the meeting included, besides the President, Mr. A. P. Sabavala, Mayor, and Messrs. M. Y. Nurie, Ratilal Gandhi and Choithram Gidwani, President of the Sind Congress.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that during the past 40 years Sardar Patel's life was entirely devoted to the service of the country. During this period, he had given able guidance to the nation in very critical times. Mr. Patil said that though outwardly of a stern appearance, he was a merciful and kind man, who loved the poor.

Mr. Patil asked the people to give Sardar Patel their whole-hearted cooperation to enable him to solve the numerous difficult problems he had to face to-day.

Dr. Choithram Gidwani observed that to-day India needed more than ever before, a straight-forward man like the Sardar "who would call a spade a spade." He said that only by following Sardar Patel's policy of dealing with matters firmly could India preserve her freedom.

MAGIC PERSONALITY

Giving a brief sketch of Sardar Patel's life and achievements, Mr. A. P. Sabavala said that in almost every campaign of Mahatma Gandhi the Sardar gave him able support. His magic personality was a source of inspiration to the people.

At the time of the R.I.N. mutiny, Mr. Sabavala said, it was Sardar Patel's able handling of the situation that saved the city from destruction.

IRON MAN OF CONGRESS

Performing the flag salutation at the Congress House this morning, Mr. Nagindas Master, former President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee paid tributes to Sardar Patel whom he described as the 'Iron Man of the Congress. Mr. Master remarked that he with his firmness and determination had steered the ship of the Congress successfully many a time during rough and stormy weather. He added it was due to the Sardar's firmness and tact that the most of the Indian States were brought in the Indian Union and the disintegration of the country was prevented.

Mr. Master added that the country was passing through critical times and that it was the prime duty of every Indian to strengthen the Indian Union and see that the hard-earned freedom was not frittered away. He said that they had no desire to cause harm or injury to any one. They had love and goodwill for everybody including the people of Pakistan.

SPENDS BUSY DAY

NEW DELHI, October 31 (API):—Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister, is 72 to-day. There was no celebration for the occasion and the Deputy Premier spent a busy day attending to state affairs. In the afternoon Sardar Patel and Sardar Baldev Singh, the Defence Minister, visited an Indian Military Hospital where casualties from Kashmir have been flown for treatment. Sardar Patel and the Defence Minister spoke to the men and officers who have been brought here during the last two days and made individual inquiries of their comforts. The patients were in good spirit.

Sardar Patel received numerous telegrams congratulating him on his birthday. His colleagues in the Cabinet, the Congress President, Acharya Kripalani and the General Secretaries Mr. Shanker Rao Deo and Acharya Jugul Kishore and a large number of friends called on him and offered their greetings.

LIQUIDATE SEPARATE ORGANISATIONS

Call To Nationalist Muslims

PATNA, October 30 (API): A real and effective lead to the Muslims of the Indian Union can only be given after the Nationalist Muslims also liquidate their separate organisations and directly come round the Congress, stated Mr. Shah Mohammad Umair, Parliamentary Secretary to the Government of Bihar, in a statement to-day.

Military Withdrawn From Malegaon

BOMBAY, October 31 (API): Shops have been re-opened and normal life resumed in Malegaon in Nasik District, according to Mr. Abidally Jafferbhoy, a Labour leader of Bombay. Mr. Abidally and Mr. M. Harris, Editor of the "Ajmal", visited the town to study the situation there.

Mr. Abidally addressed a largely attended public meeting at which members of both communities were present. He assured them that their demands for the release of about sixty persons, sentenced or detained by the police, would be placed before the authorities. He said that he would also approach the Government to hold an enquiry into the conduct of the troops while doing patrol work.

According to Mr. Abidally, following the resumption of normal life at Malegaon, the troops have been withdrawn.

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DEPOSITS (as on 31st Dec. '46)	Rs. 9,53,81,600/-

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A Tender Melodrama
Packed with Tears & Laughs!
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Powerful Family Social
ABIDAH
Starring:
SWARNALATA KUMAR
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30
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CAPITOL

3RD WEEK!
Hear KANANBALA in
TUM—aur—MAIN
M.P.P.'s Musical Romance.
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
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PALACE Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
TODAY TO MONDAY!
DRAMA! PAGEANTRY!
SPECTACLE!
A mighty dramatic spectacle
Depicting one of history's most
Eventful chapters!
"CATHERINE THE GREAT"
Starring
ELIZABETH BERGNER, DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS FLORA ROBSON
Tuesday to Thursday!
The ONE and ONLY
PAUL-ROBSON in
"SANDERS OF THE RIVER"
Tomorrow morning at 10-30 a.m.
The thrilling drama
"BLACK PANTHER"
Jack Mulhall, Frankie Thomas

2ND WEEK!
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—: PAREL :—
Daily 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
EASTERN PICTURE
ZEENAT
Noorjehan, Karan Dewan, Yakub, Naseem (Jr.), Dixit, Shahnawaz

AURORA Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
TODAY, SUNDAY & MONDAY
Neglect brought temptations..
Loneliness cursed her with a craving that even love could not chain!

TUES. WED. & THURS.
"ARABIAN NIGHTS"
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JON HALL, MARIA MONTEZ & SABU
Tomorrow morning at 10-30 a.m.
MARGARET LOCKWOOD as
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See the Indian Dance!
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Sunday Morning at 10:
"ALL THIS AND HEAVEN TOO"
Bette Davis, Charles Boyer.

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Ashwin Vad 3, 2003.
Muslim: Zilhej 17, 1366.
Parsi: Ardibehest 29, 1317
Sunrise: 6-39 a.m. Sunset: 6-16 p.m.
Hightide: 01-25, 13-08.
Lowtide: 07-20, 19-18.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

DESAI KUSUM—Wife of Dr. D. M. Desai, Dental Surgeon, and daughter of Sir Chimanlal and Lady Krishnagauri Setalvad, passed away on 30-10-1947, at 5 p.m., at her residence at Juhu following an operation for Appendicites. Deeply mourned. Uthamana Ceremony at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on Saturday, 1-11-1947, at her residence at Juhu.

To-day's Engagements

MOTHER GLORIA DAY CELEBRATION: At Mazdaznan today, at 5-30 p.m., at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road.

DADAR MATUNGA YOUTH ASSOCIATION: Public meeting on "Problems of Social Revolution" today, at 6-30 p.m., at Podar College. Mr. M. R. Dandavate will speak.

THE BOMBAY LIFE EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION: General Body meeting today, at 2-30 p.m., in Orient Cama Library Hall.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN STUDENTS UNION: Gramodyog Exhibition from today to Monday (3rd November), at Kandiviee Boys and Girls School, Ghodbunder Road daily from 8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. Special programme: On Sunday evening.

MODEL INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE: General meeting of the past and present students today, at 4 p.m., in Gujaratni Forbes Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: Discourse in Marathi by Sri M. Bapu Saheb on "Dharma Rahasya", today, at 4-30 p.m.

ALL INDIA CO-OPERATORS DAY: Celebration today, at 3 p.m. at 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort.

THE MYSORE ASSOCIATION: Unveiling portrait of late Sjt. T. P. Kailasam by Sjt. A. N. Krishna Rao, today, at 6 p.m.

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY: Swami Sambhuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar at Bazargate High School, Fort, today, at 3-30 p.m. He will conduct classes on Bhagwat Geeta and Gospel of Sri Ramakrishna at the Ramakrishna Mission Library Hall, on Sunday, at 9 a.m. (S. T.) and 6 p.m. respectively.

BOMBAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION (A. I. W. C.): Constituent Branch Conference today, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) and on Sunday (tomorrow), at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), in the Aryan Education Society's Hall near Opera House Tram Terminus.

KATHIAWAR PRAJA MANDAL: Public meeting today, at 7-30 p.m., at Madhav Baug, C. P. Tank, to congratulate the Provisional Government of Junagadh and its Army for its glorious successes in capturing a large territory of Jungadh State. Mr. Amritlal Sheth will preside.

FORT ARYA VEER DAL: Parade daily commencing from Sunday (tomorrow), at 6-30 a.m., at the Azad Maidan.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE, BOMBAY: Programme of Vocal Music by Bai Azambai of Kolhapur tonight, at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Marvadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road Tram Terminus.

BOMBAY HINDI VIDYAPEETH: Results of the last examinations of this Vidyapeeth will be published on the 8th Nov. 1947 in local newspapers.

TENANTS MEETING: Public meeting of the tenants of Bombay at 8-30 p.m., today, at Mandvi Bhat Bazar.

KERALA YOUTH CONGRESS: Public meeting at 6 p.m., today, in the Podar College to protest against the excesses committed by the police at Rajendra Maidan, Ernakulam, Cochin State.

"PANJRAPOLE"—A NEW PLAY: True to their tradition of presenting unpublished plays by well-known playwrights, Shree Sahitya Sansad is once again staging a new comedy hit, "Panjrapole", from the pen of the well-known Gujarati playwright Shree Chandravadan Mehta. The play deals with the age old theme of marriage, but presents a solution which will amuse and provoke. The play has been directed by Shri Chandravadan Bhutt, who sometime back so successfully produced and directed Shri K. M. Munshi's play "Chhie Tej Taik". The shows will be on today and Sunday (tomorrow), at 6 p.m., at Sunderbai Hall, New Queens Road.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

SATURDAY, Nov. 1.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 J. V. Acharya (Sitar) 8-45 Bhalchandra Pendharkar (Pad) 9-0 Kadirkhan Kabirkhan (Miyan Ki Todi) 12-0 Nabhovantchya Parisarat Variety programme in Marathi 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Bhavgeeten 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 G. S. Morghode (Vocal) 4-45 Kantilal Patanwala (Bhimpalas) 5-0 J. V. Acharya (Sitar) 5-15 Bahuroopi A programme of special interest to children 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Vijaya Desai (Kamod) 6-45 Ghazalen (Ghazal) 7-0 Vijaya Desai (Chand) 7-30 Kritanek Namaskar Replies to Listeners' Letters in Marathi 7-40 Violin Duet (Raag Purvi) 7-45 "Dil" 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kavya Gayan Recitation of Hindi poems from the works of Bharat Hari by J. S. Kashyap 8-45 For the Universities An Invitation to Laughter: Laughter and Civilization Talk in English 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-45 Vijaya Desai (Nayaki Kanada) 10-15 Thumri 10-30 G. S. Morghode (Vocal).

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Bhajan 8-45 p.m. Topics 8-55 Locals 6-15 Rural Listeners

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Com 8-0 Kantilal Patanwala (Thumri) 8-15 Bhalchandra Pendharkar Bol Radhe (Barwe) 8-30 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1 9-0 Kadirkhan Kabirkhan (Purio) 9-30 Bhalchandra Pandharkar (Pad).

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS.

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 2-11-47:—Rainless weather.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS:—Weather will become more cloudy in Telungana and Karnatak.

Jullundur On A.I.R.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): Jullundur will be on the air from tomorrow, Saturday, November 1, at 7-30 a.m.

The daily programme of the new station will consist of two transmissions—8 a.m. to 9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m. to 9-30 p.m. The station will operate on 225 meters or 1,333 kilocycles.

Mr. B. A. Kureishi, the new Controller of Rationing Bombay. He succeeds Mr. R. N. Samarth, who has become Controller of Civil Supplies. Mr. Kureishi has been with the Rationing Department since its inception.

ALLEGED CHEATING IN BANK DOCUMENTS

Case Against Bombay's "Yarn-King"

BOMBAY, Friday: The evidence of Chimanlal Jasraj Popat, Agent of the Rajkot Branch of the International Bank of India was adduced to-day, when the case against Sakalchand G. Shah, Bombay's Yarn-King, who is charged with cheating in respect of some of the Bank's documents concerning Rs. 1,60,000 came up for hearing before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

The complainant in the case is Mr. L. S. Kapil, Manager of the International Bank, of which the accused is one of the directors.

Mr. Popat deposed that the Rajkot Branch of the Bank received instructions from the Bombay Office to issue two fixed deposit receipts of Rs. 1,60,000, in the names of Laxmichand Mohandas and Purshotamdas Nathubhai. Mr. Popat said he had never seen these people.

Witness produced counterfoils of the receipts issued and books of accounts of the Rajkot Branch showing that the instructions had been carried out.

The fixed deposit receipts were issued as from the 18th February, 1946, while the entries were actually passed on March 30th, 1946, witness stated.

Mr. V. R. Upadhyaya with Mr. Jayant P. Shah, Barristers-at-Law, appeared for the prosecution.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga, defended the accused.

The case is adjourned till to-morrow.

RECEPTION TO NALINI SARKER

BOMBAY, Friday.

Bombay and Bengal should cooperate to make the Union prosperous, said Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarker, former Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council and ex-Finance Minister in Bengal, at a reception this evening at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

He stated that Bengal was slowly reverting back to normalcy and paid a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi's part in restoring communal harmony.

Sir Homy Mody recalled his association with Mr. Sarker and said that Bombay could benefit by the wisdom and experience of the Bengal leader.

Mr. M. M. Amersey welcomed Mr. Sarker on behalf of a committee of hosts which included Seth P. D. Nanjee, Lala Gurusaran Lall, Mr. R. G. Saraiya, Sir C. B. Mehta and Mr. M. L. Dahanukar.

Freedom Group's Appeal For Fund For Refugees Relief

The Joint Honorary Secretaries of the Freedom group write: The Group has received handsome donations of Rs. 500 from Seth Pirosha B. Godrej and of Rs. 150 from Sjt. Samshedji A. H. Chinoy. All warm garments and blankets as well as these and other cash donations so far received have been handed over to the Bombay Women's Distress Relief Committee.

The needs of the refugees emphasise the call for more immediate help of warm clothes and blankets, as cold has set in.

We earnestly appeal to all generous-minded citizens to spare their utmost and send same at the earliest to President, Prof. Wadia at Hormazd Villa, Cumballa Hill or to us at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY (BOMBAY): The Socialist Party (Bombay) has decided to organise effective relief for the refugees who are the victims of mass madness. The Party has fixed a target of 1,000 Blankets to be collected for distribution as relief. In order to fulfil this undertaking party workers and volunteers will start a campaign of house to house collection of Woollen Blankets or in Cash. The campaign will start on Sunday (tomorrow).

All-India Conference Of Social Work

Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala writes:—

Some of Bombay's best talent will be performing in aid of the All-India Conference of Social Work at Sunderbai Hall on November 7th at 6-30 p.m. There will be dances by Shirin and Khorshed Vajifdar, Krishna Kutty, and songs by the Radio Star, Sushila Tembe. Tickets are priced at Rs. 5-3-2-1 and can be had from Bapsey Sabavala's office, Industrial Building opposite Churchgate Station between 5-30 and 7 p.m.

DR. GILDER: Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Public Works, Bombay, left for Wardha on Friday to attend the All-India Leprosy Workers Conference on November 1. He will return to Poona on Sunday (Nov. 2).

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL OLYMPIC ASSOCIATION: The Freedom of India Athletic Meet organised by this Association will be held at the W. I. P. A. Grounds, Cooperage, today and tomorrow (Sunday) and will start off at 2-30 p.m. each day.

GANDHIJI & NEHRU ARE OUR MODELS

Plea For Spirit Of Tolerance In Education

"The greatest need of every individual, every section and every community in our country is peace understanding and tolerance. Education will render the greatest service if it is planned to bring peace, order and harmony", observed Mr. M. T. Vyas in the course of his presidential speech at the Third Session of the Bombay Provincial Headmasters' Conference at Ahmedabad which concluded on Friday.

There were many ways of promoting this spirit of unity, continued Mr. Vyas, but the surest and the soundest way was through education.

Mr. Vyas added: Our Indian civilization and culture, of which we are so very proud, can well be the foundation of the education of the child in world citizenship. We want to produce generations of citizens who will be above all differences. India has men like Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Nehru who are glorious examples of world citizens. They are true embodiments of the best that is Indian culture and traditions with no exclusiveness of mind or feeling. We cannot do better than put constantly before our children the examples of these two great men and educate them to strive to think and act like them".

IMPROVE TEACHER'S LOT

The most important factor in education, continued the speaker was the teacher.

"The personality of the teacher is conditioned by his status—social, economic and cultural. It is the teacher that makes the methods and equipment alive; without a teacher who is very much alive, the finest school buildings, libraries and laboratories are of little use. The best thing a teacher can give to his pupils is what he is — not merely what he professes in the class room."

Unless society solved the teachers economic problem, it could not hope to make their children great.

Mr. Vyas welcomed the decision of the Bombay Government to undertake complete financial responsibility for instituting free and compulsory primary education. But he sounded a note of warning.

"Education of the child," said he, "does not and cannot stop with the four years in which he has become literate—for literacy alone is not education and if the State were to stop there, it would have wasted all its energy and money, for that short term literacy can bring forth no substantial results. The State must carry on the education of the child till he is at least 14 and train him to be a young, self-reliant, responsible citizen with specific tastes and aptitudes which he can seek to develop in professional work or in his leisure hour.

In conclusion, the President addressed himself to the Headmasters and reminded that an efficient headmaster is a custodian and protector of the interests of one and all—of pupils, teachers, parents, the State and of one against the other.

"He creates teachers and makes a team out of them and plays their captain in all humility. He stands by his colleagues and by his students and acts as the head of a homogeneous family".

"Sagher," New Urdu Weekly

"Sagher" edited by "Saqi" is a new Urdu daily published from Bombay. It is an organ of progressive nationalist Muslim opinion.

From Tomorrow
CITY—LIGHT
—: MATUNGA (B.B.) :—
Daily 1, 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
REPUBLIC SERIAL
MYSTERIOUS DOCTOR SATAN
Dorothy Hurbert, Robert Willex, William Maxwell
Sunday Morn. 10 a.m.
ARUNDATHI (Tamil)
Last 4 Shows—"KRISHNA LEELA"

SHE WAS SO BLIND—
THAT SHE COULDN'T RECOGNISE
THE MAN WHO GAVE
HER BACK HER EYES!
ALL-INDIA'S Alluring Social
DOLI
Producer: P. N. ARORA
Direction: S. K. OJHA
Story: M. SADIQ
Plans open 10 to 12 noon.
Starring: SULOCHANA CHATTERJI, WASTI, SUSHIL KUMAR, MADHURI, SHASHI (new comer) & JAYANT
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 9-30, Sun. 1 p.m.
2nd WEEK of FULL HOUSES
KRISHNA
A 'FAMOUS' Release

ONCE AGAIN SHE HAS DANCED HER WAY TO BOMBAY'S HEART—

SWASTIK Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
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Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6
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HAVE APPLAUDED
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GRAND MYTHOLOGICAL
Bhakta DHRUVA
MRIDULA, JEEVAN, SHANTARIN, SHASHI KAPUR
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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sat. Sun. Matinee at 12-45
Boking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30
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FORGET YOUR BLUES AND BE READY TO LAUGH AS YOU'VE NEVER LAUGHED BEFORE!
RAJKAMAL'S Rollicking Romance

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Direction: WINAYAK
Story: Prof. N. S. PHADKE
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BOMBAY TALKIES' Latest
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YAQOOB, SHAMIM, REHANA
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Running to crowded Houses
3rd WEEK
SUPER AND KAMAL TALKIES
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Sat. Sun. 3 shows 2-30 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
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'SCANDAL'
FOR MAN-MADE CONVENTIONS OF ANOTHER AGE — WERE FLOUTED BY A WOMAN
STORY: PT. SUDARSHAN
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WITH SURENDRA
SADIQALI, BABY TABASSUM AND OTHER MINERVA CELEBRITIES
PRODUCED & DIRECTED BY SOHRAB MODI
A MINERVA PICTURE
Screen Play: VIDYA BHUSHAN, B.A.
Recording: M. EDULJI
Camera: DARA MISTRY.
DRAWING CROWDED HOUSE FROM DUSSERA OCTOBER 24th at MINERVA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m. Matinee at 1 p.m. on Sundays and Holidays.
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A.I. WEATHER CHART

POONA, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): The following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours and the total rainfall from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hrs. I.S.T. on 31st October 1947: Allahabad 90 62 0 33.1 minus 5.3 BOMBAY 88 72 0 73.6 plus 3.9 Calcutta 86 66 0 57.6 plus 5.8 Colombo 86 73 0 45.7 plus 3.5 Cuttack 90 74 0 53.3 plus 1.9 Delhi 87 61 0 12.5 minus 4.1 Karachi 83 74 0 2.0 minus 4.1 Lahore 90 59 0 10.1 minus 4.6 Madras 86 59 0 24.9 minus 1.9 Nagpur 91 59 0 37.3 Patna 87 67 0 49.1 minus 2.6 Peshawar 82 59 0 2.2 minus 2.4 Poona 91 57 0 21.7 minus 1.8 Shillong 68 47 0 85.9 plus 23.1.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Sorrow was made for man, not for beasts; yet if men encourage melancholy too much, they become no better than beasts.

—CERVANTES

The Bombay Chronicle

THE KASHMIR CRISIS

The statement that Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the Frontier Province Premier, has made on Kashmir can, even after making full allowance for his habitual irresponsibility, only shock and amaze any sane man who is at all conscious of the tremendous gravity of the situation and its potentialities. The outcurst is certainly not the pronouncement of a responsible man, which Mr. Abdul Qaiyum unfortunately but undoubtedly is. So far as the countries he has appealed to are concerned, he will only embarrass them and also amuse them because they may justifiably wonder if his religious frenzy would not have been more suitable to the problem of Palestine, about which Mr. Abdul Qaiyum cannot be recalled ever to have said anything noteworthy. His outburst is mischievous because it is likely to provoke conflict between India and Pakistan and threatens with serious harm the whole of the subcontinent and particularly its 100 million Muslims, who need peace and security rather than Mr. Abdul Qaiyum's sabre-rattling.

The Pakistan Government in its communique issued from Lahore maintains that the Pathan raid on the Kashmir State territory was provoked by the excesses of Kashmir troops and that for this the policy of the Kashmir Government was solely responsible. Assuming that this accusation is justified so far as the Kashmir Government is concerned, no blame can attach to the Government of the Indian Union which has given positive proofs of its 'bona fides'. The Pathan raid is admitted, whatever the provocation. It was this outside aggression which was the basis of the Maharajah's appeal to the Indian Government and the latter's response to it. It also proves the justification of the Indian Government's note to Pakistan Government regarding the passage of the raiders through Pakistan. The Pakistan Government is not justified in characterizing the accession of Kashmir to the Indian Union as one "based on fraud and violence" and in stating that "the reference to a plebiscite for Kashmir is merely put forward to mislead people as it ostensibly seems attractive but as a practicable proposition it remains on paper." The Indian Union has accepted Kashmir's accession and the difficult responsibility of defending it on conditions, which cannot be too strongly emphasised as a clear and decisively convincing proof of its sense of fairness and of democracy. The Kashmir Maharaja, while acceding to the Indian Union, has simultaneously handed over administration to a popular interim government led by that democrat and patriot, Shaikh Mahomed Abdullah. Moreover, the Indian Government has laid it down as a condition of its response that as soon as the raiders have been cleared out and law and order and normal conditions are restored a referendum will be made to the people of Kashmir to decide finally whether their country will join India or Pakistan It must be noted that Shaikh Mahomed Abdullah, too, has reiterated this condition and even added the voluntary assurance that the plebiscite will be held under the joint auspices of India and Pakistan.

The position thus is that, along with the defence of Kashmir, opportunity has been taken to establish democracy and to concede to the people the sovereign right to order their internal affairs and determine their future relations themselves. This is the background against which the momentous Lahore conference is to be held. We hope in spite of the unfairness of Pakistan Government's attitude towards the Indian Union Government that Conference will be held. Given goodwill and the desire for peaceful settlement of an issue that need not have become so terribly grave, there is absolutely no reason why such a settlement cannot be reached. The Indian Union has proved its 'bona fides' and its concern for democratic principles. We confidently hope Pakistan leaders will respond with the same spirit.

Regional Universities

The Bill to establish a new University at Poona, introduced in the Legislative Assembly on Thursday, is part of a policy to have more regional universities in the province. That policy is inevitable in a big multi-lingual province like Bombay. Already there are over 34,000 students in the colleges affiliated to the Bombay University. When primary education becomes compulsory more high schools will follow almost automatically and also more colleges. It would be extremely difficult for one university to manage efficiently colleges with 50,000 students and more. In these circumstances separate universities for Gujarat and Karnatak will be as indispensable as the Poona University has been for Maharashtra. And their inauguration will not be delayed by any delay in forming new provinces on a linguistic basis. It will depend more upon finances than anything else.

Regional universities are as desirable as they are inevitable. Being smaller and linguistically homogeneous they will be better able to do teaching work in addition to that of examinations. They will also be better able to develop the regional language. Difficulties may arise with regard to minorities speaking languages other than the regional one. It should be possible for the Poona university to make special provision for large minorities or to allow their schools and colleges to be affiliated to other universities.

It is feared by many that the formation of different universities and provinces on a linguistic basis would isolate different linguistic groups, reduce cultural contact between them and thus hinder the formation of a strong national feeling. For years past cultural contact has been secured by students speaking different languages having to join the same college and use the English language in their social intercourse. English will soon cease to be that link unless it is made a compulsory subject, not necessarily demanding a very high standard therein. It will be in the national interest if Hindustani is made a compulsory subject.

In the course of his speech on the bill Mr. Kher said that although the Government had attached great importance to primary education, it could not be forgotten that the teaching imparted in the universities was really pivotal in character because on that education depended not only the quality of the teachers who were charged with the responsibility of education in all its stages, but the entire cultural life of the country. These are sound views and encourage the hope that the new university and higher education in general will be duly financed by the Government.

The question has been asked if the Bombay University would not be adversely affected by the creation of the regional universities in the province. There is no ground for any fear. If the income from its examination fees is reduced, as it will surely be its responsibilities, too, will be reduced; though not quite proportionally. Secondly the university has substantial old endowments and will not lack for funds in the future in a city of merchant princes. Indeed, financially and otherwise it will be in a position to give greater attention to post-graduate teaching and research in general. Above all, in a city of many languages it will have the distinction of demonstrating how the interests of different languages can be safeguarded. We expect it to be a model university.

Frankly, Speaking

Right Diagnosis—What Is The Remedy?

In vivid words that should touch every heart and appeal to every mind Sir Mirza Ismail has painted the horrors of the present communal conflict. All agree with him that the situation is "dynamite" and that, if it is not to explode and take with it others as well as ourselves it must be tackled immediately with determination. The real problem is how precisely it is to be tackled. Sir Mirza says that the only way is to form "a political and economic union, even though it be a loose one", while assuring to each Dominion the largest possible measure of independence. We believe some such attempts, though of a preparatory type, are being made, particularly in India. But they are not making satisfactory progress because they are being condemned by some attempt to strangle the new infant State of Pakistan. Yet Sir Mirza may make his own attempt in the desired directive, prepare a draft scheme of union and see how the two parties react to it. If he finds any hitch let him say where and how the hitch arises so that the public can make precise suggestions as to how the difficulty can be got over.

Anti-Leprosy Campaign

In his presidential address at the All-India Leprosy Workers' Conference at Wardha Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Director-General of Health Services, explained the various difficulties of combating this disease in India. He pointed out that one-fifth of world's lepers were in India and that the present knowledge of curing or preventing the disease was meagre. It is clear that more research on the disease is absolutely necessary and also frequent exchange of notes too, between leprosy workers. It follows too that there should be more special hospitals for lepers for the reason, among others, that thereby the further spread of the disease may be minimised. Of course, all this will demand more funds and more workers. But if Government and public leaders initiate a well-planned campaign we feel there will be no serious difficulty in securing the necessary men and money. The example of the Christian missions engaged in this beneficent work is beyond all praise and it deserves to be widely emulated.

Korea's Misfortune

In the United Nations, the United States has scored another victory over the Soviet Union. The Political Committee has, on U.S. initiative and with the Soviet Union bloc boycotting the vote, decided provisionally to send a roving United Nations Commission into Korea to consult the Korean people on ways and means of assuring early Korean independence. Korea was entitled to immediate and unreserved independence directly after its "liberation" from the long and tyrannical imperialism of Japan. The granting of such independence was a sacred and honourable obligation of the liberators. But Korea's misfortune is that it is strategically situated. It became a victim and a pawn in the Big Power game with the result that after domination by Japan it is now cut up and is under the domination of two "Allies". And it appears to be doomed to that domination for long. It is all very admirable to send a roving Commission. But what material result can it achieve when America and Russia are in conflict and one party has already proclaimed its boycott? Indeed, the roving Commission may not even be allowed in the Soviet half of Korea. This American "victory" is going to prove about as practical as Commissions in Greece.

Indian Literature

Sir,—The unedifying exhibition of clumsy clowning and unseemly buffoonery made by Mr. H. G. Mudgal in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 4th October, 1947, deserves no notice as it is beneath contempt; for the unfortunate writer himself confesses that he is only half educated. If he is really old enough to be my grandfather, as he claims to be, he must be well over a hundred, and perhaps this extreme senility may partially explain his irresponsible pranks. But, unfortunately, the mentality his letter reveals cannot be ignored as it is responsible for the tragedy that has been the history of this country through a hundred generations. It reveals the tragic heredity that makes our Mudgals incapable of any sense of realism and that deprives them of all sense of history. Hence their incapacity and unwillingness to see even patent facts,—a phenomenon observed by Al Biruni 900 years ago. We can bury our heads in sand like the proverbial ostrich; but we cannot bury facts for all time by shutting our eyes to them.—Yours, etc.,

J. E. SANJANA.

Bombay, October 6.

India's Reparation Claims

Washington, Oct. 31 (Reuter) First reparation claims against Japan submitted by 11 Nations to the Far Eastern Commission here show that India claim 12.5 per cent of the total pool believed to be about 14,000,000,000 dollars, it was learned today.

The claims were headed by China with a demand for 40 per cent of the pool.

Percentage claims made by the Nations originally totalled 204.5 per cent. So far, in negotiations since last February, this has been reduced to 188 per cent.

In addition to claims on their own behalf, the countries also submitted the percentages to which they considered other Nations were entitled.

The total of these estimates was only 92 per cent.

Other claims were: Australia 28 per cent, United States 28 per cent, Britain 25 per cent, Philippines 15 per cent, the Soviet Union, France and the Netherlands each 12 per cent. New Zealand two per cent and Canada 1.5 per cent.

GOOD FIELD FOR AMERICAN CAPITAL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31 (API): The American Ambassador to India, Dr. Henry Grady, told a Press Conference that the financial structure of India was good. He thought that India would be a good risk, assuming that there was no development of an adverse nature in the country as a whole.

Dr. Grady said that there were certain American industries which were eager to have joint American-Indian enterprise. They would go ahead as soon as they felt that it was time to put capital in India. Indian industrialists with whom he had talked about partnership arrangements said that American businessmen were not yet ready to go ahead.

"I am pleased to see progress both political and economic in West Bengal under the leadership of your outstanding Governor", added Dr Grady.

Burma Cabinet Changes

RANGOON, Oct. 31 (Reuter): U Hla Tut, the Burmese Finance Minister, is expected to succeed Thakin Lun Baw as Foreign Minister in Cabinet changes which political observers here today forecast would take place next January on the transfer of power to Burma

The Socialist leader U Ko Ko Gyi would become Minister of Commerce in place of U Ba Gyan who would take over Finance, it was also reported.

Thakin Lun Baw has been appointed Chairman of the Public Service Commission, it was officially announced today

Rangoon Police announced today that a Burman named Than Tun, arrested last night, was ring leader of a gang which is alleged to have murdered and kidnapped a number of children in the city during the last few days Most of Rangoon's primary schools were closed two days ago because of a wave of child murders and abduction.

Late Mr. Kelkar

An Appreciation

(BY L. G. KHARE)

The demise of Mr. N. C. Kelkar leaves a void in the political and cultural life of Maharashtra. I should stress the loss in cultural guidance foremost, because although Mr. Kelkar had retired from active participation in political life, he took a vivid and abiding interest in all cultural activities, right up to the end of his earthly career. It was astonishing how, when others of his age would have liked to take a well-deserved rest, with continued devotion to his literary ideals and his desire to see Maharashtra advance in every respect, he was always available for consultation and advice, to preside at meetings and to debate controversial matters with all the zest of a young man.

'Pros' And 'Cons'

In the political field Mr. Kelkar's forte was his ability to see both sides of a question steadily and unerringly. He made almost a fetish of closely analysing the pros' and 'cons' of every political issue he handled. He had a habit of taking down notes, voluminous and readily available, whenever he began to study any question. To journalists like me this passion of his of being well-armed with details was a great help. We could always bank upon his precise knowledge. He did not believe in allowing the heart to dominate the head in determining political issues, although he gave emotion its due place in the ultimate decision. This intense desire to see both sides of a case had, however, the disadvantage that while his political writings were able and convincing and learned, they were of only a limited value in helping along a national mass movement.

Essentially A Scholar

One always felt that Mr. Kelkar was an academic soul who have taken to politics out of a deep sense of duty to his country. During a railway journey, accompanying Lokamanya Tilak to a Congress session, I found the great man was disturbed every time the train stopped. Garlands almost suffocated him, while the call for a "few words of advice" was insistent. In those days our political leaders were not so well 'serviced' as they are now. There was a lack of Pyrelals and Prema Kantaks, of Sushila Nairs and others of that devoted band who make Mahatmaji's journeys less arduous. I asked Mr. Kelkar who was in the same compartment, how he would like to endure these necessary inconveniences of leadership. He had just told me how he thoroughly disliked canvassing for votes and appealing to the public to declare him the better man than the other candidate when contesting an election. He said the Lokamanya could stand these disturbing railway journeys with wonderful stoicism. For him they were unhappy interludes in carrying on political propaganda. The cloistered ease of the scholar's study was much more to his liking than the hurly-burly of an election hustings or the vociferously expressed adoration of an admiring crowd.

Three Don'ts

We had a discussion once about writing short comments on events of the day. It gave me a glimpse of his careful methods of work as a journalist. This was when daily journalism conducted in English for the national cause was just making its headway in Western India. He said, we had a great chance of influencing the growing number of middle class readers whom daily doses of emotional abuse of the bureaucracy would not continue to make much of an appeal. He liked us to express our views in short, separate comments, remembering three points. "Don't go out of your depth," he said, "don't go off at a tangent and don't lose sight of the facts that there is the other point of view." He was confident that with these three guiding lights the daily commentary on public events would achieve rapidly a position of importance and secure a hearing. That would be a factor in advancing the real political education of the country and that was what Mr. Kelkar desired most.

Distinct Feature

He emphasised in our talks that Maharashtra had a special contribution to make to Indian politics. Its methods of approach in raising the political consciousness of the country should be those which take into consideration practical issues. It was only after his return from England that I found he had developed an All-India outlook. It was a distinct feature of his political thought that the fight for liberty should be undertaken step by step. He did not believe much in labels or rigidity in laying down a programme of action. But he believed steadily in widening a knowledge of the conditions that obtained in the country, of the necessary limitations under which an Alien bureaucracy could work and of the urgent necessity of rousing the determination of our middle classes, the backbone of the National Movement, to wrest independence for their country. He would have liked to pursue the 'blow for a blow' method in achieving it, but was far-seeing enough to notice that it was no use frittering away energy in open opposition when the national current was willing to run into non-co-operation channels. One failing, noticed in some politicians, he never had. He was not one of those who pointed at you the exultant finger of justified prophecy and unctuously declare, "I told you so," when events have turned out in the manner they expected

Unique Contribution

His life ran its course like that of many a nationalist intellectual engaged in freedom's cause, but in one respect it was unique. He will be always remembered as a writer of Marathi prose of an exceptional quality. In the field of literature whatever he set his hand to, he achieved in a manner distinguished for its thoroughness and its fineness. As an essayist he was remarkable. As a dramatist he wrote two vigorous plays which are a landmark in the advancement of the Marathi stage. As a novelist he was pleasant and agreeable in his performance, except when he took to preaching in the manner of H.G. Wells. He had a great facility for making apt comparisons and was always willing to help forward those who were anxious to learn the art. I remember, saying to a friend of mine within Mr. Kelkar's hearing as he came up to attend a public meeting in Bombay "Here comes the Poona Edition of the Winter Road Right Honourable." Mr. Kelkar stopped and corrected me, 'The simile is wrong,' he said, "I lack the enviable legal lore—and what it brings."

His industry as an author was prodigious. He had vivacity of expression, virility of style and a vivid conception of the demands fair criticism makes upon its author. If in the new University of Poona a chair is established for the study of comparative criticism, what better tribute can be paid to Mr. Kelkar in the literary domain than that it should be named after him?

Eradicate Poverty In Asia And Build Up Better World

Dr. S. P. Mukerji On How I. L. O. Could Help Usher In Era Of Continuous Peace Through Prosperity

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukerji, India's Supply Minister and Government Delegate, addressing the Asian Regional Conference today, said that unless the I.L.O. could be properly oriented to deal with Asian problems, it would fa as an International Organisation. "We cannot let it fail" he said, "for that would be the end of all truly international effort to promote social progress"

PLEA FOR DIFFERENT APPROACH TO ASIAN PROBLEMS

Calling for a different approach to Asian problems and demanding the fulfilment of the Philadelphia Charter, Dr. Mukerji indicated how the I.L.O. could assist India and Asia to eradicate poverty and build up a better and prosperous world.

The I.L.O. he said, could enlist the co-operation and help of employers and workers in other countries to enable India to organise in a short period the necessary training and technical skill required for the execution of her river and hydro-electric development schemes and her plans for increased agricultural and industrial production.

ERADICATE POVERTY

"If it is true that poverty anywhere means prosperity nowhere", Dr. Mukerji said, "then the eradication of poverty in Asia can and ought to be an end in itself to the prosperous regions of the world not a means to an end, but an object to be pursued solely for the benefit and in the interests of Asian peoples."

INADEQUATE REPRESENTATION FOR ASIA

Dr. Mukerji stressed the need for setting up an adequately staffed Regional Labour Commission on a Tripartite Basis in Asia to study Asian problems systematically and assis the I.L.O. He attributed the neglect of Asia's problems to the inadequate representation Asian countries on the I.L.O and on its Governing Body and pointed out that only eight out of the 54 Member States and five out of 32 on the Governing Body were from Asia

Of almost equal importance was the adequate representation of Asians on the staff of the International Labour Organisations Head Offices at Geneva and Montreal. There were, he was told, at present only 12 Asians in a total of 145 officers, counting from members of sections onwards.

LIBERALISE MEMBERSHIP

Pleading for liberalising the membership of the I.L.O Dr. Mukerji discouraged "making a fetish of so-called international status" He said that a country should be eligible to membership if it accepted the objectives of the I.L.O. and had the necessary Legislative and Executive Authority to carry out its obligations. He made it clear that in asking thus for the admission of more Asian countries, they were not aiming at obtaining a greater control, but were only thinking in terms of contributions not merely of money but of ideas.

The comparative heavy cost which Asian countries had to incur in sending an adequate Delegation to International Labour Conferences usually held in Europe or America had been another obstacle in the close association of Asia with these conferences. Some means must be found of affording them a measure of relief in respect of their financial burden.

SUPPORT TO NEHRU'S PLEA FOR INDUSTRIAL TRUCE

Dr. Mukerji endorsed Pandit Nehru's plea for industrial truce at least for a limited period, so that approaches in which the interests of Labour, Employers and Government coincided might be worked out in unison

SOCIALISM ONLY PANACEA

Earlier Mr. V. V. Giri Government of India Representative in Ceylon and special representative in the Government of India Delegation said that as far as India was concerned, with Pandit Nehru, who believed in a Socialistic Order based on the principles of democracy, as the Prime Minister, gradual nationalisation of the means of production, distribution and exchange would be effected. That was the only panacea for the ills that the country faced today.

Mr. Giri made a reference to Indo-Ceylon relations. The two countries he said, realised that as free countries they must work together for the economic and political emancipation of both countries.

BETTER GIVE VOLUNTARILY

The Workers' Delegate from Singapore Mr. Lim Yew Hock made a plea for implementation of the expressions of sympathy by employers to the workers and warned the employers that it was always honourable to give voluntarily than to be forced to give.

Referring to Sir Shri Ram's plea for increased production, Mr. Lim said there could be no increased production until there was a rise in the standard of living of the workers.

Mr. Lin Sen San, Workers' Delegate from China said the purpose of the Conference should not be merely to review the general labour policy of Asian countries but also to seek implementation with the least delay of I.L.O. Conventions in all Asian countries.

Mr. De Silva, Government delegate from Ceylon said: Ceylon hoped to become a fullfledged member of the I.L.O. in her own right as soon as she became free.

The Conference adjourned till tomorrow.

The Workers Group of the Asian Regional Conference of the I.L.O. today decided to exclude Mr. Doral Raj workers' delegate from French India from its meetings it is understood.

This decision was taken on the ground that "he did not represent the majority of workers."

The Conference Secretariat explained that Mr Doral Raj's exclusion from the proceedings of the Workers' Group did not mean that he was excluded from the Conference.

SECURING REPRESENTATION FOR RURAL LABOUR

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, Bombay, and Government of India Delegate, has sent a Draft Resolution to the Asian Regional Conference of the I.L.O. inviting the Governing Body to consider how best representation could be secured for agricultural and cottage industry workers.

800 ATTEND MOUNTBATTEN'S RECEPTION

The Governor-General Lord Mountbatten held a reception yesterday evening to the delegates and advisers of the Asian Regional Labour Conference. Nearly 800 persons were present including Ministers of Government and members of the Diplomatic Corps.

Smear Campaign Against India

Need For Indian Propaganda In Europe

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The past two months have been a period of sore trial and tribulation for India released from the bonds of an alien domination and the enemies of our freedom and other forces of reaction have rushed in to make political propaganda capital of our misfortunes. The press in U.K. and U.S.A. has put into application against us a highly specialised smear campaign, with the result that even countries of Europe friendly to India have been taken in by the argument that we are incapable of governing ourselves.

On the other hand, the Indian Union has no adequate and competent outfit abroad, in key centres of world opinion like Washington, London, Paris and Prague, to defeat this campaign of slander. The latter could very easily have been countered and, in fact, turned against its authors. This has been done to some extent by Mr. R. K. Karanjia, a very resourceful young Indian journalist, who is now touring Europe, USSR and USA in a non-official capacity and when this correspondent had the good fortune to accompany from London to Prague, via Paris.

Mr. Karanjia arrived in London in the last week of August when the smear campaign was at its worst against India, particularly, Premier Nehru. There was an occasion when the most influential of British papers made some editorial remarks against the Indian Premier. The next afternoon he had luncheon with Mr. Karanjia, who challenged him to cable to his Indian correspondent requesting an honest and unbiassed report on Nehru's role in the communal riots. The editor obliged and was sporting enough to feature in his paper three days later, a splendid tribute to Nehru's efforts, at great personal peril, to end the carnage, which had considerable effect on British public opinion Mr. Karanjia had won his bet and got a return lunch from the editor.

I was a guest together with Mr. Karanjia at an "Indian Independence" luncheon given by the London branch of the Indian and Eastern Newspaper Society to leading businessmen, advertisers and editors. References were made during luncheon to the Indian crisis and its adverse effects on trade and commerce. Being the first Indian Editor to come abroad after August 15th, Mr. Karanjia was asked to address the distinguished gathering. He spoke for nearly 30 minutes and gave a brilliant and very convincing exposition of India's case. Mr Karanjia turned the smear-campaign against Britain herself and concluded with a fine tribute to the personality and humanity of Pt. Nehru which evoked applause from all present. Several editors approached Mr. Karanjia for articles on the Indian problem. One of these contributions was published as a second editorial in a CONSERVATIVE paper.

IN PARIS AND PRAGUE

In Paris and Prague, we continued to do our bit for the country. A conversation we had the Editor of "L'Humanite" Europe's biggest paper, prompted him to call a press conference which Mr. Karanjia addressed. He wrote besides editorials for several French papers putting the India case forcefully. Similarly in Prague the Minister of Information was so impressed with the Indian Editor's viewpoint that he arranged a Press Conference where Mr. Karanjia cleared all existing fallacies and propaganda lies about India.

A great deal was done to make truth prevail, but a great deal more remains to be done. This article is written with the sole object of impressing upon the Indian Government the need of sending out more and more young "salesmen of goodwill" like Mr. Karanjia. All Europe and America and a great part of Britain is avid to know the truth.

At the Prague International Fair farewell party, for example we were the only Indians present and we were literally bombarded with questions about India by representatives of some 50 countries present. Really outstanding among a host of after-dinner speeches was a witty five-minute straight talk given by Mr Karanjia. The international effect both from the political and business points of view of such opportunities cannot be too strongly impressed upon Pt. Nehru and the Indian Union Government.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Some people might think that the acceptance of June 3rd Plan was a mistake on the part of the Muslim League. I would like to tell them that the consequences of any other alternative would have been too disastrous to imagine on our side".

—Quaid-i-Azam M. A. Jinnah.

* * *

Apropos of the reported India-Pakistan leaders' meeting on November 1, Mr. Noel-Baker said in the Commons that he could not disguise that the conference would have to meet grave and urgent problems.

Really? We actually thought it was merely a social tea party.

* * *

Agitated by the Kashmir iron which has apparently run through his whole soul, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the Frontier Prime Minister, has also addressed an "appeal to the Government of Afghanistan, Iran, Turkey and the Governments associated with the Arab League to get ready to face this new danger to the existence of Islam".

A number of other countries and peoples might note that they had been admitted. But that was only because Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan lost his breath and since he did not know what he was talking about he also forgot who he had, in his first breath, appealed to and omitted.

* * *

Recovering somewhat the pink and panting Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, however, declared: "Let me assure the Pakistan Muslims and the Muslims all the world over that Pathans are determined to die to the last man rather than allow the invasion of Kashmir."

So it IS the Pathans after all?

* * *

"Kashmir which", Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, incidentally, added, "is a Muslim state and, therefore, belongs to Pakistan as a matter of right".

We wonder if His Exalted Highness the Nizam would thank Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan.

* * *

Congratulating himself on its lates achievement, Mr. Kasim Razvi, the Hyderabad Majlis chief, told a large audience that he could not allow "the destiny of 25 lakh of Muslims to be plated in Sardar Patel's hands".

25 lakhs of Muslims plus Mr. Pingale Venkatarama Reddy surely?

* * *

By the way, Nawab Moin Nawaz Jung Bahadur, the leader of the new Hyderabad delegation to New Delhi, says that it "has the full support of all sections of th people"

The Nawab Sahib Bahadur has at least proved that he is as good a Minister for Police, Information and Broadcasting as Mr. Razvi is leader of the Majlis-i-Ittehadul Muslimeen.

POONA UNIVERSITY BILL IN BOMBAY ASSEMBLY

POONA, October 31 (API): The need for devising a machinery to safeguard the secular character of the education that would be imparted in the new University of Poona was stressed by Mr. S. A. Dange in a speech supporting the Poona University Bill in the Bombay Legislative Assembly to-day.

Earlier resuming his overnight speech, Mr S. L. Karandikar expressed the view that the limits of the Maharashtra Province might be defined while the Bill was undergoing scrutiny by the Select Committee, to which it was to b referred.

The Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher intervened to ask if the member wished the Government to postpone the consideration of the measure until such time as the Maharashtra Province was delimited. He said he had received representations from the Karnatak suggesting the delaying of this measure and the Premier wanted to know if the member agreed with that view.

Mr Karandikar declared that he was not opposed to any such beneficial measure. He was against representation being given to local bodies on the Court of the University.

Mr Babubhai Patel Mr R. S. Pukerikar, Mrs. Tarabai Modak, Mr B. A. Bhaiji and Mr. R. B. Chopane also participated in the debate.

MORE DUTCH WARSHIPS FOR INDONESIA

A.I.S.F.'s Appeal For Boycott In Indian Harbour

The Secretary of the All India Students' Federation writes:—

The All India Students' Federation has received the following telegram from the World Federation of Democratic Youth's office in Paris.

"Received information further Dutch troopship left Holland for Indonesia. Urge immediate action with Trade Union and Government to ban entry to harbours boycott by dock-workers and youth protest demonstration."

The A.I.S.F. appeals to the All India Trade Union Congress and the dock workers to boycott these Dutch Ships entering Indian harbour. It also appeals to the Indian Union Government and the Pakistan Government not to allow the Dutch ships entry into Indian and Pakistan harbour.

VAN MOOK'S INDONESIAN PUPPETS

BATAVIA, Oct. 31, (Reuter): Four Indonesians today took seats on a Dutch Provisional Committee, named by Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, Lt.-Governor-General of the Netherlands East Indies, which opened discussions with the United Nations Security Council's Mediating Committee here today.

Headed by Raden Abdul Kadir, Government Commissioner of West Java, who will also represent the non-Republican Indonesian groups in Java, the Committee includes Jonkheer H. Van Vredenburgh, Director of the Political Division of the Netherlands Foreign Ministry, Dr. Soemchil, East Indonesian Minister of Justice, Pangeran Kartenegara, Chairman of the Council of East Borneo, and Mr. Dzulkarnain, member of the Council of East Sumatra, and representatives of Dr. Van Mook's Cabinet

An official Dutch statement said the Committee was a "Contact Commission", and there would be no question of a Netherlands delegation as no negotiations were as yet arranged.

The United Nations "peace-making" Committee of three nations—Belgium, Australia and the United States—today conferred with Mr. Van Vredenburgh, who was given a report of the conference at Jogjakarta, Republican capital, between the Committee and the Republican Government.

DEMAND FOR ANOTHER AUTONOMOUS STATE

Sixteen thousand inhabitants of West Sumatra have appealed to the Netherlands East Indies Government for an autonomous state in their region, Dutch sources reported today.

A resolution making the demand was handed to the Dutch Resident, Mr. Van Straten at Padang, Sumatra, after a mass meeting, it was stated.

REPUBLICAN PREMIER'S CALL TO U.N.O.

The Indonesian Republican Prime Minister, Dr. Amir Sjarifudin, tonight called on the Security Council for quick and resolute action "to prevent further death and destruction in Indonesia". His appeal was broadcast from Jogjakarta, the Republican capital.

Dr. Sjarifuddin made two demands which, he said, the Republic nearly three months after the cease fire had been given still believed was necessary to create conditions for a settlement.

The demands were: (1) The Republic's status before the Dutch police action should be recignised unconditionally.

(2) Dutch troops should be withdrawn to the positions held on July 21 before the police action began.

FRESH SUPPLY OF CHOLERA VACCINE FROM INDIA TO PAKISTAN

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30 (A.P.I.): Another 500,000 C.C.S. of cholera vaccine have been supplied by the Government of India in addition to 2,140,000 dozes supplied till October 21, 1947. Arrangements have also been made to fly 2,9,000 dozes from Bombay to Karachi by about the first week of November.

The Pakistan Government originally made a demand for a million and a half C.C.S., which was supplied, and later asked for another two millions. It is expected that by November 10 the entire demand for 3-1/2 million dozes will have been met.

Definite Signs Of Change Of Heart

Suhrawardy Hopeful Of Early Return Of Sanity In Delhi And Punjab

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31 (API) Mr. H. S Suhrawardy giving his impressions of conditions in Delhi and the Punjab in an interview, following his return from a month's tour in those areas, said that conditions had improved in Delhi and people were holding meetings and preaching peace and unity.

There appeared to be a change in the atmosphere, and groups of Hindus were asking Muslims to come back to areas in which they had previously lived. In a number of places in East and West Punjab Hindus and Muslims were moving about together.

In Lahore the Hindus had begun to reopen their shops and most of the shops were intact. The shops had been sealed by the Government and as the Hindu shopkeepers came and asked for permission to reopen those shops were being unsealed. He found in Ambala, Karnal and Panipat that Hindus and Muslims were moving about together. He saw refugee conveys moving in opposite directions and fraternising with each other.

Mr. Suhrawardy considered that the atmosphere in the Punjab would soon become favourable enough for peace missions and brigades going out from Bengal to those areas.

471,000 REFUGEES CROSS OVER TO INDIA

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (API): There were no attacks on trains in the Punjab during the week ending October 30.

Approximately 471,000 refugees have come over from Pakistan into India From East Punjab, no less than 570,000 refugees have crossed into Pakistan through Amritsar and Ferozepore without incident.

The refugee columns are reported to be in good trim and their morale is high. There was little sign of hostility between refugees of both communities who crossed each other en-route.

There has been in increased and regular movement of refugee trains. On an average, two to three double-headed trains carrying refugees cross the border daily from either side.

Movement of refugees by motor transport and air continues. The Military Evacuation Organization, India, are using nearly 1,200 military and civilian vehicles for this purpose.

13 LAKHS AWAIT EVACUATION

SIMLA, Oct. 31 (API): It is authoritatively learnt that so far 21,28,000 people have been evacuated from West Punjab, Bahawalpur State and North-West Frontier Province. There are still 13 lakhs to be evacuated. About 2 lakhs of them are on the move.

NO AUTHORISED SINDHI REFUGEE IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Oct. 31 (API): No authorised Sindhi refugee has arrived in Madras so far, although the Government of Madras have given an undertaking to the Sind Provincial Congress Committee to accommodate, and temporarily rehabilitate, 5,000 of them.

A Press Note today says that so far 133 refugees from West Punjab and Sind have been admitted to the camp in Madras of whom 30 have left for Singapore, Burma, Delhi and Bombay.

RAIDERS FIRE UPON GRAZIERS

SIMLA, Oct. 31 (API): The East Punjab Government Communique today says:

Refugees are reported to be proceeding peacefully on their journey westward everywhere. Progress also continues in the recoveries of looted property and abducted women.

In Amritsar a person was killed by troops on October 27. The graziers of the village of Iauna (Amritsar District) were fired upon by raiders, who drove away with 43 heads of cattle.

In Karnal a bomb exploded in a house recently vacated resulting in one death and four other casualties. This was followed by two stabbings in retaliation.

BAN ON R. S. S.

KARACHI, Oct. 31 (UPI): The District Magistrate of Hyderabad (Sind) has banned the activities of the Rashtra Swayam Sevak Sangh and Rashtriya Sewa Dal within the Hyderabad district under the Public Ordinance as they are subversive to law and order

East Punjab Refugee Students Demand "Riot" Degrees

SIMLA, Oct. 30 (A.P.I.): The establishment of technical and professional institutions like law, medical, engineering, journalism and commerce in East Punjab was demanded in a resolution passed at a meeting of refugee students here.

The meeting also urged the Syndicate of the East Punjab University to award "riot" degrees to students who could not take their examinations due to communal disturbances in the Punjab.

Ghosh Advises Hindus Not To Leave E. Bengal

CALCUTTA, October 31. (API): Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Premier of West Bengal, who returned to Calcutta after a four days tour of Eastern Pakistan, said at a press conference that in every meeting in his tour he advised the Hindus not to be panicky and leave East Bengal, but depend on the goodwill of the majority community. He equally advised minority community to be fair.

Dr. Ghosh added: "During my interviews I realised that there was a sense of uneasiness in the minds of the minority community. This appears to be born out of mutual distrust. The remedy I find is to impress upon them not to think in terms of exodus. I have no doubt that the East Bengal Government also will deal with the situation actfully and sympathetically and help in restoring confidence where needed.

Gandhiji Says:

No Forcing Of Religion On Unwilling Heart

NEW DELHI, October 31 (API):—Following is the authorized version of Mahatma Gandhi's post prayer speech:—

"Two persons had again objected to the recitation of the verses from the Quran at Gandhiji's prayer meeting, one of the objectors being the same who had objected the previous evening.

Speaking after prayers, Gandhiji congratulated the objectors on their exemplary restraint and the audience for having maintained perfect calm.

Gandhiji then mentioned about the visit of some Muslim friends, who had complained about forcible conversions of hundreds of Muslims to Hinduism and Sikhisms. Condemning such reported conversions, Gandhiji said that religion could not be forced upon an unwilling heart.

CALLERS ON GANDHIJI

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister and Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai called on Mahatma Gandhi this morning.

Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Secretary General, External Affairs, met Mahatma Gandhi for a second time in the evening.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur called on Mahatma Gandhi after prayer.

Earlier, Dr. Calver and Dr. Brnier who have been working for refugees also met Mahatma Gandhi.

MOUNTBATTEN VISITS NEHRU

NEW DELHI, October 31 (UPI):—Lord Mountbatten, Governor-General of India, called on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, this afternoon and had talks with Pandit Nehru.

Mrs. Indira Gandhi, daughter of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, told the United Press of India this morning that the Prime Minister had a restful night and a good sleep yesterday. Pandit Nehru is however weak and tired

Junagadh Govt.'s Allegations Refuted

RAJKOT, October 31 (API): The Regional Commissioner of Rajkot, Mr N. M. Buch, to-day denied the allegation made by the Junagadh Government in a bulletin issued by their Publicity Officer that armed elements of the Indian Union had been using Junagadh territory for attack on, and occupation of, outlying villages in Junagadh.

Mr. Buch said it was incorrect that Indian Union forces had crossed Junagadh territory. They had strict instructions not to do so. On the other hand he had definite knowledge that Junagadh forces had crossed into Indian Union territory.

U. S. Film Group To Sue Censor

HOLLYWOOD, (Reuter): The American film industry is to begin court action against the censorship board of Memphis, Tennessee, for banning a new picture, "Curlov", in which white children and children of other races appear in the same scenes.

United artist published a letter written by Mr Llyod T. Binford, Chairman of the Memphis board in which Mr. Binford said the picture was not approved because the South did not permit Negroes in white schools nor recognise social equality between the races, even in children.

Mr. Eric A. Johnston, President, of the Motion Picture Association of America said the letter showed outrageous political censorship.

Inland Mails By Air Suspended

BOMBAY, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): Due to requisition of Private Company Aircraft by the Government of India, the carriage of inland mails by air except for places situated on the Bombay-Karachi, Bombay-Delhi and Bombay-Calcutta routes, have been temporarily suspended.

KASHMIR PREMIER'S REPLY TO PAKISTAN'S CHARGES

(Continued from Page 1)

Prime Minister Mr. Batra at some length for a day.

When I took over on the 15th October, I at once had an interview and a very friendly and cordial talk with him. I made it quite clear that no negotiations were possible at that stage unless a favourable and friendly atmosphere was created in which such negotiations could be carried out.

I told him in clearest possible language that unless the economic blockade was removed and raids from West Punjab on the State border stopped, it was not possible to carry on friendly connections and that such attitude on the part of the Pakistan Government would force us to accede to the Indian Dominion.

NO NEGOTIATION UNDER DURESS

I further made it clear that I could not negotiate a treaty or discuss the question of accession under coercion and duress. Finally, the interview ended with the remark that if a gesture of goodwill to a certain extent was made by the Pakistan Government, I will reciprocate to a much large extent and would pay a visit to Karachi to meet the Qaid-e-Azam, and the Premier of Pakistan. I wonder how, in these circumstances, the press note states that an interview was refused to the representative of the Pakistan Government by the Premier of Kashmir.

NO INVITATION TO KARACHI

The second mis-statement that needs correction is that I was invited in a telegram sent by the Qaid-e-Azam to His Highness to come to Karachi for discussion and I gave no reply.

I have got the original telegram with me and I have read it and re-read it and I find no invitation to me to come to Karachi.

Possibly, the Pakistan Government keeps different copies of telegrams than those issued to other Governments: If any such message came to His Highness from Qaid-e-Azam it could not have been ignored. His Highness and myself were touring the State and we got that telegram on the 24th when actual invasion of the State territory had started. A reply to the telegram after invasion was considered unnecessary.

NO DISCOURTESY TO QAID-E-AZAM

It has been suggested that the Kashmir Government showed discourtesy in not showing its willingness to receive a visit from the Qaid-e-Azam in September last before I took up office here. I have ascertained the circumstances about that question. The Qaid-e-Azam wanted to spend a fortnight in Kashmir to recover his health. No political talks were indicated in the request made by the Military Secretary. As the conditions were unsatisfactory in the State capital owing to the agitation of the Muslim Conference (Muslim League) against the State the Military Secretary was informed that it would be embarrassing to the Durbar to have the Qaid-e-Azam in Srinagar which might lead to fan that agitation and create unnecessary worry to the Qaid-e-Azam and he may not be able to have the rest that he wanted by visiting Kashmir.

It was also pointed out that in suggesting the postponement of the visit, the Government also wished to avoid the possibility of any unpleasant incident which may take place owing to the conflict which existed actively in various political parties. The Qaid-e-Azam appreciated the view point of the State. No discourtesy to the Qaid-e-Azam was intended. His Highness' Government could not be guilty of any disrespect to the Governor-General of a neighbouring Dominion.

PAKISTAN RESPONSIBLE FOR WHAT HAPPENED

In the end, I wish to repeat that it is wholly wrong that the question of accession was already decided and the State Government was seeking an opportunity and an excuse to accede to the Indian Dominion. On the other hand, the State Government was keen to keep an attitude of neutrality till normal conditions in the State and outside were restored and it wanted friendly relations with both the Dominions but circumstances forced the Government to take an immediate decision and the sole responsibility for what happened is on the Pakistan Government's own policy of coercion by invasion.

(SEE PAGE 9)

PLEA FOR U.N.O. INTERVENTION

RAWALPINDI, Oct. 31. (A.P.I.): Immediate intervention of the Security Council of the United Nations organisation in the Kashmir affair "to save the situation from further deterioration leading to the third world war", is sought by the Kashmir Muslim Association in a resolution adopted today.

The resolution urged upon the Government of Pakistan and other Islamic countries of the world to recognise the Provincial Government of Azad Kashmir, and stated "The ruthless persecution of Muslims in the Jammu and Kashmir State by the enormous hordes of Dogra and Indian troops is challenge to the U.N.O. Charter and threat to the world peace

Bill To Amend Parliamentary Act

LONDON, Oct. 31. (U. P. A.): The Labour Party opened its attack on the Tory-packed House of Lords today when Home Secretary Chuter Ede presented in the House of Commons a Bill to amend the Parliamentary Act of 1911.

The Bill presented on behalf of Prime Minister Attlee was read formally for the first time The debate normally takes place on the second reading of a Bill.

The Home Secretary also presented the Criminal Justice Bill.

KASHMIR REPEATEDLY TURNED DOWN OFFERS FOR FRIENDLY TALK

Pakistan Govt.'s Secretary-General Denies State Premier's Charges

LAHORE, Oct. 30 (API): The Secretary General, Pakistan Government in a statement to the Press tonight characterised as "entirely untrue" the statement of Mr. Meherchand Mahajan, Prime Minister of Kashmir that "an appeal was made to the Governor-General of Pakistan for intervention but without success".

The Secretary General said, "As far back as September, the Qaid-e-Azam, Governor-General of Pakistan, had suggested to His Highness the Maharaja that he would like to go to Kashmir about the middle of September hoping that he might have a friendly talk with the Maharaja, but that was emphatically turned down on the ground that it was highly undesirable.

When certain allegations and complaints were made by the Kashmir Government to the Prime Minister of Pakistan on the second of October the Prime Minister of Pakistan suggested to the Prime Minister of Kashmir that the matter should be discussed by representatives of the two Governments. The reply given by the Prime Minister of Kashmir was that at the moment he was too busy Nevertheless Pakistan Government sent a representative of their Ministry of Foreign Affairs and States to Srinagar to discuss these matters with the State authorities. The Prime Minister of Kashmir refused to hold discussions with him and he had to return.

DEMAND FOR ENQUIRY

The Secretary General went on to say: "On October 15 the Prime Minister of Kashmir in a telegram to the Prime Minister of Pakistan threatened that unless Pakistan agreed to an impartial inquiry into the matters alleged by him in order to restore cordial relations, he would be compelled to ask for outside assistance. The Prime Minister of Pakistan, he added, at once accepted the proposal for an impartial enquiry, asked the Prime Minister of Kashmir to nominate Kashmir representative for this purpose, and stated that he would nominate a representative of Pakistan, so that the inquiry could proceed at once But for some mysterious reason no further reference has been made to this matter by Kashmir.

NO RESPONSE

While the Prime Minister of Pakistan was still waiting for a reply to this telegram accepting the proposal for an impartial enquiry on Oct 18 the Prime Minister, Kashmir, in a telegram to Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, repeated all his allegations against Pakistan and threatened to seek outside assistance. On October 20, the Qaid-e-Azam sent a telegram to His Highness the Maharaja, as the head of Kashmir Government, which was the only proper course he could adopt, and requested him to send the Prime Minister of Kashmir to Karachi for discussions in order to smooth out difficulties and adjust matters in a friendly way. No reply was sent by the Maharaja not-withstanding the Qaid-e-Azam's reminder after waiting for four days. Hence ultimately the Qaid-e-Azam informed that he would release his telegram to the Maharaja to the Press and this he did on the 25th instant.

In view of these facts on record, it is amazing that Mr. Mahajan, the Prime Minister of Kashmir, should have broadcast the statement that intervention of the Governor-General of Pakistan was sought but in vain."

AIR COMPANIES' WILLING CO-OPERATION

India Govt.'s Thanks

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31, (A.P.I.): As a result of the Government of India's decision to give military aid to the Kashmir State, it has been found necessary to bring a certain number of civilian aircraft into use, says a Press Note. This has led to the temporary suspension of a number of scheduled air services. Restricted air services between the bigger cities of India and adjoining countries are being continued.

The services which are still in operation are:

Calcutta-Delhi,
Delhi-Bombay,
Bombay-Madras-Colombo,
Calcutta-Bombay,
Bombay-Karachi,
Delhi-Karachi.

The Government of India have received the willing co-operation of all air companies in India in this operation. They particularly wish to express their appreciation of the readiness with which pilots, crews and ground staff have offered their services without regard to the difficulties inherent in such an operation.

More Planes From Bombay Answer India Govt.'s Call

BOMBAY, Friday

Six Dakota airplanes took off for New Delhi from city airports this morning in response to the India Government's urgent call for augmenting troop movements to Kashmir, bringing the number of planes despatched to 20.

Engineers, flying crew, administrative officials, radio officers and traffic staff flew in the planes which also carried spare parts and equipment.

Except skeleton services on the Bombay-Karachi, Bombay-Delhi and Bombay-Calcutta routes all airline traffic stands completely dislocated. This condition will obtain for at least the next 20 days, it was stated.

Air India flew three of their DC-3s to Delhi this morning. This brings the number of Air India aircraft at the disposal of the Union Government to about ten. More will take off tomorrow morning and Air India have wired Madras, Colombo, Bangalore, Cochin and Trivandrum to return all their aircraft to Bombay.

In a telegram to Premier Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mistri Airways wired this morning: "Have suspended all regular services on the Bombay-Calcutta route and sent our six DC-3s to Delhi with 16 pilots, 7 radio officers, 9 engineers, 40 mechanics, 5 traffic staff, spare parts and equipment." The Company stated that besides the six already sent, they had still one more Dakota which they would be despatching shortly.

AMBICA AIRLINES

All the five DC-3 aircraft of the Ambica Airline have been flown to the Capital Their Bombay-Ahmedabad-Baroda and Bombay-Rajkot-Morvi flights remain suspended.

An official of Air India stated that the Company had about 17 DC-3s at their disposal. "We intend to make all of them available to the India Government," he stated, pointing out that till their return, air traffic to the South will stand completely paralysed while only sporadic skeleton services will afford air-links between Bombay Karachi, Delhi and Calcutta.

Air Services of India have also suspended their services and flown all available aircraft to Delhi.

The overnight suspension of air traffic came as a surprise to many passengers who had booked their tickets many days in advance. This morning large numbers of them besieged the Company offices for information.

A representative of the 'Chronicle' was told that the money refund on account of the unforeseen developments would be in full and all those who had purchased tickets far ahead of the schedules have been asked to get back the amounts.

It was also stated that the skeleton Viking services from Bombay to Delhi and Karachi may not carry any passengers at all but are intended for catering to military and other needs of Government.

BHARAT AIRWAYS

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (A.P.I.): Bharat Airways (Birla Lines) have placed at the disposal of the Government of India six Dakotas, two Avros and one Wayfarer ever since the trouble in Kashmir started, it is learnt here. These planes are being utilised for the transport of men and ammunition to Srinagar and have carried out regular sorties.

CHINESE REDS CAPTURE STRONGHOLD NEAR GREAT WALL

Battle For Kirin Intensified

NANKING, October 31 (Reuter):—Chinese Communist troops to-day captured Yulin, an important stronghold near the Great Wall of China in the north of Shensi Province, according to Government messages reaching here.

Yulin is 100 miles north of Yenan Communist headquarters captured earlier this year by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's Government troops.

Six Communist brigades battered the Nationalist garrison, which had been supplied during the past two days by Government planes.

There have been no indications so far as to whether Communists will now try to regain Yenan, which, according to all available independent reports is weakly held.

BATTLE FOR KIRIN

The struggle for Kirin, vital power supply city for Changchun, Manchurian capital, has been intensified, but Government dispatches claimed Communist casualties already total more than 2,000, mostly caused by air bombings and strafings.

CHANGTU FALLS TO GOVERNMENT TROOPS

Along the Changchun-Mukden railway, Government troops were said to have recaptured the city of Changtu, important railway junction midway between Szepingkai and Tehling. Routed Communist forces were reported retreating in disorder.

South of the Great Wall, Communist Guerrilla forces were once again threatening the Hopei provincial capital, Paoting, on the Peiping-Hankow railway, after their capture of Hsinan, about 20 miles to the east.

Loch Ness Monster— Australian Variety

MELBOURNE, (Reuter): A mysterious black creature that spouts, swims against a strong current, and whistles loudly at night, is frequent subject of discussion in the Swan Hill district of Victoria, Australia.

Apparently the animal has been in the neighbourhood for many weeks, but the only men who can claim to have seen it—Messrs. C.L. and J. S. Moser, of Swan Hill and Mr. A. Rice of Bendigo—have been reluctant to tell their story without further verification.

Mr. C. L. Moser said he with his brother and Mr. Rice first saw the creature lying on the edge of the river one night in August. It seemed to be 3 ft 6 ins. long and black.

A month later they heard splashing in the same spot and saw the "object" swim up steam against a strong current at walking pace. It whistled when it stopped on a mud bank.

The creature's head and neck were about 9 inches thick. About a foot of it was out of the water and it was spouting water about 5 ft in the air, apparently from its neck.

Children in the neighbourhood where the whistling has been heard air, apparently from its need.

R

ADVANCE QUOTAS OF GUR for the period ending 31st October, were issued to consumers in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District before the 20th September, 1947. The quota of Gur for the month of November will be issued to ration card and permit holders with effect from November 2, 1947. Ration Cardholders will get Gur at the rate of 1 lb. per month per Ration Card, irrespective of whether it belongs to an adult or a child. Establishments having foodgrain and/or sugar permits will get Gur at the rate of 3 ozs. per month on each foodgrain unit on a ration permit and 2 ozs. on each sugar unit on a sugar permit.

Ration card holders will get their supplies either in special or first quality according to stocks available with the ration shops where their cards are registered and catering and manufacturing establishments will get first quality gur only.

Establishments having neither foodgrains nor sugar permits should apply to the Controller of Rationing, Fort, Bombay, for supply of gur as usual.

Second quality gur is now being sold off the ration card or permit and cattle and horse owners can get their requirements freely in this quality.

D. F. KARAKA:

Off My Chest

Mr. Nagindas Master is reported to have paid a tribute to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel whom he described as the Iron Man of the Congress. Mr. Master remarked that "he with his firmness and determination had steered the ship of the Congress successfully many a time through rough and stormy water."

My mistake. I thought the Sardar was our Home Member.

* * *

Mayor Sabavala is obviously photogenic, judging from the number of photographs that have appeared of him in the last few weeks.

We have a lady sheriff but she doesn't have a look in with the Mayor using up all the space.

It is rumoured in the vicinity of the Asian Club that a recent American visitor to Bombay, who represents one of the Hollywood film manufacturers, was so impressed with the Mayor's pictures in the papers that he asked for a personal interview with the Mayor with a view to offer him a Hollywood part. Apparently the deal did not come off because the part the American had in mind was that of Curly Top.

Sabavala wouldn't play Curly op.

* * *

The Racing Season begins with the great and momentous decision of the R.W.I.T.C. regarding the nationality of Indian-bred horses. There is a likelihood of a Stewards' Meeting at which the Stewards will be shouting "Hindu-Muslim ghora ek hai."

There is no guarantee, however, that the horses will agree.

* * *

Mr. Morarjee Desai has been visiting the stud farms. He is reported to have been very excited and thrilled at the Race meeting in Poona he attended.

As someone explained to the Home Minister racing indirectly helps agriculture.

Bookmakers, please note.

Truman Cites Importance Of Civil Rights

WASHINGTON, October 29—President Truman to-day expressed the hope that the report of his Civil Rights Committee, made public today, might serve as "an American charter of human freedom in our time."

In a statement issued in connection with the report, the President said he would "read and study this report with great care and I recommend to all my countrymen that they do the same thing.

The President noted that the title of the report, "To Secure These Rights," was taken from the American Declaration of Independence. He then stated: "I hope this committee has given us as broad a document as that—an American charter of human freedom in our time.

"The need for such a charter was never greater than at this moment. Men of good will everywhere are striving, under great difficulties, to create a world-wide moral order, firmly established in the life of nations. For us here in America, a new charter of human freedom will be a guide for action; and in the eyes of the world it will be a declaration of our renewed faith in the American goal—the integrity of the individual human being, sustained by the moral consensus of the whole nation, protected by a government based on equal freedom under just laws."

Meanwhile, Philip Murray President of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, issued a statement pledging CIO's fullest support in bringing the Civil Rights Committee's findings to the American public. He called the report an "important milestone in the development and diffusion of American democracy."—USIS

'CHATTO'

Who was Chatto? In death as in life Virendranath Chattopadhyaya was something of a mystery. Though he passed away six years ago in Moscow—as a Soviet Citizen—it was only last week that the news was officially confirmed. Mr. M. P. T. Acharya who was a close associate of "Chatto" in his revolutionary activities in Europe, contributes a sketch of the valiant fighter for India's freedom to the next issue of the "B. C. Weekly."

Do not miss this article on any account. Incidentally "Chatto" was a brother of Governor Sarojini and Poet Harin.

Kuar Singh

The thrilling exploits of Bihar's Octogenarian Patriot during the first war of liberation in 1857.

Centennial Tribute

To Cervantes, the creator of "Don Quixote",—the mile-stone in the history of mankind.

The Prophets

The golden age of prophecies: an amusing resume. Far and near in the scale of time they have flourished when they have played safe by "time."

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Weekly

Sunday, Nov. 2

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P.K. SEN'S DRUGS & CHEMICAL WORKS
CHITTAGONG

CURRENT—

*

Swastik
PRINCE AND BEGGAR GIRL

The Ranjit studio has become well-known for turning out films with mechanical regularity. In its latest, PUJARI, released yesterday, we are offered a semi-devotional photoplay.

A priest brings up his daughter, Purnima, to be a 'Pujari' and to dance before the gods. A prince happens to come to worship at the temple and stays to adore the beautiful Purnima. However, even royalty cannot wean away the old father from his purpose, which is to dedicate his daughter for ever to the temple gods. But fate has willed otherwise and Purnima eventually becomes the prince's consort.

The title role is played by Mumtaz Shanti, with Masood as the Prince, under the baton of Aspi. Colourful and flamboyant costumes are a feature of the film which contains Pandit Indra's songs set to music by Hansraj Bahel.

*

Minerva
FALLEN WOMAN CHAMPIONED

In Minerva Movietone's MANJDHAR, veteran Sohrab Modi sets out to hold the cudgels on behalf of a repentant woman who has broken her marriage vows.

Jealous of her poet husband's preoccupation with his art, Chandrani forsakes her home in the company of her lover who proves himself base. Regretting her error, the unfaithful wife returns to her husband who is willing to forgive her. But Society will not accept her and the couple face ostracism. The rest of the narrative goes on to hold a brief for the erring wife.

Surendra enacts the poet's role, Khurshid plays the wife who strays and Baby Tabasum is the unhappy child of the union. The lover's part falls to the lot of Sadiq Ali.

The tunes of Ghulam Haider, Gyan Dutt and Anil Biswas embellish this picture.

*

Krishna
LOVE OF A TRAMP

Though its makers, All India Pictures, claim absolute originality for their picture DOLI, its story reminds one strongly of Chaplin's "City Lights".

A tramp falls in love with a poor girl who is blind. He undergoes great hardship and even takes a prison sentence in his stride, to procure the necessary funds for an eye operation. When he meets the girl after her sight has been restored, she fails to recognise her benefactor. Seeing her happily married to the doctor who had operated on her, the tramp passes out of her life without divulging his identity.

Sulochana Chatterji, Wasti, Jayant, Madhuri and Sushil Kumar head the cast, under the direction of Ojha.

*

Imperial
MEERA GLORIFIED

Shalimar's MEERABAI is a screen biography of the singing saint. How she was inspired to compose some of her chants, forms the basis of this interesting celluloid narrative.

Neena plays the least glamorous but sincerest role of her career in the title part. Tiwari, Parvez and Sham are in support of the star, the second named playing the husband of Meera.

The songs in the film are the main attraction for lovers of devotional tunes.

*

Royal Opera House
BOY SAINT

The saints of Hindu mythology are a favourite subject with our producers. In Prakash's BHAKTA DHRUV, we see unfolded the life of the boy saint who fled to the forest due to the disgust engendered in him by the malice of his royal step-mother who wished to deprive him of succession to the throne, so as to enable her own flesh and blood to ascend the 'gadi'.

To Shashi Kapoor has fallen the difficult task of resurrecting the saint on the screen. Mridula plays his real mother, while Shantarin takes the part of the scheming queen.

Pandit Indra's songs and the music of Shanker Rao Vyas are to be found in this picture directed by Shantikumar.

*

Super And Kamal
TRIANGULAR MELODRAMA

Bombay Talkies' NATEEJA confront us with the hoary romantic triangle and the manifold complications that result from the cross-currents of emotions. The wife whose husband is lured away from her side by a seductive temptress, is, of course, presented with the usual halo round her sorrowing head.

The faithful spouse is played by Shamim, the unfaithful one by Yaqub and the serpent who offers the apple, by Rehana.

This heavy-going melodrama was directed by Najam Naqvi and contains the music of Rashid Atra.

*

"SARDI" REVIEWS OUR SCREEN

Left: Maya Devi in "Raasta", awaiting release at the Capitol. Right: Mumtaz Shanti in Ranjit's "Pujari" currently showing at the Swastik.

*

Put Sense Into Publicity Nonsense

Good Wine Needs No Bush

By "SARDI"

Publicity departments often have the temerity to send advance reports of a film about to be released, lauding its "triumphant success", as though such an eventuality were already a 'fait accompli'. What is worse, some 'critics" reproduce, verbatim, such deceptive reports, without bothering to see the film for themselves and to verify its exaggerated praise and the declared "crowded houses".

Such a state of affairs must forthwith cease, for it amounts to nothing less than duping the public with false reports.

HOWLERS

Often publicity agents in their zeal to boost their bosses' products to the skies, commit howlers worse than the printer's devil. Here is one such, describing the buxom leading lady of a picture—"The boniest star of all". Such jugglery excites ridicule rather than the temptation to see the bonny specimen of womanhood.

Publicists must learn to leash both their fancy and their ardour in describing films prior to their release. Not all the superlatives in the dictionary will draw crowds to the box-office once they discover a film to be a flop. Moreover, it is never in the interests of a film to over-praise it before its premiere, as it is likely to lead to grave disappointment if the picture does not come up to expectation. D. R. D. Wadia's SHIKARA, adapted from Dewan Sherar's "The Gong of Shiva" and Baburao Patel's 'Draupadi', are two examples of films that flopped because they fell short of the extravagant hopes engendered by the advance publicity.

PRODUCERS AND THE PRESS

Often unpretentious pictures, released with little 'ballyhoo' click remarkably well as in the case of New Theatres' HAMRAHI. The content's not merely the cover of a book, make it a best-seller. So also with a film and its box-office returns.

The best method of publicity is to ensure more co-operation between film-makers and the Press. Instead of producers showering critics with invitations to 'muhurut' ceremonies, they should solicit of them visits to the studios to see pictures in the making and to get acquainted with the methods of film productions, so that they can better appreciate and analyse the finished product.

—PHOTOPLAYS

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Only Able Candidates

Revised Congress Policy For City Municipal Elections

BOMBAY, Friday.

Communal, party or other parochial considerations will be eschewed in the setting up of candidates by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for the forthcoming general elections to the City Municipal Corporation. The only test to be applied will be merit and merit alone of the candidate.

This vital departure from the old policy of the Congress, strictly confining the selection of candidates only to proved Congressmen, was disclosed by Mr. S. K. Patil, B.P.C.C. President, today at an emergency meeting of the Committee.

The B.P.C.C. decided to extend the time-limit for receiving applications of intending candidates to the ensuing Municipal elections to November 7.

Speaking on this motion, Mr. Patil observed that the coming elections would be the most important in the history of the Bombay Municipal Corporation in that the elections would be held on the basis of adult franchise for the first time. Things had changed after August 15 and the political aspect need not play an important part in these elections. Neither communalism, provincialism nor even length of service in the Congress could be the basis for selection, he asserted.

"We have to choose people who are in a position to render efficient and selfless service to the city in civic matters. Only such persons would be selected who are able and competent, who can continuously give time for the civic services and, above all, who have a sense of responsibility and a desire for public service" Mr. Patil declared.

Emphasising that the Corporation should be made a people's organisation in the real sense of the term, the B.P.C.C. President said that the widest possible representation should be given to the working class and women. He made it clear that efforts would be made to find suitable candidates from among the workers who could give their best to the city, thereby serving their class as well. "The Congress is fully convinced that the time has come when it is necessary in national interest to give maximum scope to the talent and genius of women in this country. Surely their claim will not go without proper consideration". Mr. Patil assured.

The B.P.C.C. earlier passed a resolution condoling the death of the late Mr. N. C. Kelkar.

NEWS FROM STATES

INDORE, October 31 (F.O.C.)—The Central Working Committee of the Indore Rajya Praja Mandal today approved the draft of the resolution appointing a Committee of 25 persons to prepare within 4 months, a constitution for introducing responsible Government in Indore State. The resolution will be moved in the special session of the Indore Legislative Council on November 17 by the Praja Mandal Legislature Party which commands a handsome majority in the Council.

Securities of Rs. 6,000 have been demanded by the Government of Alwar State (Rajputana) from 'Swatantra Bharat', weekly organ of the Praja Mandal at Alwar and the printing press which printed the paper. The Government of Kotah State has refused to grant a fresh declaration for the Socialist Weekly 'Jai Hind' of the State. A security of Rs. 450 deposited by the paper had recently been forfeited by the State necessitating a fresh declaration, it may be stated.

The Government of Gwalior State has prohibited the fixing of any flag on a private car plying in the State. The State cars will, however, be allowed to fix the State flags.

Resignation, based on some differences with the Ruler, is reported of the Prime Minister of Jodhpur State (Rajputana), Mr. C. S. Venkatachari.

Mr. Pukhraj Singhi, nominee of the Praja Mandal, has been included in the State Cabinet of Sirohi State (Rajputana).

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Oct. 31 (API): The President of the Hyderabad State Hindu Mahasabha, in a telegram to the Nizam, states that only the representatives of a real responsible Government should be included in the State Government's Delegation negotiating with the Indian Union.

The telegram, copies of which have been sent to the Governor-General, Prime Minister and Minister for States of the Indian Union, adds that the present Delegation does not command the confidence of the Hindus, who form 90 per cent of the State's total population, and that it will neither express the people's will, nor bring relief to the Hindu masses.

RAJKOT, October 30 (F.O.C.): Through the efforts of Swami Shree Sarvanandji, and with the support of the Maharaja Jam Saheb and the Maharani of Nawanagar State a Mahavir Dal has recently been organised at Jamnagar.

The District Magistrate of Ahmedabad has extended the the arms ban at Viramgam for a month with effect from November 1.

The first widow-remarriage among the Patidars of Gujarat took place recently at Nadiad, between Mr. Jashbhai Patel, a leading Harijan Sevak in Gujarat, and Shrimati Jayaben, daughter of Mr. Ranchhodbhai M. Desai of Nadiad.

The opening ceremony of an up-to-date clinic was recently performed at Palitana by Dr. Ichhashankar Oza, Chief Medical Officer in Palitana State.

BANGALORE, Oct. 30 (UPI): The new Government would work in the best interest of the State and there would be no distinction of caste, colour or creed, said Mr. K. C. Reddy, Minister, addressing a public meeting organised by Mysore Muslims last night.

Addressing the University students, the Chief Minister announced that the Government had waived the recovery of fees from students for 2 months during which colleges were closed.

Mr. K. C. Reddy exhorted those who had taken part in the Satyagrana campaign to turn their attention towards the constructive work which was the need of the hour. He was speaking at a reception given by the Satyagrahis.

DHRANGADHRA, Oct. 31 (F.A.C.): His Highness the Maharaja of Dhrangadhra hoisted the Union Flag on Deshera on the Delhi Gate, in Dhrangadhra in the presence of a large gathering.

The Flag was honoured by a guard of Honour, gunfire and the sounding of one of the 2 historical war drums which are sounded only on special occasions like accession of a new Ruler.

His Highness directed that the Union Flag should henceforth permanently fly on this Gate to commemorate India's independence and the State's accession to the Union of India.

Addressing the gathering, the Maharaja said: "The flag we are going to hoist today is a beautiful creation and I congratulate those who devised it. I wonder how many of us realise the significance of the Flag which represents our past glory, our present spirit, and our future aspirations: Its three colours—saffron, white and green—do not represent communities as some may suppose. The saffron stands for Courage and Service; the white stands for Peace and Truth; and the green for Love and Prosperity.

"Dashera is essentially the celebration of Victory. It is however after more than 150 years that we are celebrating this festival without humiliated and fallen hearts, for now we stand with our heads held high as equal of all the other free peoples of the world"

MIRAJ Oct. 31 (UPI): "It is not impossible for the States to merge themselves individually in the provinces. But if they go in a group they may get better terms and get bargain with better honour", writes Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Vice-President of the All India States' People's Conference, in reply to certain questions.

He adds: 'The Indian Union will gladly consider, nay the province concerned will consider the proposal of a State to join it favourably. For any such proposal to fructify there should be an agreement between the Ruler and the people concerned".

BOMBAY, Oct. 31 (API): The Maharaja of Mysore gave the following message to the Mysore Aid Committee in Bombay through Mr. N. S. Gubbi, President of the Aid Committee, when the latter interviewed His Highness on October 26: "I am very happy to observe that Mysoreans residing outside the State and in Bombay in particular have always kept up the high traditions of Mysore. I convey my regards to all Mysoreans wherever they may be, and assure them that their interests and welfare are uppermost in my heart"

PATIALA Oct. 31 (API) The Maharaja of Nabha has accepted the resignation of Sardar Sant Singh, Chief Minister of the State.

SANGLI Oct. 31 (API): The Standing Committee of the All-India States Peoples Conference has in a resolution congratulated those Princes who have joined the Deccan States Union on having "set an example to their fellow-Princes in India in the matter of reorganising small States in order to place them into the Indian Federation"

MIRAJ Oct. 31 (UPI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Member in charge of States of the Government of India, is expected to inaugurate the Deccan States' Constituent Assembly. A deputation consisting of Dr. Gokhale Premier of Miraj, Mr. B. V. Shikhare, Member of the Standing Committee of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference and Mr. Patankar, General Secretary of the Deccan States' Regional Council, waited recently on Sardar Patel in connection with the United Deccan State Scheme which he is said to have approved generally.

LIVERPOOL DOCK PICKETS LIE ACROSS RLY. TRACK

LIVERPOOL, October 31 (Reuter): Pickets on Liverpool docks laid their bodies across railway tracks here last night trying to stop a special train bringing 50 seamen to complete the crew of the troopship "Empress of Scotland" held up by the unofficial seamen's strike it was reported early to-day.

When police dragged them from the rails, a crowd of 300 strikers stormed the train and tried to persuade the relief seamen to join them. Only one man left the train, however, and the others boarded the 'Empress of Scotland" as planned.

The liner was expected to leave this morning with troops for the Middle and Far East.

PAKISTAN REFUSES TO RECOGNISE KASHMIR'S ACCESSION TO INDIA

"Action Based On Fraud And Violence"

LONG LIST OF CHARGES AGAINST STATE

Communique From Lahore Says Suggestion Of "Plebiscite Is Put Forward To Mislead People"

LAHORE, OCT. 31 (API): "IN THE OPINION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN THE ACCESSION OF KASHMIR TO THE INDIAN UNION IS BASED ON FRAUD AND VIOLENCE, AND AS SUCH CANNOT BE RECOGNISED", SAYS A PRESS "COMMUNIQUE" ISSUED HERE LAST NIGHT.

The "communique" adds: "The reference to a plebiscite for Kashmir is merely put forward to mislead people as it ostensibly seems attractive but as a practicable proposition it remains on paper.

"If the India Government are allowed to act freely and unfettered as they please by virtue of having already occupied Kashmir and landed their troops there, then this Eldorado of plebiscite will prove a mirage".

The "communique" maintains that the Pathan raid on the State territory was provoked by the use of Kashmir troops to attack and kill Muslims in Kashmir and for this "the policy of the Kashmir Government was solely responsible".

TEXT OF "COMMUNIQUE"

The following is the text of the "communique:—

The Government of Pakistan have considered carefully the situation that has arisen from the accession of Kashmir to the Indian Dominion and the simultaneous despatch of Indian troops to that State.

In his letter of Oct. 26 to the Governor-General of India, His Highness the Maharaja explained that the reason why he wished to accede to the Indian Dominion, in spite of his reluctance to come to a hasty decision on this point, was in order to obtain the help of India to repel the Pathan raiders that have invaded his State and the Governor-General in his reply made it clear that it was these "special circumstances" which led the Government of India to accept his decision.

"His Highness also mentioned the fact that although he had asked both Dominions to come to a standstill agreement with his State only Pakistan had done so. He alleged that Pakistan had not kept that agreement.

UNACCEPTABLE VERSION

"The Government of Pakistan cannot accept the version of the circumstances in which Kashmir acceded to the Indian Union. The Government of Pakistan have consistently and repeatedly tried to reach a better understanding with Kashmir to prevent friction between the two States. His Highness's Government have ignored or rejected all these approaches.

"On Oct. 2 the Prime Minister of Pakistan suggested to the Prime Minister of Kashmir that all questions outstanding between the two States, including that of supplies under the standstill agreement and mutual accusations of border raids, should be discussed by representatives of the two Governments. The Prime Minister of Kashmir replied that at the moment he was too busy to discuss these matters. Nevertheless the Pakistan Government sent a representative of their Ministry of Foreign Affairs to Srinagar to discuss these matters with the State.

DISCUSSIONS REFUSED

"The Prime Minister, however refused to hold discussions with him and he had to return. On October 15, the Prime Minister of Kashmir in a telegram to the Prime Minister of Pakistan threatened that unless Pakistan agreed to an impartial inquiry into matters on dispute between the two States in order to restore cordial relations, he would be compelled to ask for outside assistance to withstand the aggression and unfriendly acts of Pakistan people on his border. The Prime Minister of Pakistan atonce accepted the proposal for an impartial inquiry and asked the Prime Minister of Kashmir to nominate a representative for this purpose. The Government of Kashmir have since then made no further reference to this matter.

"On October 18, without waiting for a reply to his previous telegram, the Prime Minister of Kashmir in a communication to the Governor-General of Pakistan repeated his charges against Pakistan and concluded by saying that he wished to make it plain that the attitude of the Government of Pakistan could be tolerated no longer and expressed the hope that the Governor-General would agree that he was justified in asking for 'friendly assistance' to oppose trespass on the 'fundamental rights of the State".

REQUEST TO KASHMIR

"On October 28, the Governor-General replied calling attention to the repeated attempts of Pakistan to improve its relations with Kashmir and asking the Prime Minister of Kashmir to come to Karachi and talk things over with him. No reply has so far been sent to this request. The Governor-General also pointed out that the threat to call outside help amounted almost to an ultimatum and showed that the real aim of the Kashmir Government's policy was to seek an opportunity to join the Indian Union by means of a 'coup d'etat'.

"In the opinion of the Government of Pakistan, the course of these negotiations clearly shows that the Kashmir Government had never any intention of maintaining friendly relations with Pakistan and that at any rate as early as October 15, they had made up their mind to call in outside assistance, presumably after ascertaining the attitude of the Government of India by secret negotiations which had been going on for weeks.

"The correspondence between the two Governments closed with the Governor-General's telegram of October 20 offering to discuss matters with the Prime Minister of Kashmir and the Pathan raid into Kashmir occurred on October 22. The Government of Pakistan cannot, therefore, accept His Highness's version that this raid was the reason for His Highness's request for the help of Union troops in return for his accession. The Government of Pakistan also note that Union troops arrived in Kashmir at 9 a.m. on the day on which the Governor-General of India sent his letter accepting the State's accession.

"In his telegram of October 2, the Prime Minister of Pakistan told the Kashmir Government that Pakistan was ready to do everything in his power to implement the standstill agreement with Kashmir and explained that failure to send essential supplies to the state under that agreement was due to dislocation of communications because of the disturbances in the Punjab. The Kashmir Government have ignored these explanations and have merely repeated their wanton charge that the standstill agreement had been broken by Pakistan for which there is no justification whatsoever.

KASHMIR TROOPS ATTACK

"The Government of Pakistan consistently denied raiding into Kashmir territory by people from Pakistan. On the other hand there is conclusive evidence that Kashmir troops were used first to attack Muslims in Poonch and later to massacre Muslims in Jammu and even to attack Muslim villages in Pakistan near the border. Early in October women and children from Poonch sought refuge in Pakistan and there are at present about one lakh Muslim refugees in West Punjab from Jammu.

Villages both in Poonch and in Jammu have been burnt as evidenced by the smoke seen rising from them. Motar and automatic weapons have been used to drive Muslims out from their villages. Recently more than 17,000 Muslim corpses were counted near a village in the West Punjab and raiders from Jammu into that province have left behind them military vehicles and the dead bodies of soldiers in uniform.

"The Muslims of Kashmir State did nothing to justify this oppression, which seems to have been ordered as a matter of State policy on the model of what happened in August and September in East Punjab. It is only because of this action by the State that Kashmir is disturbed and this well concerted action was purposely resorted to in order to create an excuse for calling in troops from India.

"It is this action that has led to the raid of Pathans into Kashmir. The Government of Pakistan only with the greatest difficulty prevented a Pathan incursion into West Punjab to take revenge for what happened in East Punjab.

PATHAN FEELING INFLAMED

"The attack on Poonch and the Massacres in Jammu further added to and inflamed all the more the Pathan feeling and made the raid on Kashmir inevitable, unless the Government of Pakistan, by use of troops were prepared to create a situation in the N.-W.F.P. which might hav incalculable results on the peace of the border.

"The sending of Indian troops to Kashmir under cover of accession has further intensified and inflamed the feelings of the tribes.

"In hese circumstances it is clear to the Government of Pakistan that the Pathan raid was provoked by the use of Kashmir troops to attack and kill Muslims in Kashmir and Jammu and for this the policy of the Kashmir Government was solely responsible. The Kashmir Government must have been fully aware of the inevitability of the Pathan reactio).

PRE-PLANNED SCHEME

Their deliberate refusal to consider every suggestion of the Pakistan Government for a meeting of representatives of both to handle the situation jointly, and in friendly cooperation, and at the same time their conspiring with the India Government enabled them to use this raid as the occasion for the putting into effect of the pre-planned scheme for the accession of Kashmir as a 'coup d'etat' and, for the occupation of Kashmir by India troops with the object of holding down the people of Kashmir who have been driven to rebellion by this well calculated and carefully planned oppression.

In the opinion of the Government of Pakistan the accession of Kashmir is based on fraud, and violence and as such cannot be recognised.

The reference to a plebiscite for Kashmir is merely put forward to mislead as it ostensibly seems attractive, but as a practicable proposition it remains on paper. If the India Government are allowed to act freely unfettered as they please by virtue of having already occupied Kashmir and landed their troops there, then this El Dorado of plebiscite will prove a mirage".

Why India Govt. Accepted Kashmir's Accession

Aid Against Freebooters But In No Way Directed Against Sister Dominion

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

The Government of India two days ago invited the Government of Pakistan to deny to "the raiders" into Kashmir access in order to bring the present crisis to an amicable and speedy close. This was disclosed in a press note issued by the Government of India tonight.

The note adds that the help which the Indian Government have given to Kashmir is help given against freebooters who are the enemies of law and humanity; it is in no way directed against the sister Dominion with which India desires to live on terms of friedship.

The following is the full text of the note:—

For some time past, the Government of India have been receiving reports of infiltration of armed raiders in the western parts of Jammu province of the State of Kashmir. These raiders had done a great deal of damage in that area and taken possession of part of the territory On October 24, news arrived of a major raid from the North-West Frontier Province via the Abbottabad Road to Kashmir Some two thousand or more fully armed and equipped men travelling in motor transport crossed over to Kashmir territory near Muzafarabad, sacked that town, killing many people, and proceeded along the Jhelum Valley road towards Srinagar Intermediate towns and villages were sacked and burnt and many people killed. These raiders were stopped by Kashmir State troops near Uri for some time, but the raiders round the troops and burnt the power house near Uri which supplies electricity to the whole of Kashmir.

RAIDERS HELD

The position on the morning of October 26 was that these raiders had been held by State troops numbering nearly two hundred, and part of the civil population which had been armed at Baramula, where the Kashmir Valley begins.

Beyond Baramula there was no major obstruction up to Srinagar which is 35 miles away. There was immediate danger of these raiders reaching Srinagar and destroying and sacking that capital city and massacring large numbers of people, both Hindus and Muslims.

STATE TROOPS

Kashmir State troops were, at this time, spread out all over the State. Most of them were deployed along the western border of Jammu Province and had been split up into small isolated groups. Practically all the State officials had left the threatened area and the civil administration had ceased to function.

Order was maintained however, in the Valley by volunteers of the National Conference, the largest popular organisation in Kashmir, which consists chiefly of Muslims but also of Hindus and others. The progress of the invaders had been marked by murder, arson and loot. All that stood between Srinagar and the fate which had overtaken places on the route followed by the raiders was the determination of the people of Srinagar, Muslim and non-Muslim, and practically without arms, to defend themselves.

Srinagar also had a large population of Hindu and Sikh refugees from West Punjab and there was little doubt that these would be massacred if the raiders reached them.

The Maharaja made an urgent appeal to the Government of India for help. He further suggested accession to the Indian Union. An appeal for help was also addressed to the Government of India by the National Conference. The members of this Conference, under the leadership of Sheikh Mahammed Abdulla, declared that they would fight the raiders to the death and protect their beautiful city and country whatever the cost. Thus the appeal to the Government of India came out only from the State authorities but also on behalf of the people of Kashmir.

LATEST EVENTS

On October 27 H. E. the Governor-General of India received a letter from H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir in which after reviewing the latest events in the State, the Maharaja said: "With the conditions obtaining at present in my State and the great emergency of the situations, as it exists, I have no option but to ask for help from the Indian Dominion. Naturally they cannot send the help asked for by me without my State acceding to the Dominion of India I have accordingly decided to do so."

The Government of India could not, in these circumstances, ignore either the request for accession of the pressing requests for military aid. Not only had the lives and property of the inhabitants of a neighbouring and friendly territory to be protected against grave and imminent peril. The security of Kashmir whose northern frontiers join those of Afghanistan the U.S.S.R. and China is also vital to the security of India which has a common boundary in the north with the southern frontier of Kashmir.

Moreover, the massacre of non-Muslim refugees who had fled to Kashmir from West Punjab and other disturbed parts of Pakistan, which would certainly have occurred if Srinagar fell to the raiders, would have had grave consequences all over India.

ACCESSION ACCEPTED

It was, accordingly, decided to accept Kashmir's accession. It was also decided to send whatever military aid could be furnished. On October 27 the first contingent of Indian troops was sent to Kashmir. The sole object of this move was to defend Srinagar and to push out the raiders who have no right whatsoever to be on Kashmir territory.

The opposition which Indian troops have encountered affords further proof of the strength, organisation and equipment of the invaders. They have been using not only small arms of the most modern type but also mortars and artillery. Baramula has had to be abandoned and our troops are now trying to defend Srinagar. Though casualties have been small, the commanding officer has been killed. Reinforcements are being sent. Everything possible will be done to defend Kashmir, however difficult the task.

It is desirable to draw attention to the conditions on which the Government of India have accepted Kashmir's accession. Consistently with their policy, as desired in the case of Junagadh, it has been made clear to H. H. the Maharaja that as soon as the invaders have been driven from the soil of Kashmir and law and order restored, the people of the State should decide the question of accession. The Government of India were also anxious that, in the national emergency now confronting Kashmir the Government of the State should function as a people's Government.

The decision of H. H. the Maharaja to ask Sheikh Abdulla to form an Interim Government is, therefore, particularly gratifying to them. Both in the defence of Kashmir and in the determination of its future destiny, the people of the State will now have a decisive voice.

Though the raiders have come across Pakistan territory, the Government of the Dominion has disowned them as irresponsible. The Government of India can take note of only the official attitude of Pakistan towards the present crisis in the affairs of Kashmir. The help which they have given to Kashmir is help given against freebooters who are the enemies of law and humanity it is in no way directed against the sister Dominion with which India desires to live on terms of friendship. The raiders have no means of access to the Kashmir Valley except through Pakistan. The Pakistan Government can help to bring the present grave situation to an end by closing this means of access. They were invited to do so on October 28.

London Letter

Inside The House Of Lords

"Judges Look Like Pedigree Sheep"—Export Of Rubbish—Cripps's Warning

(BY AIR MAIL).

LONDON—I was one of the two Indian journalists who were privileged to attend the House of Lords to witness the opening ceremony of Parliament. This was my first visit to the State opening ceremony. My excitement was not unnatural, but I must confess to a feeling of disappointment. The spectacular quality of the ceremony was poor. Peeresses did not wear coronets nor did the peers wear robes. Peers were dressed in those "congruities of dark cloth" which Sir Beerbohm has said "distinguish the true dandy" while the peeresses appeared in expensive minks. The King himself wore naval service uniform which seems to suit him magnificently and the Queen wore a stately dress of turquoise blue and the Princess Elizabeth, who for the first time attended the state opening, wore a long skirted dress of dusty pink crepe, with gloves, shoes and bag to match. The only splash of colour was provided by the Law Lords, in their red and ermine robes and long grey wigs, sitting on low benches in a square before the Throne. They looked rather strange from the reporter's gallery and to the "Manchester Guardian" reporter, "they seemed like a flock of sheep—pedigree sheep". At the entrance stood the Gentlemen—at—arms in their scarlet uniforms and plumes.

THE KING ARRIVES.

Punctually at the stroke of eleven the Royal procession, led by officers of the State, advanced with slow dignity, from the right of the Throne. Field-Marshal Wavell, former Viceroy of India carried aloft the sword of State walking backwards without even looking behind for a second. The Admiral of the Fleet followed carrying the crown on a cushion. The King carrying his peaked cap in hand, walked hand in hand with the Queen. Then came the Princess Elizabeth. After the King had ascended the throne, the Lord Great Chamberlain knelt before His Majesty and handed to him the speech from the ambiazoned purse of the Great Seal. The King donned his cap and read the thirteen-minute speech sitting. After he had ended the speech he handed it back to the Lord Chamberlain. Then their Majesties and the Princess rose. The King bowed to the House and the Queen courtsied to right and left in perfect style. The Princess did not courtesy like her mother but bowed like her father. Then the Procession withdrew in the same order that it entered. Thus ended the great ceremony conducted throughout with dignity.

THE KING'S SPEECH.

The King's Speech was exactly on the lines that one expected. It is recognised even by the Government's critics that the speech presents a programme of the kind and quality that the economic situation demands. At this time, it is felt, the introduction of legislation to reform the Lords might result in making the task of fighting the crisis more difficult. In the opinion of the "Manchester Guardian" the House of Lords has been extraordinarily well behaved. They have done nothing to merit a curtailment of their powers. Tory papers have, of course, magnified the issue and called the Government action as a declaration of war against the House of Lords. This is nonsense. The Government is neither abolishing the House nor interfering with its power of having their free and full say on any subject they like. What the Government proposes to do is to prevent them from holding up a legislation passed by the elected representatives of the people for two years and thus reducing the House of Commons to a mockery. It is true that the Lords so far have not used their veto. But there are signs that they might do that in the near future. It is to prevent this contingency that the Government have decided to amend the law. Far from being an act of aggression as Mr. Churchill says, it is a sheer act of self-defence.

LORDS VETO.

Under the existing law the Lords can hold up the Government plans for reform of the House of Lords for two years. The position is that the Bills passed by the Commons in three successive sessions, if rejected by the House of Lords in each successive session, can be presented to the King for assent on the third rejection, but a minimum period of two years must elapse sirice the reading in the Commons in the first session. This means that if the Lords Bill is introduced in the present session, it may not become law till the end of the present Labour Government should the Lords choose to veto it. But many expect that the proposal will not lead to any crisis. Things will be so arranged that a clash would be avoided.

BRITISH TRADE.

The trade figures published for September show the gap between imports and exports has been narrowed by no less than eighteen and half milllion pounds. This has been brought about by a cut in imports and boost in exports. Undoubtedly the trade is flourishing. But unless the British manufacturers become careful about the quality of their goods the boom may burst. Complaints have been received from several places that the quality is not up to the mark. Gloves sent to New York by a firm were found to be too shabby to be put on sale. Radio batteries were received by Egypt without terminals for the wires from the set. A cargo of ready made clothes was rejected by a firm in West Indies. Cotton shirts sent to Denmark turned out to be made of Italian wood-fibre. A Norwegian firm alleges that garments reached them with lining gummed instead of being hemmed. Of course responsibility for this sorry state of affairs does not lie on well-known British firms who are jealous of the reputation of their firms. It is solely the work of unscrupulous merchants who have made enormous profits by dumping rubbish on the world. Sir Stafford Cripps did well to warn the country against the danger from less responsible and get-rich-quick merchants who export anything that gives them profit and who have already done damage to 'our reputation'.

FILM INQUIRY

Mr. Paul Rotha, distinguished producer of documentary films, is of the opinion that an enquiry should be held in the British film industry. Sadism was being exploited in British films because the producers had the notion that the public wanted it. British crime films were following the model of American gangster films. Many are likely to agree with Mr. Rotha, but there is no likelihood of any enquiry being held. The Government has already raised a hornet's nest about their ears by ordering an enquiry in the British press. Enquiry or no enquiry, British film producers must beware of pursuing lines which may ultimately prove harmful even to them. It never pays to sacrifice cultural values. In this connection, it may be pointed out that Mr. Paul Rotha recently directed a documentary film on world food shortages. The film was applauded by the delegates to the Geneva Trade Conference. But strangely enough, the film made in Britain, it has never been shown in any theatre in this country. This does not show all is well in the cinema world.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Tribute To Sir Phirozshah Mehta

Sir,—The readers of the "Bombay Chronicle" will be greatly interested to know the high opinion of that veteran publicist Dr. Sachchidananda Sinha about the greatest leader of political India", the late Sir Pherozshah Mehta, who dominated the political field prior to the advent of Gandhism.

Writing in the "Hindustan Review" of September, 1947, Dr. Sinha says:—

"I shall briefly recall some of the great political leaders who were present at Allahabad during the Congress session in December 1888. The Hon Mr. (afterwards Sir) Phirozshah Mehta, a member at that time of the Bombay Legislative Council, proposed formally the election of Mr. George Yule, the President elect. His was a truly outstanding figure. I have met almost all the great Indian leaders since then, but I cannot recall a single one who could be compared with Phirozshah Mehta as a towering personality. He commanded immediate respect and attention from that very large audience. Born in 1845, and thus in the prime of life, he was tall, well-built, robust, with a fine physique and impressive appearance, embellished with large bushy whiskers. Dressed in a long Parsee coat and not in European costume though a Barrister, and the now almost extinct sloping Parsee hat he appeared on the platform as one who came and saw and conquered. His speech evoked tremendous applause and tempestuous appreciation.

Sir Phirozeshah remained the greatest leader of political India, until his death in his seventieth year, in 1915, and his warmest admirer was none other than that most respected publicist of his time—Gopal Krishna Gokhale. I remember very well that when proposing a vote of thanks to Sir Henry Cotton, the President of the session of the Congress held at Bombay in 1904, at which Pandit (now the Right Hon. Sir) Tej Bahadur Sapru and I were present as delegates, Sir Phirozshah roused such tremendous enthusiasm by his address, that the sedate and sober Gokhale got highly excited and shouted at me, 'Look, look, Sinha, is not Pherozeshah a born leader of men?' Gokhale's verdict was absolutely correct, for there never has been a greater political leader of the educated, intellectual and politically-minded classes in the country than Phirozeshah Merwanji Mehta."

India ought to be proud of this greatest leader, who pioneered the freedom movement of this country.—Yours etc.

M. H. T.

Maulana Azad's Leadership

Sir,—Some of the Muslims in the Indian Union have sent telegrams and letters to Maulana Azad to lead them in these troubled times. It seems that they have forgotten or they simply ignore the lead which he has given them since 1907, and even to day he is giving them a correct lead not only by his words but also by his actions. He has not budged an inch from the path which he has unhesitatingly followed during last forty years.

Have those Muslims who are now approaching him with a request to lead them through thick and thin at this present juncture, have in them the required perseverence, patience and stability to follow him? Have they searched themselves in and out? They must not forget that he never uttered a word which he could not practice. His practical life during these forty years is sufficient to convince the Muslims as to what he wants from his followers. If his life and teaching have failed to give them a lead in India, then hankering after his leadership will be of no use to them.

If the Muslims of the Indian Dominion are sincere to have his lead, they must with heart and soul fall in with the party to which he belongs without first requesting him to guide them. Not only shall they enrol his sympathies but they shall also have guidance of Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal who have amply proved themselves to be the sincere well-wishers of the Muslims. If the Muslims join Congress, automatically not only his leadership comes in but also of others who are at the helm of the institution.

If the Muslims are going to join the Congress, they must join with their eyes open. They are not being duped with false promises of having a bed of roses. They must be prepared to face death; to sleep on thorns and torn on prickly bushes and they should not be disheartened by intolerable pricks. They must have courage enough to bear the brunt with a shrug of shoulders. They must be prepared to swallow the bitter pill prescribed by Moulana Azad for their advancement.

Maulana has once said at Lahore "I am a man of belief. If any one agree with me, I am thankful. If any one differ from me, I have no cause to complain." He also said:" There are some well known truths which every one of us know whether he may be a learned or illiterate. The great man is he who unflinchingly follows them. Test every claimant of revered humanity on this stone and you will get the result".

If the Muslims in India are sincere in their wish and desire to be led by Maulana Azad, they are requested to read his writings. He has no desire to become Gladstone or any one who says and acts under the influence of British politics. He prays for help in his lead for the support of God and His Prophets — Abraham and Mohamed —be peace on them. This sincere desire of his has been expressed in his speeches and writings for the last forty years. Have the Muslims still any doubt in them left about the honesty of purpose for which he is living? Have they followed him? Have they acted on his advice? Has he not given them a bit of advice with regard to Hindu Muslim Unity in his very first issue of "Al-Hilal" published in 1912 when none thought of it?

They must come to the fold with a kind heart, cool and calm brain and implicit faith in his lead so that they may be able to act according to his advice and to lead an honourable life of a true and faithful citizen of the Indian Dominion.—Yours, etc.

Nagpur "AMU"

Give Government A Trial

Sir,—It is high time that the citizens of our Indian Dominion stop criticizing directly or indirectly our Central Government and Bombay Provincial Government, including wild and unfounded allegations against individual ministers.

The real freedom for any action to our Central and Provincial Governments has come only from the 15th of August, 1947. Everyone knows that all the middle of the war period and the aftereffects of war, including the muddled administration of the previous Governments under Section 93, cannot be undone in days or months. It will take years together for them to bring back things as you and I desire or want. The only thing we can do at present is to give our complete co-operation in whatever smallest way or degree to the existing Government, for at least a year or more till fresh elections are held. Every citizen under the coming adult franchise elections will have full liberty to ask and know what they have done since they assumed power this year.

When history will be written of the period beginning from 15th August, 1947 to 15th October, 1947 and still few more months to come, the average citizen will realise how the country has been saved from all type of unexpected and pre-arranged plots and calamities, of which many of us, I believe, have not a sufficient idea as to what has actually happened. I believe, and so many like me believe, that given sufficient time and opportunity, everyone will find that the Government of this Indian Union at the centre as well as the Provincial Government of Bombay will prove their sincerity towards the cause of nation. Let us kindly not look at the individual ministers; perhaps some may be lacking in sufficient administrative experience and ability to cope with the responsibility, but let us look at the action of the Government, whether Central or Provincial, in general.—Yours, etc.

JAMNADAS MEGHJI.

Muslims' Loyalty To India

Sir,—As a Muslim I beg to say that I am and the Muslims in India must be grateful to all those who have counselled them to be loyal to the Indian Dominion. They must be truly loyal to India for their own self-preservation and the preservation of their great religion otherwise they would risk the extinction of both from this country. Those Muslims who choose India to be their home must not look to Pakistan for support. Loyalty to two or more States, each independent of the other is no loyalty. Those whose loyalty is thus divided between India and Pakistan should either correct themselves at once or migrate to Pakistan like millions of other Muslims who have done so lately. Just as we owe allegiance to the supremacy of one God so must we owe allegiance to one State which protects our lives and entitles us to the rights and privileges of citizenship. Fidelity is the essence of religion. We cannot be true followers of Islam if our allegiance to the State is not as intrinsic and true as we profess.

Every loyal citizen has a right to claim protection of the State against all anti-social and reactionary elements, or in other words, every state owes its duty to protect its loyal citizens at all cost. It is a fact that now-a-days the Muslims in general feel great nervousness in view of what is happening with their co-religionists in other parts of the country. They feel that the majority community, who is at the helm of authority in India, have unjustly dubbed them as traitors. In short there is a great sense of insecurity and nervousness amongst the Muslims and it is the duty of the State authorities to dispel this sense of insecurity and nervousness from its citizens to whichever class or creed they may belong. The Central Government and the Government of the Provinces and States in India have the requisite resources and machinery to check, control and eliminate the reactionary elements from the society and they must, as the guardians of the lives and properties of their citizens, do so immediately and effectively if they sincerely desire the fullest co-operation and allegiance of their people. The Government of India have several times, out of their sense of responsibility towards the non-Muslim minorities in Pakistan, threatened to declare war on Pakistan if Government of that country fails to protect its minorities. The Indian Muslims, as citizens of the Indian Dominion, have a far superior claim on the Government of India to protect them from the reactionary forces than the claim of the minorities in Pakistan. I, therefore, humbly appeal to the authorities in India to assure and reassure the Muslim masses in India that they are a sacred trust with them and their protection a sacred duty; and that they would suppress all anti-social elements if ever they raise their head against the Muslims or any other community. I further appeal that with a view to foster a real sense of security amongst the Muslims the authorities in India should closely associate responsible Muslims with their administrative machinery. Once a real sense of security is fostered amongst the Muslims it will be seen that they are behind none in India in their loyalty to the State. It may well prove, in course of time, the very foundation of the much cherished union of India and Pakistan. The Muslims have never been disloyal to any State where they have lived and they would never be so to India. For the sake of India the Indian Muslims have fought hundreds of battles and they would never hesitate, if ever time comes, to shed the last drop of their blood for the independence, greatness and glory of India.

I also seek your hospitality to say a few words to the people and Government of Pakistan. Minorities, whatever their creed or colour, are a sacred trust with them. If they fail to protect their minorities they would forfeit their claim to rule over them and in that case those minorities would be justified to claim a separate homeland for them in Pakistan. Their failure to protect the minorities would be a direct invitation to the forces of retaliation against them and their coreligionists in India; their failure to protect the minorities would spell ruin to their newly born State and they would forfeit the sympathies of the world —so essential to the existence of their State. They must protect the minorities at all cost; do all in their power to restore confidence in them and at once associate them with the various ministries. Islam has taught them to be generous with the non-Muslims and they must prove their fidelity to Islam by being generous to the minorities in Pakistan. In this way lies the peace and prosperity of the two Dominions, the security of the minorities in both States and in a large measure the peace of the world.—Yours, etc.

MAHOMED KHURSHID.

Khar.

Ghost Ration Cards

Sir,—It is now an everyday news in the Press of arrests of individuals possessing "ghost" ration cards in number of hundreds.

This is a most serious matter as far as the honest citizens are concerned who are starving for their food ration.

It is not possible at all for an individual to get hundreds of cards registered in his name without the help of the staff of the Rationing Department. If we are told that the rationing staff is innocent in this matter, then one thing is certain that irregularities and inefficiency prevail in the machinery of the Rationing Department, which encourages one to obtain "ghost ration cards". This is a black spot on the Rationing Department and those responsible for this gross negligence should be removed at once.

This matter deserves serious attention of the Government who should take immediate steps for overhauling of the Rationing Department and drive out the evil from its very root.—Yours etc.

R. D. BUGWADIA

South Indian Music On A. I. R.

Sir—Now that our mother country has attained independence, I think, the policy of A.I.R. stations in general, and the Bombay Station in particular requires reshaping.

Even a cursory glance at the "Indian Listener" would reveal the glaring difference in the policy adopted by the Madras and Bombay stations of A.I.R. The Madras station daily allots at least 15 minutes for nor'n Indian music, and in addition to this broadcasts daily Hindi Songs from popular film hits. The Trichy station too falls in line with Madras station in this respect.

The attitude of the Bombay Station, however, is most lamentable. It has either deliberately or otherwise overlooked the necessity for catering to the needs of the ever-increasing population of South Indians and others. I am sure, no ardent and true lover of music, be he a Maharashtrian, Gujarati, Punjabi or Bengali, would ever be averse to be entertained by South Indian or any other music. I hope the music lovers residing throughout the length and breadth of this vast sub-continent would bear me out in this respect by lending me their unequivocal support.

Another reason why a South Indian section should be started at the Bombay station is this. The city of Bombay itself abounds in a number of budding artists of South Indian Karnatic music. The talents of these artists are not given scope for display owing to unaccommodative spirit of tehe Bombay station. They have absolutely no facility either to develop or to exhibit their skill. Here it may be interesting to note the Delhi station has a separate South India section even though the South Indian population there is significant when compared to Bombay.

Will the A.I.R. Bombay, free itself from the disease of provincialism?—Yourr etc.

M. S. S. RAJAN

Gandhiji's Birthday

Sir,—The birthday of Gandhiji was observed throughout the Dominion of India on the 2nd as well as on the 11th. The only unfortunate persons throughout the Dominion were the people serving in the Post Offices. The King's birthday was observed as holiday in the Postal Department every year. Is not Gandhiji the uncrowned King of India? I write this not with a view to enjoying a holiday, but it is most unfortunate that when our National Government is in power this Department should be treated as an exception for the celebrations. This Department also suffered the same fate on Independence Day. Whenever special holidays were declared by the Government of India they were also declared as Post Office holidays in the past.—Your etc.

I. J. S.

Reforms Organisation

Sir,—I solicit the co-operation of your earnest readers—men, women and children—in launching forth "The Reforms Organisation, Social and Economic" (R. O. S. E. — ROSE) with a rose for emblem, "By Love Serve One Another" for its motto; and a wide range of social and economic programme. The organisation will be a non-political body and will have its weekly organ entitled "The Rose".

The immediate programme will be to organise public opinion against corruption and black-marketting, and to educate the blackmarketers into the evils of their own action, especially because it hits them back like a boomerang; to formulate a civic code for a free citizen, etc., and to chalk out a complete programme for tackling the beggary problem in Bombay.

I invite all those people, young and old, who are interested in R. O. S. E. to send me their names and addresses at an early date, so that they can be invited to a conference for finalising plans and for electing office-bearers.—Yours etc.

JAGAT S. BRIGHT

Flaw In Hindu Divorce Act

Sir,—Sub Section (2) of Section 3 of the Bombay Hindu Divorce Act 1947 lays down that,

"A wife may also sue for divorce on the ground that her husband had married again before the coming into operation of the Bombay Prevention of Hindu Bigamous Marriages Act, 1946, and such wife is living at the time of the institution of the suit."

As originally drafted this Sub-Section gave the right of suing for divorce only to the first wife. The select Committee thought it desirable to extend the benefit of this sub-section even to the second or any subsequent wife. With that view they dropped the word "first" occurring before the word "wife" in the beginning of this sub-section, but the rest of this sub-section was left as it was. We now find it as quoted above.

This has unfortunately caused unnecessary confusion and the section, as it stands, is capable of conflicting interpretations. The words "her husband", "again" and "such" appearing in the sub-section as it stands lend support to the view that only the first wife has the right of suing for divorce and the absence of the word "first" goes to show otherwise.

At least one thing is certain, that the intention of the Select Committee not to restrict the benefit to the first wife only is not effectively carried out on account of the unhappy wording of the sub-section as it stands today. The divorce Act vitally affects the Hindoo Society and it is necessary that the law in this behalf must not be vague and uncertain. The position will be ridiculous and also hard if the decrees for divorce passed in favour of second or subsequent wives are set aside in appeal by the appellant Court putting the contrary interpretation on the sub-section in question.

The legislature, it is suggested, must amend the sub-section and clarify the position very early.—Yours, etc.

S. N. GODBOLE

Sholapur

"Inner Cleanliness comes first for Health!"

A glass of sparkling Andrews taken regularly, as the need arises, gives you complete Inner Cleanliness — the essential condition for everyday good health. Andrews washes away the clogging impurities which are the main cause of constipation and other familiar ailments, and at the same time, it refreshes and invigorates the whole body. Drink and enjoy your regular glass of Andrews — it will do you a world of good. There's nothing like Andrews for promoting a feeling of complete mental and physical fitness. This is how Andrews cleanses and purifies:

FIRST . . Andrews cleans and refreshes the mouth and tongue.

NEXT . . Andrews settles the stomach and corrects acidity.

THEN . . Andrews tones up the liver and checks biliousness.

FINALLY . . To complete your Inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently clears the bowels. It sweeps away trouble-making poisons, corrects Constipation, purifies and cools the blood.

Packed in tins in cartons. Fresh stocks everywhere.

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LIVER SALT
COOLS — REFRESHES — INVIGORATES

204

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There is no universal form of dress: there is no universal language: there is hardly any common taste in religion or politics. From land to land men vary, so do ideas. Yet wherever civilisation has spread tea is prized. In the family circle, at important parties, even in the council halls of the great, tea is the common pleasure of mankind. India may well be proud of this far-famed product of her soil. It is her true ambassador to the world at large. And here at home, India's appreciation of tea is ever on the increase. Tea is to be found everywhere—in homes, offices and places of entertainment—bringing rest, relaxation and comfort to millions of her men and women.

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THE UNIVERSAL BEVERAGE

INSERTED BY THE INDIAN TEA MARKET EXPANSION BOARD

Small Rally On Stock Exchange Under Scattered Covering

COTTON RULES QUIET ON RENEWED LIQUIDATION

Gold Firm But Silver Declines

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quietly steady to-day with restricted business. As pointed out before traders are inclined to await developments in Kashmir and it being weekend session there was absence of any fresh business. Scattered short covering was responsible for small improvement but the market lacked buying support. After the recent decline sellers were not aggressive and the session was dull.

At the opening Tata Steel Dfds were quoted at Rs. 1625 and after declining at Rs. 1610 improved at Rs. 1640 and steadied at Rs. 1630. Ordinary shares opened at Rs 337 and steadied at Rs. 338. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1025 and after improving at Rs. 1040 quietened at Rs. 1032, Kohinoors opened at Rs. 544 and after advancing at Rs. 550 declined at Rs. 546, Simplex shares opened at Rs. 224 and steadied at Rs. 225 while Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs 568.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1038/12 Kohinoor 548 Swadeshi 569 Nagpur 290 Simplex 226 New Great 358 Gokak X D 310 Indore 552/8 Century 975 Colaba 250 I Bleaching 138 Swan 339 Finlay 285 Morarji 517/8 Edward 685 Meyer 230 Apollo 3/13/6 I U Ordinary 14/13/6 I U Defd. 2/11 Madhusudan 280 Poddar 317/8 Khatau X D 347/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 339/8 Tata Steel Dfd. 1635 Second 152

CEMENT

Associated Merger 156

INDUSTRIES

Burma 483/12 Belapur 267/8 Shivrajpur 35/8 Scindia 33/13 Construction 181 Tata Chemical 13/12 Tata Oil 62/8 Indian Iron 33/1 Bengal Steel 25/10

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 123/12 Tata Hydro 170 Andhra 1575 Power X D 1712/8

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 80 Phoenix 1310 Ind. Mfg 4460 Koorla 271/4 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 205 Minerva 213/12 Bradbury 640 Baarucha (Defd.) 7/8 Bharat 45/8 Mysore 285 Madhavji 19 Model 202/8 Laxmi 1645 Vishnu 625 Western 4325 Standard 502/8 Sholapur 6100 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4550 Tata 772 Ahmedabad Advance 427/8 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/14 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 280 Raja Bahadur 126 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 55 Simplex Cpn 116

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 144/6 New 111/4 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 165 Broach 12/8 Ajmer 12/8 Amalgamated 15/8 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 165 Bombay Suburban 167/8 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100

BANK SHARES

Reserve X D 113 Imperial 2262/8 P P 550 Central 86/8 Coupon 18 India 239/8 Union 9/14 Baroda 165 Habib 151 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 64/4 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com. 39 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 60 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 767/8 New India 69/8 Jupiter 33/8 Vulcan 14/4 Indian Mercantile 52 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud. 36/8 Neptune 6 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

G. P. 108 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X R 295 Steamer 560 Burma New 160 B B Petrol 3/1 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 75 Kemp 510 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust 103 Wimco 267/8 Dharamsey Chemical 33/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 20 Alembic 255 Supreme India 142 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 74 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R. 155 United Motor 80 ACC New 88 Bombay Sale Deposit 865 Hydro Construction 18/6

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 203/12 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1431/4 Hydro 135 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 705 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 500 Surat Elec. 169/6 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 127 (Second Pref.) 126/4 Amalgamated 135 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 And. Advance 145 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 (8) 107 Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 2/15 B I C 8/2 Burma Corporation 3/12 New Victoria 4/10 New Victoria Preference 6/4 Rala 26 Phalton 100 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 235 Ajamshahi 210 Air Service 12/12 Air India 198/12 Ambica 13/10 Hind Motors 7/2 I Steam 13 Sone Valley 3

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

The Bullion market was fairly firm with active buying in gold. Professional operators are supporting the market and sellers are cautions.

Forward silver opened at Rs. 157/2 and advanced at Rs. 157/10 on moderate buying. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 157/4. Forward gold opened at Rs. 101/8 and advanced at Rs. 102/10 on active buying. Ready gold was offered at Rs. 103 and sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 68/4.

Later on there was some selling in Silver and the market closed as under:

Ready Silver	156	6	0
Forward Silver	156	12	0
Ready Gold	102	11	0
Forward Gold	102	5	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

The cotton market was fairly steady to-day with moderate buying. At the opening January was quoted at Rs. 461/8 and declined at Rs. 460/8 under scattered selling. At the decline there was increased buying and January advanced at Rs. 462 but some profit-taking checked further improvement and the market reacted at Rs. 461.

Thereafter there was moderate selling and January declined at Rs. 459/8 and steadied at Rs. 460/4

The market closed at 3 p.m. as there is a general meeting to make necessary changes in the rules of the Association to accommodate members of the Mahajan Association as special associates. It is expected that total membership will now reach about 1,500 and two seats will be created on the Board making a total of 22 members. A separate trading ring will be provided.

Closing quotations at 3 p.m. were as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	459	14	0
I.C.C. March	463	2	0
I.C.C. May	469	10	0
I.C.C. July	477	0	0
I.C.C. Sept.	482	10	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1465 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Jan.	462-1/4	459-3/4	462-1/8
March	465	462-1/4	464-7/8
May	471-1/2	468-3/4	471-3/8
July	479	476-1/4	478-7/8
Sept.	484-1/2	481-3/4	484-3/8
Karachi 4F Jan.		50/9/0	50/4/0 50/5/0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

The produce market was very steady on support from mills and shippers while foreign advices were easier. In view of political developments, it is feared arrivals may be delayed. Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS: Khandesh quality ready Rs. 30/4, November Rs. 29/12 and December Rs. 29. Gold November/December Rs. 28/12 and December/January Rs. 27-11. Oil ready Rs. 17/6, November Rs. 17/2 and December Rs. 16/7.

CASTORSEEDS: Ready Rs 30/4, November/December Rs. 29/12, May delivery opened at Rs. 127/10 and advanced at Rs. 128/8 but reacted at Rs. 128/2. Oil first pressing Rs. 20/11 and Commercial quality Rs. 19.

LINSEED: Ready Rs. 29/8, February/March Rs 26/11 and oil Rs. 18/2.

The market closed steady with Castorseeds May delivery quoted at Rs. 127/12.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Oct. 31. 1946/47.

C. P. 1 Jarila +	490/510
C. P. 2 Jarilla	480/490
Berar Jarilla	480/90
Sind N. T.	570/600
Muglai	460/490
Broach Vijay	550/610

Delivery contract Berar Rs. 26 on Sind N. T. Rs 156 on and Broach Vijay Rs. 101 on.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Oct. 31.

Coiryarn Beypore 170/180; Quilandy 185/195; Fibre Garbled 140; Ungarbled 130; Cocoanuts Raw 130; Dry 150; Cocoanut Oil 420; Copra Office 275; Dilpasand 320; Madrasnottam 400; Pepper Wynaad 680; Country 660; Dry Ginger Chernad 280; Ernad 250; Coffee Robusta 96; Timber Pali 60/65. Junglewood 25/27; Vellapine 40/41; Benteak 40/45; Teak 90/95; Mango Planks 3/3/8; Teak 15/16; Rosewood 15/20

PEPPER PRICES

Bombay, Oct. 31.

	Rs.
Kartik Delivery	585
Magsar Delivery	566

HESSIAN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 31.

	Pies.
45X11 Ready	123-1/2
Oct/Dec.	118
Jan./March	113
40 X28 Oct./December	92
Jan.March	93
Ready	92

YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 31.

120 D. Ready	6	13	0
150 D. November	6	12	0

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

Bombay, Oct. 31.

MILLS

Apollo 3/14 3/13/6
B Dyeing 1022/8 28 15 45 37/8 40 32/8 38/12
C India 289 87 90/8 89 90
David 140
Elphinstone Ord. 80
Finlay 285 84 86 85
Gokak 308 5 10 8 10
I U Defd 2/11/6 2/11 2/11/6 2/11
I U Ord 14/13/6 14/12 14/14 14/13/6
Indore 555 50 52/8
Khatau 347/8 (Ex Div)
Kohinoor 544 42 43 40 50 46 48
Model 202/8
New City 205
New Great 360 58
Podar 315 17/8
Simplex 224 26 25 26
Swadeshi 567 69 64 70 69 71 69
Tata Mills 72
Vishnu 625

BANKS

Central 86/8 86 86/8
Imperial Old 2260 62/8
Reserve 116/12 17

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 145 44/6
Andhra Valley 1572/8 75
B Tram Ord 123/8 23/4 24 23/8 23/12
Hydro 170
Power 1707/8 12/8
Power Pref 1430

INSURANCE

Empire 770 65 67/8
I Mercantile 52
New India 69/8 70 69/8
Scindia Steam 33/12 33/9 33/10 33/2 33/10 33/8 33/13

STEEL

B Steel 25/8 25/9 25/8 25/10
I Iron 33/2 33 33/2 33 33/1
Tata Defd 1625 27/8 10 40 25 35
Tata Ord 338 35 40 37/8 38 37/8 39
Tata 2nd Pref 151/8 52

MISCELLANEOUS

A C C Old 157/8 55/12 56/8 55/12 56
A C C New 90 88
Belapur 267 68 67/8
B B Old 481/4 85 80 85 88/12
B B New 161/4 58/12 60
B B Petrol 3/1
P Const 180 81 80 82 81
Tata Chem 13/12
Tata Oil 62/4 62 62/8
Wimco 270 67/8
Walchand Nagar 155

SPECIAL

Central Coupon 18 18/8 17/8 18
Simplex Coupon 117 15 16
United Motor 80
Haydari Const 18/6

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/8 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B O Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Selling T T D D 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 3550

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79

Java Banks Selling T T D D

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157

New York/London Cross Rate Dol. 4.02 15/16 to 4.03 1/16

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Easy

London Discts 3 Months 17/32 p.c.

London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p. c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p.c 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c, 12 Months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone.—Easy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 30.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c	88-5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1961	106-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1925 and after	102-15/16
Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90	113-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 p.c	115-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10-7/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (Lond. Reg.)	113-1/8
National Bank of India	31-3/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed 6,477

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Tata Ordinary 339/8 Tata Deferred 1635 Indian Iron 33/1 Steel Corpn of Bengal 25/10 Bombay Dyeing 1038/12 Central India 290 Gokak 310 Kohinoor 548/2 Simplex 226 Swadeshi 568/12 Tata Power 1712/8 Associated Cement 156 Belapur 267/8 Bombay Burma (Old) 483/12 Scindia 33/13 Central Bank 86/4 New India 69/6 Tata 2nd Pref. 152

Active Trade And Mills Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market

FUTURES ADVANCE 3 TO 38 POINTS

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

Cotton experienced a sharp rally today near the close after early periods of depressing prices. A firmer undertone developed at the close on mill buying and short covering which boosted the list to gains ranging nearly two dollars per bale. The final prices were three to 38 points higher. Earlier trading was quiet and the market irregular as traders continued alarmed over the government's reported proposals seeking various economic controls in order to hold down living costs. The market was very sensitive to small orders in either direction since Truman's call for a special session of Congress.

MID-OCTOBER PARITY.

The announcement yesterday that the mid-October parity price will be 21.64 was slightly higher than expected, but had small effect on the market. The opening prices were four to 23 points higher but were quickly erased when overnight mill buying dried up. The reaction started on renewed resumption of the previous day's slump on hedging operations, but traders were mostly concerned over the foreign aid programme under the Marshall Plan. It was reported that Congress may curtail foreign aid under the Plan which concerns nearly a million bales of cotton exports this season. Replacement buying reflecting current lows aided the list together with light mill buying later. Most of the offerings were for Western account and around noon hedge selling was restricted somewhat.

FINE PRODUCTION

Trade advices report that Japanese cotton weavers have now embarked on their first production programme of fine goods since the end of the war. The third month production is scheduled to record an output of 1,500,000 yards after utilizing the Egyptian cotton imported last year under the Commodity Credit Corporation. Japan also hopes to move 200,000,000 yards of coarser goods before the end of the year. The U. S. Army is reported to be completely lacking in dollars in order to buy cotton for Japan which means the Army will be unable to buy another 100,000 bales which was previously reported. It is also learned that the Army refused to discuss the possibility of importing Japanese textile goods, but some traders believed the goods will be imported. Recent Japanese cotton purchases from India were made on a barter basis.

Some traders believe that any anti-inflationary legislation may adversely affect cotton values. They said that they expect the market to sell lower before the downward movement is checked permanently. If the Marshall Plan is upheld by Congress, it should have a favourable effect on cotton. One dealer said it would be advisable for longs to cash profits on further bulges.

WALL STREET MARKET

Fractional Declines On Professional Trading

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.

Prices were again irregularly lower in moderate trading mostly a professional character but declines were mostly fractional. The appearance and prospects of favourable earnings and dividends aided some sections, including selected steels and motors but this was insufficient to exert much influence and elsewhere rallying attempts were feeble. While market behaviour is disappointing most quarters do not believe that prices are headed for an important retreat. The averages were industrials 182.73 and rails 48.89. The prices continued to give ground under occasional bursts of pressure bringing losses covering two points or so fairly well distributed with minings, chemicals oils, motors, rails, container, steels, meat packings particularly unsettled. The averages were at or around the October low levels with the day's volume headed for well over a million shares. Disappointment at market response to good corporate news uncertainties over congressional action in connection with price and foreign aid together with indications of administration resistance to the Republican plans to press for immediate tax reductions were the main profit-taking incentives. Some quarters have reported increased foreign selling of leading industrials failed to attract much following and the market closed easy at or around the day's low levels.

American Telephone and Telegraph	155-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	30
Anaconda Copper Mining	33-7/8
Chase National Bank	35-3/4
Sinclair Oil	15-7/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	50
General Electric Co.	36
General Motors	58-7/8
Ingersol Rand 127 bid ex dividend	
International Nickel	27-3/4
National City Bank of New York	40-1/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-1/8
Texas Corporation	57-3/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	105
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	46
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	76-3/4
Western Union Telegraph	22-3/4

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

	Rs.	as.	p
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101	4	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	7	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99	13	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99	8	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable	100	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	100	12	0
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	6	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	12	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	8	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	4	0
3 p.c 1963-65	102	0	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101	11	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	101	10	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1947-50	100	4	0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57	105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55	106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114	2	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68	117	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952	100	8	0
3 p.c. U. P 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
3 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	121	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. 1977	101	8	0
6 p.c K. P. T.	121	0	0

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 (UPA): Pepper futures closed unchanged with no sales reported.

Dealers said the outlook for supplies from Netherlands East Indies during the coming year is very poor since there is no evidence of early restoration of normal trade from that area. They had hoped earlier that stocks of pepper hidden from the Japanese during the Japanese occupation might be uncovered but these did not materialize despite attractive prices in the world market. Dealers said India must become the principal source of supply for a long period extending into several years and Indian production will satisfy only a fraction of the demand.

Closing prices included:

DELIVERY

December	44 nom
January	39 nom
March	35 nom
May through October	33 nom
October	33 asked

FIRM PRICES ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 (UPA): Dealers continued to enjoy firm prices on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today. The demand was brisk. Usually dull drills in the market branched out in activity as demand was noted for second quarter delivery.

NEW YORK SILVER UP 1-1/2 CENTS

NEW YORK, Oct. 30 (UPA): The price of silver was today quoted at 73-1/4 cents on the New York Market, up 1-1/2 cents per ounce. Trade sources reported that continuing shortage of spot supplies necessitated the third price increase in as many days. The demand continues good with volume ranging between 300,000 and 400,000 ounces.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 30.

December	2.89-3/4 to 2.89-1/2
March	2.82-1/4 bid
May	2.76-1/2 to 2.76
July	2.41-1/4 to 2.41

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 30

December	32.50+24
January	32.46+24
March	32.74+37
March Highest	32.75+38
March Lowest	32.25—12
May	32.60+33
July	31.80+36
October	29.52+10
December	29.10+03
March	28.85+10
Middling Spot	33.10+35

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct. 30.

December	32.49+23
March	32.71+27
May	32.54+18
July	31.90+28
October	29.58+03
Middling Spot	32.10+25

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Oct. 30 (UPA).

The pepper market remained quiet today. Black lampong was quoted by Singapore at 1/11-1/2, unchanged. White was quoted nominally at 2/9-3/4, but the Ministry of Food refuses to issue permits for imports above the 2/8-1/2 level. Hence there is a stalemate in the market for the time being.

LONDON BULLION

London, Oct. 30.

Silver Spot	44 d.
Forward	43-3/4 d.
Gold	£8/12/3

LONDON WHEAT

London, Oct. 30.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B.	125/6 Dec/Jany qpoted

NEW BULLION EXCHANGE SERVICE FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bullion Exchange Service of the Commercial Broadcasts Ltd., the well-known business firm broadcasting commodity market rates, was inaugurated by Seth Hirabhai Ashabhai, the eminent businessman and the President of the Bullion Exchange Ltd., Bombay, today. In welcoming the distinguished gathering on this occasion Mr. N. M. Jalundhwala, the Chairman of the Company, expressed his satisfaction that with the start of this new service, the company's immediate desire of linking all the important forward markets such as Stock, Cotton Bullion and Seeds, under a single medium of transmission of rates was fulfilled.

Seth Hirabhai Asnabhai, congratulated the Directors of the Company for starting such a useful venture which was first of its type in the whole of the East, and which had aroused quite a lot of interest in the London Commercial Markets. Visualising a very rapid industrialisation of the country in view of the attainment of the Independence, he mentioned the possible increased importance and responsibilities of forward markets of raw-materials such as Cotton, Seeds, Groundnuts, etc., and also of Gold and Silver which were bound to play a very important part in the national economy.

SHARP DECLINE IN CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Oct. 30.

Prices broke sharply under the leadership of wheat reflecting continued uncertainties regarding the administration plans on domestic economic controls and aid for Europe together with the weakness of stock exchange. Wheat rallied nearly seven cents from the day's low levels on resumption of buying by commercial interests and covering by the earlier sellers but the failure of the recovery to hold prompted renewed selling. Commodity Credit Corporation wheat purchases yesterday included 455,000 bushels at Minneapolis, 400,000 at Kansas city, and 5,000 at Chicago, while the Minneapolis office also bought 110,000 bushels barley.

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE: The Final All-India Cotton Forecast 1946-47 estimates will be exhibited in the Cotton Exchange (in the office of the East India Cotton Association, Ltd., and in the Trading Hall of the Association), Marwari Bazar, and in the Cotton Green Building of the Association, Sewri, at 12-30 p.m. (S. T.), today.

Mysore Repeals Criminal Law Amendment Act

BANGALORE, October, 30. (API): The Government of Mysore have repealed the Criminal Law Amendment (Emergency) Act.

This act was promulgated by the Government on the eve of the Congress satyagraha and was intended to facilitate dealing with any situation arising from the Congress satyagraha movement.

The repeal follows political settlement in the state leading to the setting up of a popular ministry.

BASSEIN BUS SERVICE TO BE DISCONTINUED

(From Our Correspondent.)

ANDHERI, October 31.

Nearly 200 conductors, drivers and other workers of the Bassein Bus Service which is owned by Mr. Patkar will be thrown out of employment as a result of the decision of Mr. Patkar to close down the service with effect from November 3 on which date his license to run the service from the Bassein station to the town and 'vice versa' expires. It will be recalled that the workers went on a strike last month demanding wages on the Bombay scale and the strike only ended when the contractor agreed to refer the dispute to the Government Conciliation Board which is now considering the matter. In the opinion of the contractor, the increased rate of wages which will, in all probability, be recommended by this Board, would put him to heavy losses and, therefore, he has decided to discontinue the service. Hundreds of people will be put to great hardship if the contractor's threat is carried out.

PROBLEM OF MODERN WORLD IS SPIRITUAL

Avayktananda Calls For Universal Brotherhood

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30 (A.P.I.): Giving a talk on the "Universal Brotherhood" at a gathering organised by the Caravan of India, Delhi branch, this evening Swami Avayktananda, leader of the Indo-British Mission to India appealed to the rulers, industrialists and landlords all over the world to "come down to the level of the masses and create a new order of society where there will be no fictitious division and people will collectively share their happiness and sorrows."

"Universal Brotherhood", Swamiji said, "is not merely a sentimental cry but a reality."

Referring to communal troubles in different parts of India Swami Avayktananda said, "The problem of the modern world is neither a political nor an economic one, but it is a spiritual problem. We should learn to control our wild impulses and instincts and must not develop love for power."

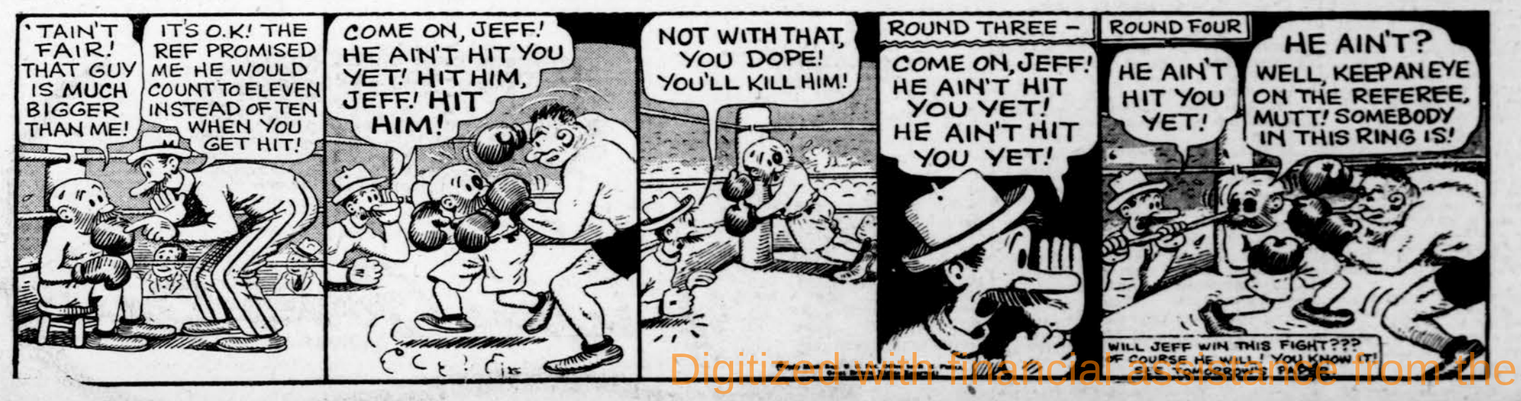
Swamiji felt sure that the moral revolution now current in the world would ultimately end in the creation of a new world order when the whole world including its sub-human creatures would be a happy family.

HOW INDIGESTION BEGINS

Sedentary intellectual life with little physical exercise and no modification of diet causes indigestion, flatulence and auto-intoxication. Decrease your carbo-hydrate food and take Vinkola, and everything will be O.K. again.

MUTT AND JEFF—Perhaps If Jeff Could Have Lifted The Post He Might Have Hit Him

By BUD FISHER


'TAIN'T FAIR! THAT GUY IS MUCH BIGGER THAN ME!
IT'S O.K! THE REF PROMISED ME HE WOULD COUNT TO ELEVEN INSTEAD OF TEN WHEN YOU GET HIT!
COME ON, JEFF! HE AIN'T HIT YOU YET! HIT HIM, JEFF! HIT HIM!
NOT WITH THAT, YOU DOPE! YOU'LL KILL HIM!
ROUND THREE —
COME ON, JEFF! HE AIN'T HIT YOU YET! HE AIN'T HIT YOU YET!
ROUND FOUR
HE AIN'T HIT YOU YET!
HE AIN'T? WELL, KEEP AN EYE ON THE REFEREE, MUTT! SOMEBODY IN THIS RING IS!
WILL JEFF WIN THIS FIGHT??? OF COURSE HE WILL! YOU KNOW IT!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

32 Yrs. Hindu invites correspondence from any sub-caste. Self-Business. Apply Box No. 7335, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately diplomat Civil or Mechanical Engineers for a Structural Engineering Firm. Apply stating qualification and experience to Box No. 7342, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a local Textile Mills, an Assistant Time Keeper conversant with all the routines, Checking of Piece works, preparing musters and making necessary returns. One with at least five years experience of Timekeeping of Textile Mill should apply with copies of Certificates to Box No. 5882, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Immediately a Shorthand Typist and a Typist, having experience in a Solicitors' firm, salary according to qualifications, apply to Messrs. Shah & Co., Solicitors, Yusuf Building, Fort, Bombay. (7341)

Wanted for a local High School trained Graduate Teachers with History and Science and Office Secretary and a Clerk with Provident Fund, dearness allowance, Interim Relief and fair salaries. Apply with particulars to the Secretaries, Shree Cutchi Visha Oswal (D) Jain High School, Lal Baug, Government Gate Road, Bombay. (7334)

Wanted a Senior Clerk, Pay Rs. 100-8-180 (the present interim relief is Rs. 10/- P.M. and Cost of Living allowance is Rs. 40/- P.M.). Only Graduates should apply. Age limit 25 (28 in case of Backward or Intermediate Classes and Muslims). Must be domiciled in the Province of Bombay. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience, present occupation, salary, domicile and caste to the Registrar of Companies, Raja Bahadur Mansion, 32, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (5379)

A trained Librarian in the grade Rs. 100-5-150 with dearness allowance. The minimum qualification required is a B.A. Degree with diploma in Library Science and some experience in Library management preferably in a College. Apply with copies of testimonials, etc. to the Principal, Indraprastha College for Women, Delhi by the 15th November, 1947. (5881A)

Indraprastha College for Women, Delhi. Wanted a Lecturer in History in the grade Rs. 150-10-250 with a dearness allowance of 17½%. The minimum qualification required is 1st Class M.A. Degree of an Indian University. The applicant will be expected to join as early as possible. Apply with copies of Certificates, etc. to the Principal by the 15th November, 1947. (5881)

Wanted experienced Capstan Operators, Turners, Milling Machine Operators and fitters. Apply—The Acme Manufacturing Co. Ltd., Antop Hill, Wadala. (5852)

Wanted Young M.B.B.S. Doctor, wishing good start in business as partner in good practice. Apply giving investment offer to Box No 7300, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted by a Public Limited Company, one Senior and one Junior Accountant able to work independently. Apply stating qualifications, experience, etc. to Box No. 7311 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Shorthand-Typist and Typist (male or female) in Attorneys Office. Apply Box No. 7294, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Clerk Matriculate, able to read, write and do correspondence in Gujarati well. Applicants should apply in his own handwriting with the copies of testimonials and minimum salary expected to Box No. 5844, "Bombay Chronicle."

Ladies-Gents desiring acting-position—share in profit, investing Rs. 2,500 at least, in film line. Apply. Our agents will see you. Box No. 7296, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Fully qualified Electrician for maintenance work in a large industrial concern in Bombay. Must be experienced in industrial electrical plant. Applications giving details of experience should be sent immediately to Box No. 5839, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Students To Learn Typewriting at Rs. 3/-, Shorthand 3/8/- in Paramount Shorthand Typewriting Class, Tejpal Building, Second Floor, Tribhuvan Road, near Swastik Cinema. Typewriters also for Sale. (7325)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Deolali Grand Hotel. Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (7305)

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Vispee Company (House Agents) procure residential and business accommodations any size for any community anywhere, strictly on commission. Some accommodations expected shortly. Call personally for Registration Priority. Balaram House, Charni Road Tram Junction. Race days, holidays closed. (7336)

PROPERTY EXCHANGE

Rental Offices & Big Godowns in Karachi for exchange with Bombay desires contract with SK, Care National Bank of India, Ltd., Delhi. (7339)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Bombay Municipality (by order of the Municipal Commissioner) invites tenders for the supply of the following materials, during the year 1948-49.

(1) Enamelware and Chinaware for Hospitals; (2) Aluminiumware for Hospitals; (3) Miscellaneous Hospital Requirements; (4) Paint, Moist; (5) Paint, Powder; (6) Paulin Canvas; (7) Picks & Powras; (8) Lead Pipes; (9) Drills and Hand taps; (10) Foot Rules, Tape Metallic, etc.; (11) Tools, spanners, wrenches, etc.; (12) Tools, Saws, of sorts; (13) Tools, Augers, Billhooks, etc.; (14) Waste Cotton; (15) Yarn spun; (16) Timber (country teak) First Class; (17) Timber (Miscellaneous); (18) Timber (Tongued & Grooved); (19) Timber, Rafters, Teakwood, round; (20) Babcolwood logs; (21) Disinfectants; (22) Ferrules, cocks, taps, etc.; (23) Galvanized fittings; (24) Spindles and Glands G. M. for Hydrants.

Tender forms giving full particulars and conditions, together with any other relevant information can be had from his Office at 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11 on week days between 10 A. M. (B.T.) and 4 P. M. (B. T.) and on Saturdays between 10 A. M. (B.T.) and 1 P.M. (B.T.) on payment of prescribed charges. Tender forms will not be sent by V.P.P.

Tenders shall be delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Fort, Bombay ON WEDNESDAY, THE 3RD DECEMBER, 1947, NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.). (5876)

NOTICE.

STOCK RETURNS OF CLOTH FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31ST OCTOBER, 1947.

THE ABOVE MENTIONED return is due from all the holders of Cloth Licences, by November 10, 1947 It is to be submitted in the prescribed form to the Provincial Textile Controller, 6-A, Cooperage, Fort, Bombay, so far as licences in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District are concerned and to the District Magistrates concerned elsewhere.

The statement should be duly signed by the owner(s) or the person(s) authorised to sign on his/their behalf.

Class of licence and the licence No. should be given on the stock return.

Even if, there is no stock to report on October 31, 1947, the statement in the prescribed form with remark 'nil' must be submitted.

Failure to submit returns renders a dealer liable to action.

P. J. CHINMULGUND,
Provincial Textile Controller,
Bombay.
Bombay, 31st October, 1947. 5848

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

MEDICAL ADLET

A most powerful highly effective and world renowned remedy for Asthma. "Chitrakot Asthma Relieving Buty", cures Asthma radically by one single dose. Taken on 28-11-47 full moon. Correspondence in English with clean address. Mahtama Naga Baba Ayurved Ashram, P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. (7327)

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale one Woolsley 14 H.P. 1937 Model Saloon Car, in perfect running order, new tyres and batteries. 23 miles per gallon. Price Rs. 8,000/-. Reply Box No. 5880A, "Bombay Chronicle."

India Motors, Cars and Trucks For Sale—1945 Model Chevrolet and Ford Station Wagons in topping condition, 1945 Model 5 Ton Chevrolet Trucks (both Civilian and Military types), Ford Delivery Vans, Fordson All Steel Body Station Wagon, all Registered and Insured. Contact India Motors & Engineering Co., 20-22-24, Wadibunder Road, Bombay 10, Phone: 46308. 7295

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale a beautiful Plot of land. 130 x 268 feet in Salisbury-Gidney Park Area, best cosmopolitan residential locality in Poona. Reply Box No. 5880, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale At Bandra, Commodious modern Bungalow, healthy locality, all facilities, vacant possession. No brokers. Apply Box No. 7324, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Rustons and National Cold Start Horizontal Oil Engines, Ice Plants, Electric Lighting sets and Motors available immediate delivery Indo-American Engineering Co., Raipur 5. C.P. (7250)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Our Proprietor in New Delhi, will obtain for you import, export licences, or any responsible jobs. Box No. 7331, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Available qualified Nurses. Bombay Nurses Bureau, Dhun Building, Lamington Road. Tel. 42840. (7332)

Coloured Views of Dakshineswar Kali temple where Ramkrishna Paramhangsa obtained Attainment of Success A complete set of 16 Re. 1 only V. P. charges extra Apply Secretary Ravi Rani Rashmonic Smrity Samiti, 19, S. N. Banerji Road, Calcutta. 5461

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS in English are invited for the work of "Rebuilding South Abutment of the Meshwa Bridge No. 699 at mile 296¼ between Mehmedabad and Kanij Stations on the Baroda-Ahmedabad Section of this Railway." The whole work is estimated to cost approximately Rs. 1,49,780/-.

2. Tenders should reach the Office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, General Offices, Churchgate, Bombay, not later than 12-00 hours (I.S.T.) on 17th day of November, (Monday) 1947.

3. Tender documents together with schedule of approximate quantities can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Churchgate, Bombay, during Office hours on payment of Rs. 5/- only, which will not be refunded. Plans may be seen in the Office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway during Office hours on any working day and copies will be supplied if required at Rs. 10/- per set.

4. Only tenders on the specified form will be accepted and tenders must be accompanied by complete contract documents.

5. Tenders will be opened on 12-00 hours on 18th November, 1947 in the Office of the Chief Engineer.

J. S. BEARCROFT,
Chief Engineer. (5874)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for appointment as Probation Officers in this Department in the grade of Rs. 75-5-135-E.B.-15/2-180. The appointments will be on temporary basis in the first instance.

2. During the period of training and probation (one year and four months) Graduates will get Rs. 60/- per mensem and Graduates with Social Service Diploma Rs. 70/- per mensem. They will also be entitled to allowances and emoluments as sanctioned by Government from time to time.

3. Applicants should be at least Graduates of a recognised University and should not be less than 23 or more than 30 years of age on the date of appointment. The upper age limit may be relaxed up to 35 years in cases of those who have considerable experience of Children Act work.

4. The services of persons appointed in these posts are liable, after the period of training, to be lent to local Associations doing work under the Children Act, the Borstal Schools Act and the Probation of Offenders Act.

5. Applications, clearly giving the applicant's full name, address, age with date of birth, caste with sub-caste, native place, qualifications, previous experience, etc., should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th November, 1947.

6. Applicants called for interview will have to travel at their own expense. Original certificates regarding age, qualifications, domicile and testimonials, if any, should be produced at the time of interview and only copies should be sent with the applications.

A. K. KHAN,
Chief Inspector of Certified Schools, Bombay Province.
Poona.
No. 1-A Staveley Road.
Camp, Poona 1. (5873)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
NOTICE

PURSUANT to Sub-Section 13A of Section 19 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended up-to-date, notice is hereby given that the Supplementary List, containing the names of the claimants, who appear to me to be entitled to be enrolled as voters has been published in every Municipal Office as required by the said Section. Copies of the Lists for All Wards may be obtained on payment of a fee of Annas Eight per copy of a Ward from the Election and Town Duty Officer, City Improvement Trust Building (Top Floor), Napier Road, Fort, on working days between 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. (B.T.) and on Saturdays between 10 and 1 P.M. (B.T.).

Any person whose name is in the Voters' List or in the Supplementary List may object within 3 days from the date of this notice to the name of any claimant being inserted in the List upon the ground that such claimant is not entitled to be enrolled as a voter. Such an objection shall be made in the manner provided in Sub-Section (9) of Section 19 of the said Act.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 22nd October, 1947. (5868)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the construction of the Nangal Barrage are invited. They must reach the office of the Superintending Engineer, Nangal Circle, Ellerslie, Simla East by noon on 17th November, 1947.

The estimated cost of the work is about Rs. 30 lacs. Tenders must be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 10,000.

The prescribed tender form and other connected documents must be obtained from the Executive Engineer, Nangal Headworks Division, Nangal Township, P. O. Bikku Nangal, District Hoshiarpur, (E. Punjab) on a payment of Rs. 3.

Drawings and specifications can be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, during working hours.

Contractors desiring to see the site and meet the Executive Engineer, may come to Nangal on any day from 27-10-1947 to 11-11-1947. Conveyance will be provided from Rupar, East Punjab Railway. 5821

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY

WITH EFFECT from 3rd November, 1947, a European-Style Light Refreshment Room will be opened at Sholapur Station. (5884)

NOTICE

FOUR COUNTRY CRAFTS built in 1944 and having following specifications are intended to be sold by Bhavnagar State Railway:

Country Craft	Maximum Loading Capacity
1. Ruwapari	About 137 Tons
2. Bhawani	About 135 Tons
3. Sihori	About 135 Tons
4. Khodiar	About 100 Tons

All these crafts are well built, fitted with necessary equipments and foremasts of Pannai wood, and are meant for carriage of cargo. Moreover, Craft Ruvapari has got decking arrangements for carrying passengers. First three crafts are at present lying at Bhavnagar and the fourth craft Khodiar is at Revdanda.

Those interested in the purchase should communicate with the undersigned.

N. R. GREEN,
Manager & Engineer-in-Chief,
Bhavnagar State Railway,
Bhavnagar Para. (5879)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchases of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. I Mill and will be accepted up to 4 P.M. (S.T.) on THURSDAY, the 6th November, 1947, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (5875)

NOTICE

CITIZEN CREDIT SYNDICATE LTD., have shifted their Registered Office from Versowa to MEGHJI BHUVAN (2nd Floor) BARRACK ROAD (Behind Metro) Bombay 1, with effect from 1st November, 1947.

CITIZEN CREDIT SYNDICATE, LTD. (7337)

NOTICE
THE RAGHUVANSHI MILLS, LIMITED,
11-12, Haines Road,
Bombay-11.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office TODAY, November 1, 1947, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the business already notified. (5869)

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT.

Secretariat, Bombay.

WANTED two LADY DIETITIANS for the Nutrition Department, to study and improve the dietary of hostels and messes in Government and Government aided instiutions in Bombay Province with Headquarters in Bombay.

PAY:—Rs. 200 (fixed) plus interim pay and usual dearness allowance.

QUALIFICATION:— Graduate in art or science with Bombay domicile.

EXPERIENCE:—Experience in Social work and dietaries. Ability to speak in regional languages is essential.

Persons already in Government service can apply through the Heads of their offices.

Applications stating name, age, caste, birth-place, qualifications, etc., should be sent so as to reach the undersigned not later than 11th November, 1947.

S. M. MOGRE,
Establishment Officer. (5871)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 651 of 1944.

BRIJLAL RAMJIDAS & Anr. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
NOWROJI RUSTOMJI WADIA & Ors. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT, to the Decree Absolute for Sale, dated the 9th day of November, 1945 and Consent Judge's Order, dated 5th day of July, 1946 and Judge's Order, dated 7th October, 1946, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 20th November, 1947, at 4 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of land, containing an area of 355 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts being Plot No. 2 of the Sydenham Road Estate of the Board in Bombay, bearing New Survey Nos. 3035 and 3047 and Cadastral Survey No. 2/1288, Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 2225 and Street Nos. 171-179.

(N.B.—One of the shops on the ground floor of the building standing on the above land is occupied by the Cap Merchants Messrs. Noormahomed Manji Topiwalla).

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Madhavprasad and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Top Floor, Usuf Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of Oct. 1947.

A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner. 5866

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 50 Share Certificates of the above Company Nos. 14751-800 standing in the names of Nascimento Dias and Mrs. Aninha Fernandez have been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Registered Office of the Company, Scindia House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within 8 days from hereof, otherwise duplicates will be issued to the above named.

(Sd.) NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
1-11-47. 5872

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11, invites tenders returnable on 18th November, 1947 for re-conditioning of Non-ferrous Scrap. Tender copies can be had on application. 5877

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to our clients that we have decided to destroy the Old Record of Papers and Documents in matters attended to by us on their behalf from 1927 to 1937 and which have been disposed of. Our clients are therefore requested to take away their papers and documents in the said matters if they so desire, on or before 30th November 1947, after which date the same will be destroyed.

MALVI RANCHODDAS & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Dated 31st October, 1947. (5883)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. AMRITLAL POPATBHAI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Kishenchand Dolatram Bhatia.

All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title, or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby requested to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned, at their Office 109, Esplanade Mansions, Fort, Bombay, within 14 dayas from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or claims and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel or vacant leasehold land or ground being plot No. 286 (East) Sion Matunga Estate of Scheme No. 6 of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay, situate, lying and being at Sion Road, without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under F Ward No. 5412, Street No. 2653 and containing by admeasurement 969 Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say:—on or towards the East by 20 feet Road, on or towards the West by King's Way Road, on or towards the North by 50 feet Road and on or towards the South by Plot No. 287 (East) of the said Scheme.

Dated this 1st day of November 1947.

SURAJMAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (5863)

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 668 of 1946.

Bai KHATIZABAI, widow ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
M. Y. TRIPATHI ..... Defendant.
To,
MANUDATTA YAGNADATTA TRIPATHI,
The Defendant.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that you should attend before me at my Office on MONDAY, the 17th November, 1947, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when Taxation of the Bill of Costs of the Plaintiff between party and party and between Attorney and client, lodged in my Office by her Attorneys in pursuance of the Judge's Order, dated 18th July, 1947, will be proceeded with.

Dated this 9th day of Oct. 1947.

N. A. VESUWALA,
Taxing Master.
High Court, Bombay. 5867

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1214 of 1946.

CHAMPABAI HATHISING & Anr. ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
GANPATRAI HARAKHLAL CHHAYA & Ors. ... Defendants.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that all those pieces of land, situate at Mauje Majivade village, Taluka North Salsette, District Thana, will be sold by the Commissioner, High Court, Bombay, in his Office at 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Monday the 3rd November, 1947, as advertised in the "Bombay Chronicle" on 18th October, the "Lokamanya" on 18th October and the "Janma Bhoomi" on 25th October, 1947.

Dated this 27th day of Oct. 1947.

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner. 5865

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase the undermeptioned properties for Bai KHURSHID KHANOOM, widow of Quasimali Jairajbhoy.

All persons having or making any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

FIRSTLY:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and beine at Gowalia Tank Road in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2300 square yards or thereabouts and registered along with other land in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7339 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1556 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor & Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward Nos. 2911 (1), (2), (3) and (4) and Street Nos. 71-73-75-77-Gowalia Tank Road and Street No. 9, Tejpal Road and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East and North by Gowalia Tank Road, on or towards the West by the property of the late Mr. Cassimali Jairajbhoy and on or towards the South by Tejpal Road.

SECONDLY:—ALL THAT piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, situate at Gowalia Tank Road in the Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 94 square yards or thereabouts being part of a larger piece of land which is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7339 and Cadastral Survey No. 556 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "D" Ward Nos. 2911 (1) and 2911 (5), Street Nos. 79, 81 to 81C and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Khurshid Khanum Cassimali Jairajbhoy being the property firstly described above, on or towards the South by the public road known as Tejpal Road, on or towards the West by the property of Rambhai Hamsajibhoy Patel and on or towards the North by Gowalia Tank Road.

NOTE:—The properties firstly and secondly described above now form one composite property, admeasuring 2394 square yards or thereabouts.

Dated the 31st day of October, 1947.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (5862)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai LAXMIBAI, widow of PURSHOTAM DANA POONCHHADIA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any kind of claim against or to the said property are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Yusuf Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale would be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All those pieces or parcel of land or ground of Khoti tenure with the messuages, tenements, trees, wells, etc., lying being and situate at Mouje Deonar in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, in the Bombay Suburban District, bearing Nos. and admeasuring as under:

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Pot No.	Falni No.	Area A. Gun.
15	1	2	-	1 4½
15	1	3	-	6½
15	1	5	-	13¾
15	1	-	4/2	6
15	1	-	5	2½
15	1	-	7	2¼
15	1	-	8	2¼
16	2	2/1	-	1 3¾
16	2	-	2/1	5½
17	2	2	-	3
17	3	4	-	6
17	3	5	-	15¾
17	3	6	-	2¼
17	3	10	-	1½
17	3	-	6	4½
17	3	-	7	3½
17	6	-	4	4
27A	3	-	1	4
27C	6	-	5/2	3
			Total	4-14½

Dated this 30th day of October, 1947.

SHAH & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (5861)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. KRISHNADEVI PARMANAND, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Medows House, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land of the free-hold tenure containing by admeasurement 1112 square yards or thereabouts bearing Plot No. 109 S. S. No. 111 Chembur, Suburban District of Bombay and bounded on or towards the East by public park, on or towards the West by Plot No. 110, on or towards the North by Plot No. 113 and on or towards the South by sixteenth Public Road.

Dated this 29th day of Oct. 1947.

NANDLAL PATWARI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 586

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF NEW PUMP.

Sale of six new Pegson Marlow-Briggs Stratton pumps and two Carter-Wisconsin pumps complete on SATURDAY, 1st November 1947, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at our Rooms, 122, Apollo St., Fort.

NOTICE—Purchasers and Vendors of goods are requested to remove their goods before 15-11-47 as we have to vacate the premises

CRAWFORD & CO.
1-11-47.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of P. Williams, Esqr., and others at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture large Godrej 63 ins. and other safe, mirror, door steel almirah, Singer machine, Typewriter, dining, writing and dressing table, Chairs Show case Chesterfield almirah bed cottage piano by Rose, large ice box, Hall Carpet, etc. (S. Tax T 40213 Eastern Auction Co.

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